

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 5.929, 305.229)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(56, 5.929, 305.229) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(56, 5.863, 302.191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	88858F
RGB	136, 133, 143
RGB Percent	53%, 52%, 56%
CMY	0.4675, 0.4792, 0.4400
CMYK	0.05, 0.07, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	258°, 4%, 54%
HSV	258°, 7%, 56%
XYZ	23.4212, 23.9124, 29.2850
YIQ	135.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

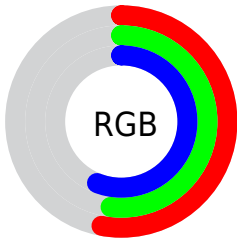
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	136, 133, 143
Decimal	8947087
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.00, 3.12, -4.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 5.863, 302.191
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3057, 0.3121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137167 (0xFF88858F)
YUV	135.0370, 3.9258, 0.8446
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -0.0815, -1.2769

# Details

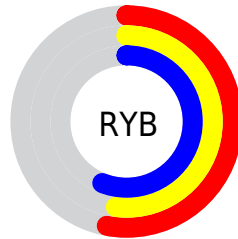
The CIELCh color  $56, 5.863, 302.191$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $59, 5.777, 121.418$ , and the grayscale version is  $56, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76, 6.045, 301.103$ , and  $36, 5.665, 299.456$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51, 14.475, 302.822$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $61, 2.458, 121.652$ .

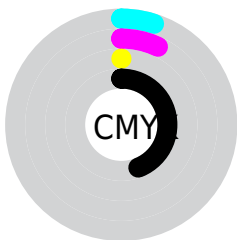
# Distribution



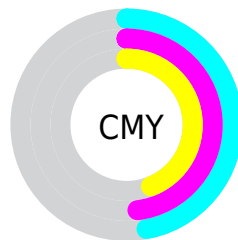
- Red (53%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56, 5.863, 302.191

■ 56, 5.863, 302.191

■ 100, 5.863,  
302.191

■ 46, 5.863, 302.191

■ 76, 5.863, 302.191

■ 36, 5.863, 302.191

■ 86, 5.863, 302.191

■ 26, 5.863, 302.191

■ 96, 5.863, 302.191

■ 16, 5.863, 302.191

■ 6, 5.863, 302.191

■ 0, 5.863, 302.191

■ 56, 5.863, 302.191

■ 56, 5.863, 302.191

■ 51, 14.475,  
302.822

■ 61, 2.458, 121.652

■ 65, 10.493,

46, 23.383,  
303.536

121.156

42, 32.569,  
304.330

70, 18.258,  
120.733

37, 41.978,  
305.192

75, 25.766,  
120.369

33, 51.483,  
306.094

79, 33.035,  
120.054

28, 60.832,  
306.979

84, 40.078,  
119.783

24, 69.569,  
307.749

89, 46.908,  
119.550

21, 76.981,  
308.258

93, 53.541,  
119.351

19, 82.490,  
308.421

96, 56.760,  
117.600

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 5.863, 302.191



59, 5.777, 121.418

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 5.863, 302.191



56, 5.863, 352.191



56, 5.863, 122.191



56, 5.863, 172.191

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 5.861, 302.185



74, 2.068, 301.885



58, 3.154, 230.066



39, 1.185, 301.876



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 5.861, 302.185



71, 8.332, 302.256



56, 6.508, 318.581



28, 4.744, 302.318



17, 80.773, 308.561



0, 3.158, 301.793





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 5.626, 334.693



72, 7.990, 334.778



58, 6.473, 138.032



28, 4.545, 334.851



29, 57.879, 344.318



1, 3.048, 334.277



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

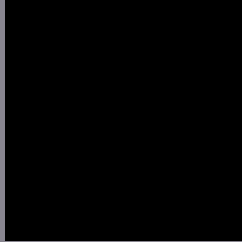
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

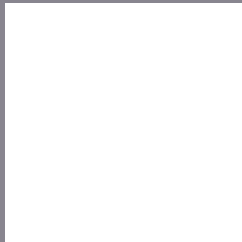
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 56, 5.863, 302.191**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 5.863, 302.191.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


56, 5.863, 302.191

### Protanopia

56, 5.752, 294.682

### Deuteranopia

56, 9.040, 324.902



**Tritanopia**  
56, 5.863, 302.191



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56, 5.863, 302.191

## Protanomaly

56, 5.795, 298.466

## Deuteranomaly

56, 7.749, 317.621

## Tritanomaly

56, 5.863, 302.191

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56, 5.863, 302.191

## Achromatopsia

56, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

56, 2.333, 300.073

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 5.863, 302.191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 133, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 133, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 133, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 133, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.863, 302.191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 133, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 133, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 133, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 133, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 133, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 133,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 5.863, 302.191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 133, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
133, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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