

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 43.542, 146.062)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 43.542, 146.062)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 43.542, 146.062)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C955A
RGB	76, 149, 90
RGB Percent	30%, 58%, 35%
CMY	0.7005, 0.4142, 0.6457
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.40, 0.41
HSL	131°, 32%, 44%
HSV	131°, 49%, 59%
XYZ	15.6794, 23.9124, 13.5405
YIQ	120.4470, -24.5690, -33.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

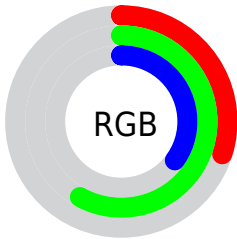
Format	Color
RYB	76, 137, 149
Decimal	5018970
CIELab	56.00, -36.12, 24.31
CIElCh	56, 43.542, 146.062
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2951, 0.4501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283209050 (0xFF4C955A)
YUV	120.4470, -15.0104, -38.9800
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -28.3415, 17.8128

Details

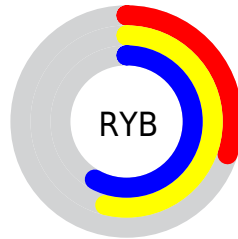
The CIELCh color $56, 43.542, 146.062$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339966 . A complement of this color would be $43, 43.489, 333.352$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 43.678, 146.286$, and $36, 43.350, 146.122$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 51.596, 144.802$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 34.982, 147.170$.

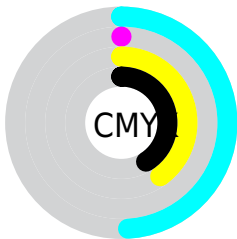
Distribution



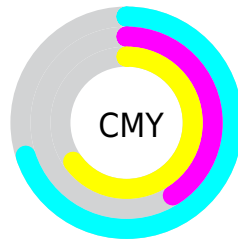
- Red (30%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 43.542,
146.062


 56, 43.542,
146.062


 100, 43.542,
146.062

 46, 43.542,
146.062


 76, 43.542,
146.062

 36, 43.542,
146.062

 86, 43.542,
146.062

 26, 43.542,
146.062

 96, 43.542,
146.062

 16, 43.542,
146.062

 6, 43.542, 146.062

 0, 43.542, 146.062

■ 56, 43.542,
146.062

■ 56, 43.542,
146.062

■ 55, 51.596,
144.802

■ 57, 34.982,
147.170

■ 55, 58.945,
143.393

■ 58, 26.098,
148.134

■ 54, 65.395,
141.865

■ 59, 17.052,
148.970

■ 54, 70.769,
140.277

■ 61, 7.978, 149.704

■ 54, 75.001,
138.800

■ 62, 1.018, 330.052

■ 54, 75.424,
138.663

■ 64, 9.859, 330.809

■ 65, 18.492,
331.292

■ 67, 26.883,
331.710

■ 69, 35.013,
332.078

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 43.542, 146.062



43, 43.489, 333.352

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 43.542, 146.062



56, 43.542, 196.062



56, 43.542, 326.062



56, 43.542, 16.062

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 43.543, 146.062



76, 16.741, 149.241



59, 40.160, 114.066



39, 11.396, 149.098



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 43.543, 146.062



70, 63.764, 144.624



57, 29.107, 169.695



31, 5.041, 149.681



50, 70.865, 138.789



2, 4.394, 150.232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 43.489, 333.352



52, 63.046, 334.146



42, 33.262, 0.990



29, 5.057, 330.751



31, 63.203, 337.367



1, 4.395, 330.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

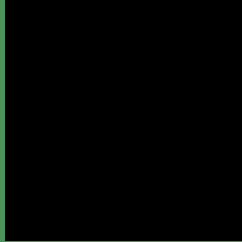
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 43.542, 146.062

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.542, 146.062.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 43.542, 146.062

Protanopia
56, 28.179, 95.778

Deuteranopia
56, 23.569, 72.084



Tritanopia
56, 18.004, 218.578

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 43.542, 146.062

Protanomaly
55, 30.812, 122.014

Deuteranomaly
55, 24.454, 114.322

Tritanomaly
56, 23.024, 175.220

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 43.542, 146.062

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 16.100, 148.943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 43.542, 146.062 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 149, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 149, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 149, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 149, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.542, 146.062 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 149, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 149, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 149, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 149, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 149, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 149,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.542, 146.062 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 149, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 149,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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