

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 5.220, 19.791)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 5.220, 19.791) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 5.223, 19.877)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	908383
RGB	144, 131, 131
RGB Percent	56%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.4341, 0.4851, 0.4851
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.43
HSL	0°, 6%, 54%
HSV	0°, 9%, 57%
XYZ	23.8244, 23.9124, 24.9351
YIQ	134.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

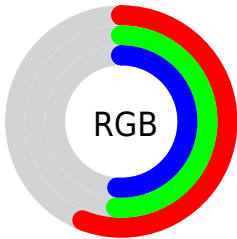
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 131, 131
Decimal	9470851
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 4.91, 1.78
CIE _{LCh}	56, 5.223, 19.877
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3278, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287660931 (0xFF908383)
YUV	134.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 1.3901, 3.9973

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 5.223, 19.877$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 4.942, 199.033$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 5.267, 19.738$, and $36, 5.266, 20.122$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 11.445, 20.705$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 0.549, 200.166$.

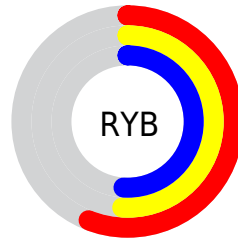
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (51%)

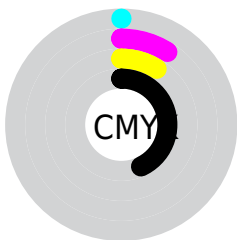
Blue (51%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (51%)

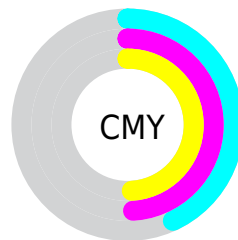


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 5.223, 19.877  56, 5.223, 19.877

 100, 5.223, 19.877  46, 5.223, 19.877

 76, 5.223, 19.877  36, 5.223, 19.877


 86, 5.223, 19.877  26, 5.223, 19.877

 96, 5.223, 19.877  16, 5.223, 19.877

 6, 5.223, 19.877

 0, 5.223, 19.877

 56, 5.223, 19.877  56, 5.223, 19.877

 52, 11.445, 20.705  60, 0.549, 200.166

 48, 18.129, 21.709  65, 5.896, 198.975

44, 25.249, 22.999

69, 10.858,
198.563

40, 32.724, 24.672

74, 15.475,
198.245

37, 40.412, 26.830

34, 48.099, 29.553

78, 19.789,
197.991

32, 55.490, 32.813

82, 23.835,
197.782

30, 62.095, 36.283

29, 67.177, 38.998

87, 27.648,
197.610

91, 31.256,
197.467

94, 33.251,
197.374

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 5.223, 19.877



59, 4.942, 199.033

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 5.223, 19.877



56, 5.223, 69.877



56, 5.223, 199.877



56, 5.223, 249.877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 5.222, 19.893



75, 2.115, 19.352



56, 9.029, 324.899



39, 1.603, 19.447



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 5.222, 19.893



71, 8.000, 20.064



58, 4.505, 74.292



28, 3.245, 19.905



27, 64.128, 38.802



0, 2.121, 19.422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 4.942, 199.033



75, 7.466, 198.903



57, 4.416, 256.615



30, 3.068, 199.024



51, 31.258, 196.418



2, 2.121, 199.439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

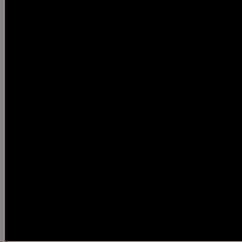
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 5.223, 19.877

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.223, 19.877.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 5.223, 19.877

Protanopia

56, 1.310, 44.989

Deuteranopia

56, 7.335, 11.223



Tritanopia
56, 8.528, 338.241

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 5.223, 19.877

Protanomaly
56, 2.844, 31.102

Deuteranomaly
56, 6.931, 10.645

Tritanomaly
56, 7.181, 346.310

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 5.223, 19.877

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 1.582, 19.309

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 5.223, 19.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 131, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 131, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 131, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 131, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.223, 19.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 131, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 131, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 131, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 131, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 131, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 131,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.223, 19.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 131, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
131, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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