

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 43.288, 129.236)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 43.288, 129.236)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 43.288, 129.236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69924A
RGB	105, 146, 74
RGB Percent	41%, 57%, 29%
CMY	0.5897, 0.4289, 0.7112
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.49, 0.43
HSL	94°, 33%, 43%
HSV	94°, 49%, 57%
XYZ	17.2276, 23.9124, 10.1249
YIQ	125.5330, -1.3240, -31.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

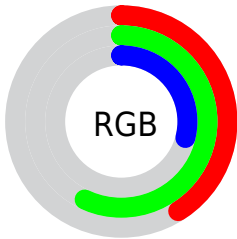
Format	Color
R_{YB}	74, 146, 115
Decimal	6918730
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, -27.38, 33.53
CIE _{LCh}	56, 43.288, 129.236
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3361, 0.4664
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285108810 (0xFF69924A)
YUV	125.5330, -25.4058, -18.0074
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -22.6901, 21.9542

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 43.288, 129.236$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $39, 45.875, 313.672$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 43.302, 129.135$, and $36, 43.256, 128.961$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 51.279, 128.862$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 34.837, 129.688$.

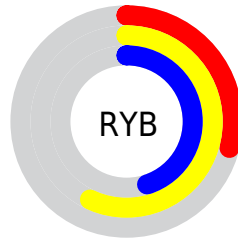
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (57%)

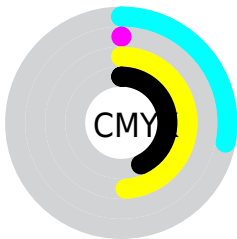
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (45%)

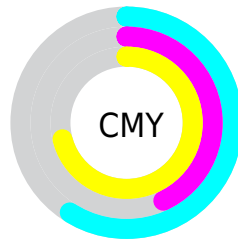


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (71%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 43.288,
129.236


 56, 43.288,
129.236


 100, 43.288,
129.236


 46, 43.288,
129.236

 76, 43.288,
129.236

 36, 43.288,
129.236

 86, 43.288,
129.236

 26, 43.288,
129.236

 96, 43.288,
129.236

 16, 43.288,
129.236

 6, 43.288, 129.236

 0, 43.288, 129.236

■ 56, 43.288,
129.236

■ 56, 43.288,
129.236

■ 55, 51.279,
128.862

■ 57, 34.837,
129.688

■ 55, 58.544,
128.641

■ 58, 26.115,
130.165

■ 54, 64.744,
128.682

■ 58, 17.256,
130.636

■ 54, 69.524,
129.105

■ 59, 8.356, 131.087

■ 53, 73.006,
129.827

■ 60, 0.518, 311.271

■ 53, 73.202,
129.861

■ 62, 9.317, 311.848

■ 63, 18.007,
312.190

■ 64, 26.563,
312.492

■ 65, 34.969,
312.760

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 43.288, 129.236



39, 45.875, 313.672

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 43.288, 129.236



56, 43.288, 179.236



56, 43.288, 309.236



56, 43.288, 359.236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 43.289, 129.237



75, 16.456, 130.824



50, 28.025, 75.889



39, 11.194, 130.739



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 43.289, 129.237



70, 62.803, 128.838



54, 47.055, 142.304



31, 5.073, 131.097



51, 70.220, 129.781



2, 4.437, 131.463

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 45.875, 313.672



45, 67.424, 314.093



43, 46.807, 328.971



29, 5.130, 311.829



22, 77.579, 313.863



1, 4.438, 311.460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 43.288, 129.236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.288, 129.236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

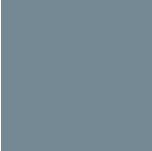
56, 43.288, 129.236

Protanopia

56, 36.224, 95.612

Deuteranopia

56, 32.909, 77.452



Tritanopia
56, 9.757, 239.260

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 43.288, 129.236

Protanomaly
56, 37.100, 109.863

Deuteranomaly
55, 32.657, 99.827

Tritanomaly
56, 15.564, 153.699

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 43.288, 129.236

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 16.685, 130.123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 43.288, 129.236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 146, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 146, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 146, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 146, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.288, 129.236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 146, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 146, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 146, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 146, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 146, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 146,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.288, 129.236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 146, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
146, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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