

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 43.287, 151.574)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 43.287, 151.574)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 43.121, 151.654)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	429661
RGB	66, 150, 97
RGB Percent	26%, 59%, 38%
CMY	0.7403, 0.4109, 0.6188
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.35, 0.41
HSL	142°, 39%, 42%
HSV	142°, 56%, 59%
XYZ	15.3682, 23.9124, 15.1620
YIQ	118.8420, -33.0510, -34.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

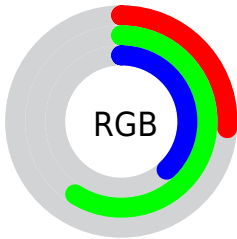
Format	Color
RYB	66, 127, 150
Decimal	4363873
CIELab	56.00, -37.95, 20.47
CIElCh	56, 43.121, 151.654
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2823, 0.4392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282553953 (0xFF429661)
YUV	118.8420, -10.7681, -46.3424
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -29.4774, 15.8468

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 43.121, 151.654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **41, 43.846, 342.098**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 43.122, 151.515**, and **36, 42.394, 151.191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 49.757, 150.157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 35.959, 152.969**.

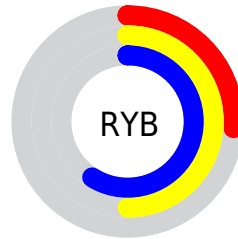
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (59%)

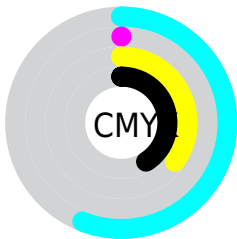
Blue (38%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (59%)

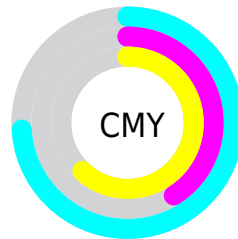


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (74%)


Magenta (41%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 43.121,
151.654

 56, 43.121,
151.654


 100, 43.121,
151.654

 46, 43.121,
151.654


 76, 43.121,
151.654

 36, 43.121,
151.654

 86, 43.121,
151.654

 26, 43.121,
151.654

 96, 43.121,
151.654

 16, 43.121,
151.654

 6, 43.121, 151.654

 0, 43.121, 151.654

■ 56, 43.121,
151.654

■ 56, 43.121,
151.654

■ 55, 49.757,
150.157

■ 57, 35.959,
152.969

■ 55, 55.746,
148.470

■ 58, 28.405,
154.122

■ 55, 61.004,
146.600

■ 59, 20.595,
155.133

■ 54, 65.515,
144.599

■ 60, 12.653,
156.027

■ 54, 67.232,
143.834

■ 61, 4.685, 156.848

■ 63, 3.225, 337.390

■ 64, 11.012,
338.076

■ 66, 18.630,
338.649

■ 68, 26.050,
339.163

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 43.121, 151.654



41, 43.846, 342.098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 43.121, 151.654



56, 43.121, 201.654



56, 43.121, 331.654



56, 43.121, 21.654

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 43.122, 151.654



76, 16.816, 155.905



58, 47.174, 121.546



40, 11.339, 155.748



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 43.122, 151.654



71, 62.526, 149.761



57, 28.261, 183.632



31, 4.425, 156.580



50, 62.847, 144.016



2, 3.864, 157.211

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 43.846, 342.098



49, 62.615, 343.694



40, 37.883, 16.368



29, 4.456, 337.822



30, 56.357, 349.550



1, 3.865, 337.203

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 43.121, 151.654

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.121, 151.654.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 43.121, 151.654

Protanopia

56, 24.836, 95.877

Deuteranopia

56, 19.716, 68.305



Tritanopia
56, 20.640, 217.335

Trichromacy



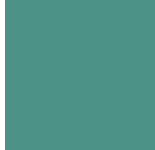
Original Color
56, 43.121, 151.654



Protanomaly
55, 27.726, 127.574



Deuteranomaly
55, 21.048, 121.639



Tritanomaly
56, 25.143, 181.065

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 43.121, 151.654



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
52, 16.330, 155.334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 43.121, 151.654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 150, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 150, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 150, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 150, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.121, 151.654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 150, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 150, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 150, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 150, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 150, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 150,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.121, 151.654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 150, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 150,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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