

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 5.768, 282.335)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 5.768, 282.335) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 5.764, 283.285)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	848690
RGB	132, 134, 144
RGB Percent	52%, 53%, 56%
CMY	0.4829, 0.4751, 0.4359
CMYK	0.08, 0.07, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	230°, 5%, 54%
HSV	230°, 8%, 56%
XYZ	23.0203, 23.9124, 29.7282
YIQ	134.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

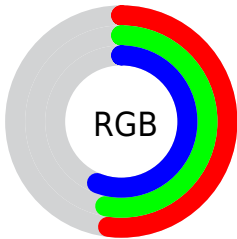
Format	Color
RYB	132, 134, 144
Decimal	8685200
CIELab	56.00, 1.32, -5.61
CIELCh	56, 5.764, 283.285
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3003, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286875280 (0xFF848690)
YUV	134.5420, 4.6628, -2.2293
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -1.5450, -1.8142

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 5.764, 283.285$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 5.692, 101.416$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 5.959, 283.799$, and $36, 6.222, 287.456$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 12.860, 284.551$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 1.121, 102.053$.

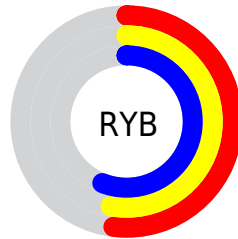
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (53%)

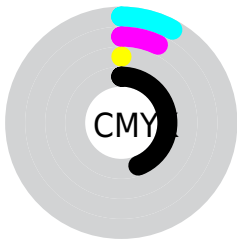
Blue (56%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (56%)

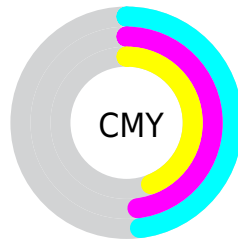


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 5.764, 283.285

■ 56, 5.764, 283.285

■ 100, 5.764,
283.285

■ 46, 5.764, 283.285

■ 76, 5.764, 283.285

■ 36, 5.764, 283.285

■ 86, 5.764, 283.285

■ 26, 5.764, 283.285

■ 96, 5.764, 283.285

■ 16, 5.764, 283.285

■ 6, 5.764, 283.285

■ 0, 5.764, 283.285

■ 56, 5.764, 283.285

■ 56, 5.764, 283.285

■ 52, 12.860,
284.551

■ 60, 1.121, 102.053

■ 65, 7.805, 101.181

47, 20.188,
286.047

69, 14.302,
100.358

43, 27.767,
287.790

74, 20.620, 99.637

38, 35.619,
289.810

78, 26.768, 99.002

34, 43.756,
292.117

82, 32.755, 98.442

29, 52.154,
294.689

91, 44.275, 97.500

26, 60.693,
297.438

95, 49.440,
100.040

22, 69.046,
300.191

19, 76.619,
302.634

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 5.764, 283.285



59, 5.692, 101.416

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 5.764, 283.285



56, 5.764, 333.285



56, 5.764, 103.285



56, 5.764, 153.285

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 5.763, 283.276



74, 2.543, 282.704



59, 4.786, 183.906



39, 1.944, 282.778



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 5.763, 283.276



70, 8.549, 283.497



56, 7.058, 302.884



28, 3.882, 283.374



17, 73.961, 302.824



0, 2.590, 282.325

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 4.924, 6.462



70, 7.324, 6.654



59, 6.944, 121.986



28, 3.321, 6.548



27, 58.445, 30.348



0, 2.189, 5.808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

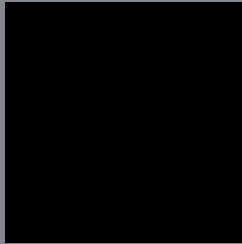
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

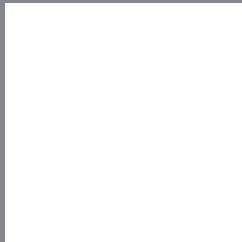
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 5.764, 283.285

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.764, 283.285.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 5.764, 283.285

Protanopia

56, 6.323, 294.393

Deuteranopia

56, 9.812, 319.238



Tritanopia
56, 5.764, 283.285

Trichromacy



Original Color

56, 5.764, 283.285

Protanomaly

56, 6.306, 290.936

Deuteranomaly

56, 8.505, 309.477

Tritanomaly

56, 5.764, 283.285

Monochromacy



Original Color

56, 5.764, 283.285

Achromatopsia

56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

56, 2.321, 280.854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 5.764, 283.285 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 134, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 134, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 134, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 134, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.764, 283.285 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 134, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 134, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 134, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 134, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 134, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 134,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.764, 283.285 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 134, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
134, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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