

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 43.542, 326.062)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 43.542, 326.062)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 43.229, 325.942)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B070B1
RGB	176, 112, 177
RGB Percent	69%, 44%, 69%
CMY	0.3107, 0.5616, 0.3067
CMYK	0.01, 0.37, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	299°, 29%, 57%
HSV	299°, 37%, 69%
XYZ	31.5395, 23.9124, 44.4336
YIQ	138.5460, 17.2790, 33.7830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

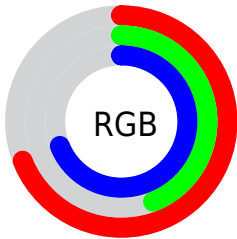
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 112, 177
Decimal	11563185
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 35.81, -24.21
CIE _{LCh}	56, 43.229, 325.942
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3158, 0.2394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289753265 (0xFFB070B1)
YUV	138.5460, 18.9578, 32.8472
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 29.5524, -19.6440

Details

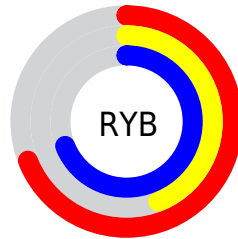
The CIELCh color $56, 43.229, 325.942$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $67, 43.234, 141.421$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 43.323, 326.029$, and $36, 43.144, 325.979$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 54.264, 326.409$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 31.632, 325.437$.

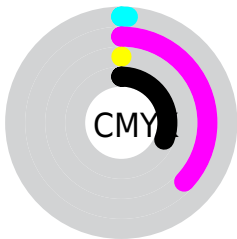
Distribution



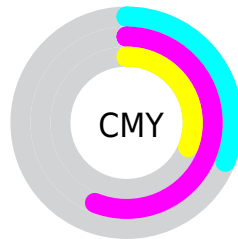
- Red (69%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 43.229,
325.942

 56, 43.229,
325.942


 100, 43.229,
325.942


 46, 43.229,
325.942


 76, 43.229,
325.942

 36, 43.229,
325.942

 86, 43.229,
325.942

 26, 43.229,
325.942

 96, 43.229,
325.942

 16, 43.229,
325.942

 6, 43.229, 325.942

 0, 43.229, 325.942

56, 43.229,
325.942

56, 43.229,
325.942

52, 54.264,
326.409

60, 31.632,
325.437

49, 64.347,
326.820

64, 19.794,
324.909

46, 73.026,
327.158

69, 7.944, 324.361

44, 79.874,
327.407

74, 3.762, 143.925

43, 84.591,
327.559

78, 15.224,
143.365

42, 87.195,
327.615

83, 26.382,
142.864

41, 87.853,
327.625

88, 37.208,
142.389

93, 47.691,
141.942

■ 94, 48.678,
141.824

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 43.229, 325.942



67, 43.234, 141.421

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 43.229, 325.942



56, 43.229, 15.942



56, 43.229, 145.942



56, 43.229, 195.942

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 43.227, 325.942



85, 16.024, 324.608



50, 37.402, 294.283



44, 10.763, 324.679



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 43.227, 325.942



68, 63.346, 326.319



55, 31.493, 346.214



35, 6.718, 324.505



36, 78.978, 327.632



3, 16.138, 323.808

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 27.836, 21.599



65, 42.248, 22.898



67, 30.259, 159.291



35, 3.910, 18.663



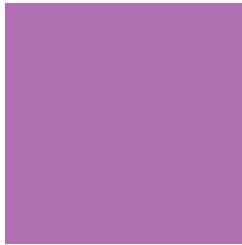
31, 70.353, 38.910



2, 9.159, 18.413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

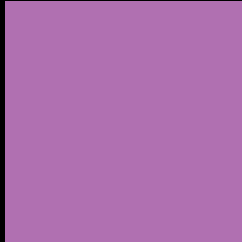
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

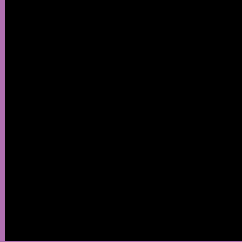
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 43.229, 325.942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942.

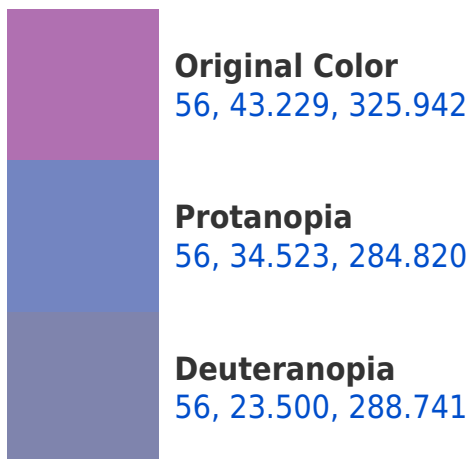


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 43.229, 325.942.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 20.747, 6.055

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 43.229, 325.942

Protanomaly
56, 35.908, 300.570

Deuteranomaly
56, 29.106, 307.331

Tritanomaly
56, 26.945, 343.480

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 43.229, 325.942

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 16.557, 325.273

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 43.229, 325.942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 112, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 112, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 112, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 112, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.229, 325.942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 112, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 112, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 112, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 112, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 112, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 112,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 43.229, 325.942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 112, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
112, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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