

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 41.367, 37.272)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 41.367, 37.272) contains.

CIELCh(56, 41.367, 36.893)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 41.367, 36.893)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C66E5D
RGB	198, 110, 93
RGB Percent	78%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.2239, 0.5690, 0.6356
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.53, 0.22
HSL	10°, 48%, 57%
HSV	10°, 53%, 78%
XYZ	30.7990, 23.9124, 13.3283
YIQ	134.3740, 57.9050, 13.3690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

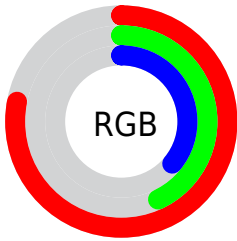
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 113, 93
Decimal	13004381
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 33.08, 24.83
CIE _{LCh}	56, 41.367, 36.893
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4527, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291194461 (0xFFC66E5D)
YUV	134.3740, -20.3974, 55.8000
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 26.8496, 18.0701

Details

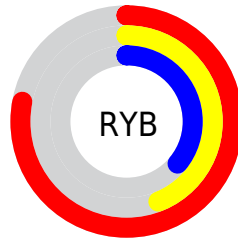
The CIELCh color **56, 41.367, 36.893** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **69, 27.384, 217.654**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 40.272, 37.675**, and **36, 41.229, 36.662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 50.936, 37.954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 32.282, 36.124**.

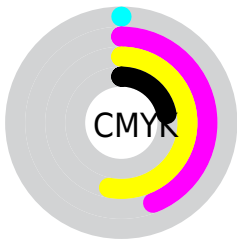
Distribution



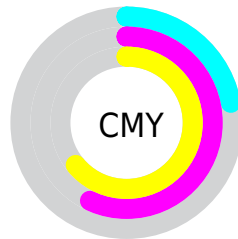
- Red (78%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 41.367, 36.893

■ 56, 41.367, 36.893

■ 100, 41.367,
36.893

■ 46, 41.367, 36.893

■ 76, 41.367, 36.893

■ 36, 41.367, 36.893

■ 86, 41.367, 36.893

■ 26, 41.367, 36.893

■ 96, 41.367, 36.893

■ 16, 41.367, 36.893

■ 6, 41.367, 36.893

■ 0, 41.367, 36.893

■ 56, 41.367, 36.893

■ 56, 41.367, 36.893

■ 52, 50.936, 37.954

■ 60, 32.282, 36.124

■ 49, 60.769, 39.281

■ 64, 23.788, 35.603

46, 70.381, 40.722

69, 15.912, 35.283

44, 78.703, 41.799

74, 8.641, 35.108

43, 83.333, 42.346

78, 1.937, 34.867

83, 4.250, 215.350

88, 9.973, 215.417

93, 15.285,
215.588

96, 18.741,
198.267

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 41.367, 36.893



69, 27.384, 217.654

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 41.367, 36.893



56, 41.367, 86.893



56, 41.367, 216.893



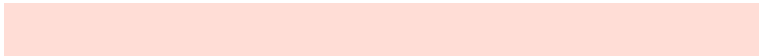
56, 41.367, 266.893

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 41.365, 36.897



91, 13.190, 35.152



55, 60.327, 332.123



47, 8.983, 35.186



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 41.365, 36.897



66, 63.914, 38.189



68, 40.660, 82.688



39, 3.714, 35.061



35, 71.863, 42.588



4, 14.440, 28.693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 27.384, 217.654



85, 37.681, 219.192



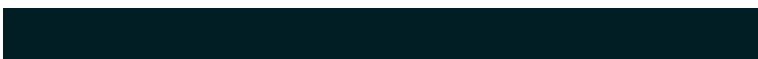
54, 40.041, 279.779



41, 3.499, 215.349



52, 31.180, 226.921



9, 11.328, 219.585

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

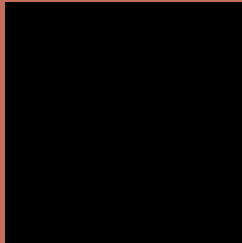
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 41.367, 36.893

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893.

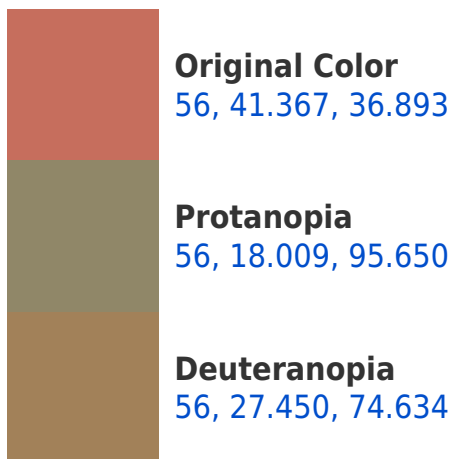


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 41.367, 36.893.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 39.124, 17.942

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 41.367, 36.893

Protanomaly
56, 22.706, 60.765

Deuteranomaly
56, 30.772, 56.811

Tritanomaly
56, 39.577, 25.052

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 41.367, 36.893

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 13.920, 34.902

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 41.367, 36.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 110, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 110, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 110, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 110, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 41.367, 36.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 110, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 110, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 110, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 110, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 110, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 110,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 41.367, 36.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 110, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
110, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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