

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 5.603, 74.021)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 5.603, 74.021) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 5.595, 74.030)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D857D
RGB	141, 133, 125
RGB Percent	55%, 52%, 49%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4785, 0.5099
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.11, 0.45
HSL	30°, 7%, 52%
HSV	30°, 11%, 55%
XYZ	23.0679, 23.9124, 22.7965
YIQ	134.4800, 7.3360, -0.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

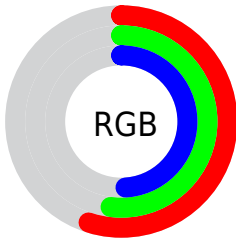
Format	Color
RYB	141, 141, 125
Decimal	9274749
CIELab	56.00, 1.54, 5.38
CIELCh	56, 5.595, 74.030
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3306, 0.3427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287464829 (0xFF8D857D)
YUV	134.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -1.3711, 6.5902

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 5.595, 74.030$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55, 5.449, 256.939$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 5.470, 71.080$, and $36, 5.853, 76.997$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 10.770, 72.869$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 0.646, 74.842$.

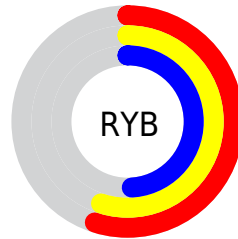
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (52%)

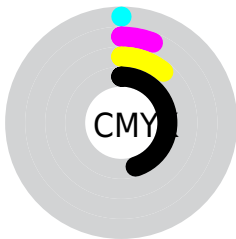
Blue (49%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (49%)

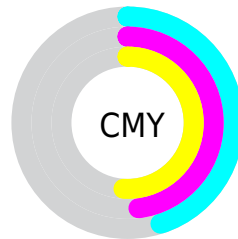


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 56, 5.595, 74.030

■ 100, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 46, 5.595, 74.030

■ 76, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 36, 5.595, 74.030

■ 86, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 26, 5.595, 74.030

■ 96, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 16, 5.595, 74.030

■ 6, 5.595, 74.030

■ 0, 5.595, 74.030

■ 56, 5.595, 74.030 ■ 56, 5.595, 74.030

■ 54, 10.770, 72.869 ■ 58, 0.646, 74.842

■ 51, 16.183, 71.659 ■ 61, 4.099, 256.507

49, 21.840, 70.435

63, 8.659, 257.593

47, 27.724, 69.198

65, 13.054,
258.667

45, 33.774, 67.934

68, 17.304,
259.706

43, 39.850, 66.598

41, 45.661, 65.088

70, 21.423,
260.704

39, 50.679, 63.191

73, 25.428,
261.660

38, 54.604, 61.496

75, 29.330,
262.573

77, 33.142,
263.442

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 5.595, 74.030



55, 5.449, 256.939

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 5.595, 74.030



56, 5.595, 124.030



56, 5.595, 254.030



56, 5.595, 304.030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 5.595, 74.048



74, 1.797, 74.889



54, 7.878, 344.538



38, 1.361, 74.839



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 5.595, 74.048



71, 8.621, 73.706



58, 9.040, 109.116



29, 2.799, 74.294



36, 52.914, 61.656



1, 1.860, 75.433

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 5.449, 256.939



69, 8.327, 257.352



53, 9.272, 291.331



29, 2.743, 256.654



29, 43.945, 282.819



1, 1.861, 255.446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

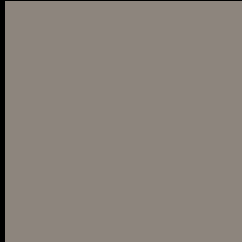
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

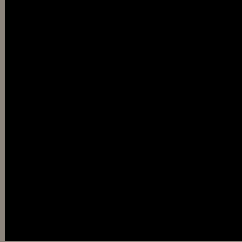
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

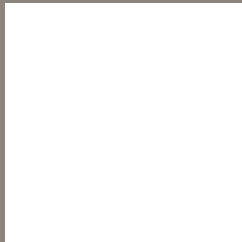
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 5.595, 74.030

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.595, 74.030.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 5.595, 74.030

Protanopia

56, 5.505, 87.918

Deuteranopia

56, 8.518, 35.635



Tritanopia
56, 7.433, 329.851

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 5.595, 74.030

Protanomaly
56, 5.668, 84.066

Deuteranomaly
56, 7.137, 43.433

Tritanomaly
56, 4.333, 356.514

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 5.595, 74.030

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 2.074, 74.774

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 5.595, 74.030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 133, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 133, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 133, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 133, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.595, 74.030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 133, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 133, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 133, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 133, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 133, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 133,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.595, 74.030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 133, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
133, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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