

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 5.715, 222.669)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 5.715, 222.669) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 5.715, 222.669)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B898D
RGB	123, 137, 141
RGB Percent	48%, 54%, 55%
CMY	0.5188, 0.4639, 0.4482
CMYK	0.13, 0.03, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	193°, 7%, 52%
HSV	193°, 13%, 55%
XYZ	21.8173, 23.9124, 28.5506
YIQ	133.2700, -9.6280, -1.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

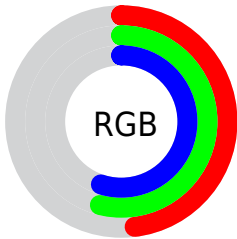
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 131, 141
Decimal	8096141
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, -4.20, -3.87
CIE _{LCh}	56, 5.715, 222.669
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2937, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286286221 (0xFF7B898D)
YUV	133.2700, 3.8109, -9.0068
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -5.9364, -0.3864

Details

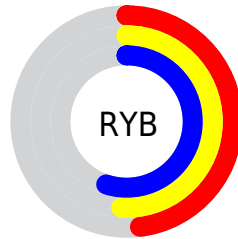
The CIELCh color $56, 5.715, 222.669$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 6.172, 41.656$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 5.646, 227.677$, and $36, 5.731, 224.593$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 9.907, 223.209$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 1.276, 222.485$.

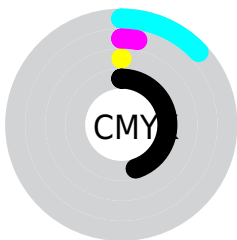
Distribution



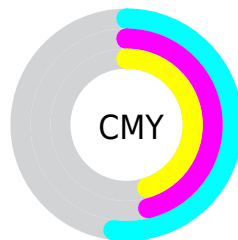
- Red (48%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 5.715, 222.669

■ 56, 5.715, 222.669

■ 100, 5.715,
222.669

■ 46, 5.715, 222.669

■ 76, 5.715, 222.669

■ 36, 5.715, 222.669

■ 86, 5.715, 222.669

■ 26, 5.715, 222.669

■ 96, 5.715, 222.669

■ 16, 5.715, 222.669

■ 6, 5.715, 222.669

■ 0, 5.715, 222.669

■ 56, 5.715, 222.669

■ 56, 5.715, 222.669

■ 54, 9.907, 223.209

■ 58, 1.276, 222.485

■ 52, 13.792,

■ 60, 3.356, 41.743

223.989

62, 8.136, 41.621

51, 17.309,
225.034

64, 13.024, 41.524

49, 20.395,
226.406

66, 17.989, 41.476

47, 23.000,
228.177

69, 23.005, 41.470

46, 25.095,
230.428

71, 28.050, 41.497

73, 33.109, 41.549

45, 26.683,
233.240

75, 38.167, 41.619

44, 27.816,
236.671

43, 28.524,
239.321

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 5.715, 222.669



54, 6.172, 41.656

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 5.715, 222.669



56, 5.715, 272.669



56, 5.715, 42.669



56, 5.715, 92.669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 5.715, 222.655



74, 2.268, 222.430



57, 10.780, 150.306



38, 1.603, 222.424



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 5.715, 222.655



71, 8.275, 222.775



53, 7.654, 276.548



29, 2.576, 222.514



41, 27.685, 239.147



1, 1.778, 222.084

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 10.777, 332.080



67, 15.728, 332.245



57, 7.616, 93.397



28, 4.805, 331.845



30, 60.998, 339.178



1, 3.224, 331.310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

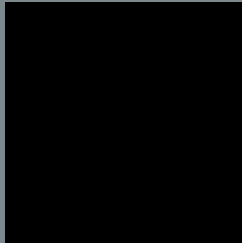
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

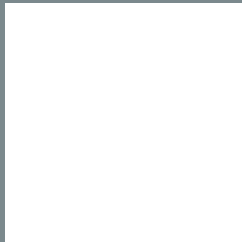
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 5.715, 222.669

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.715, 222.669.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

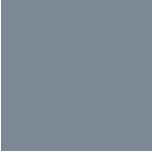
56, 5.715, 222.669

Protanopia

56, 3.539, 303.262

Deuteranopia

56, 8.578, 327.060



Tritanopia
56, 7.619, 255.109

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 5.715, 222.669

Protanomaly
56, 3.608, 271.968

Deuteranomaly
56, 5.962, 305.830

Tritanomaly
56, 6.746, 249.103

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 5.715, 222.669

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 2.237, 230.283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 5.715, 222.669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 137, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 137, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 137, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 137, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.715, 222.669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 137, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 137, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 137, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 137, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 137, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 137,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.715, 222.669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 137, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
137, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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