

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 53.632, 357.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 53.632, 357.685)
contains.

CIELCh(56, 53.833, 357.684)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(56, 53.833, 357.684)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D85B8C
RGB	216, 91, 140
RGB Percent	85%, 36%, 55%
CMY	0.1537, 0.6438, 0.4516
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.35, 0.15
HSL	336°, 61%, 60%
HSV	336°, 58%, 85%
XYZ	36.7123, 23.9124, 27.4295
YIQ	133.9610, 58.7710, 41.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

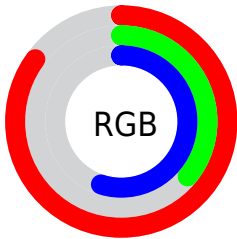
Format	Color
R_{YB}	216, 91, 140
Decimal	14179212
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 53.79, -2.18
CIE _{LCh}	56, 53.833, 357.684
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4169, 0.2716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292369292 (0xFFD85B8C)
YUV	133.9610, 2.9772, 71.9482
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 48.4347, 0.9729

Details

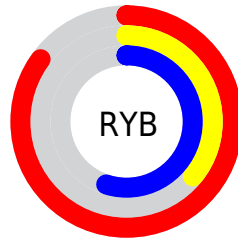
The CIELCh color **56, 53.833, 357.684** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 48.273, 163.270**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 47.006, 352.339**, and **36, 53.784, 357.600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 61.443, 0.132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 45.119, 355.724**.

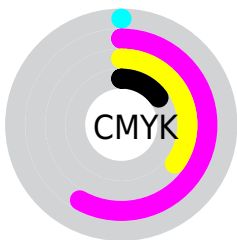
Distribution



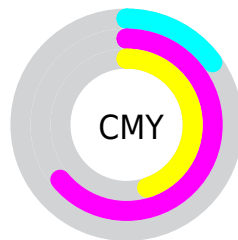
- Red (85%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (15%)





- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 53.833,
357.684


 56, 53.833,
357.684


 100, 53.833,
357.684


 46, 53.833,
357.684


 76, 53.833,
357.684

 36, 53.833,
357.684

 86, 53.833,
357.684

 26, 53.833,
357.684

 96, 53.833,
357.684

 16, 53.833,
357.684

 6, 53.833, 357.684

 0, 53.833, 357.684

56, 53.833,
357.684

56, 53.833,
357.684

52, 61.443, 0.132

60, 45.119,
355.724

49, 67.510, 3.231

65, 35.775,
354.116

47, 71.773, 7.161

46, 74.451, 11.993

71, 26.179,
352.765

46, 74.984, 13.039


76, 16.604,
351.600

82, 7.222, 350.555

87, 1.867, 169.980

93, 10.617,
168.971

97, 14.473,
177.352

 97, 13.152,
198.628

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 53.833, 357.684



78, 48.273, 163.270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 53.833, 357.684



56, 53.833, 47.684



56, 53.833, 177.684



56, 53.833, 227.684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 53.830, 357.685



89, 18.026, 351.519



52, 73.958, 314.991



46, 12.091, 351.741



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 53.830, 357.685



61, 71.028, 0.620



57, 51.427, 33.018



42, 5.163, 350.710



36, 62.873, 12.100



5, 22.684, 1.140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 53.830, 357.685



61, 71.028, 0.620



76, 32.405, 209.319



42, 5.163, 350.710



36, 62.873, 12.100



5, 22.684, 1.140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

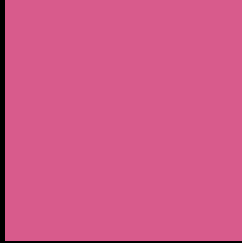
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

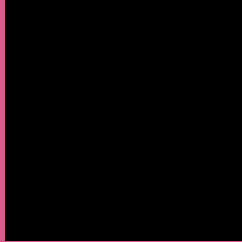
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 53.833, 357.684

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684.

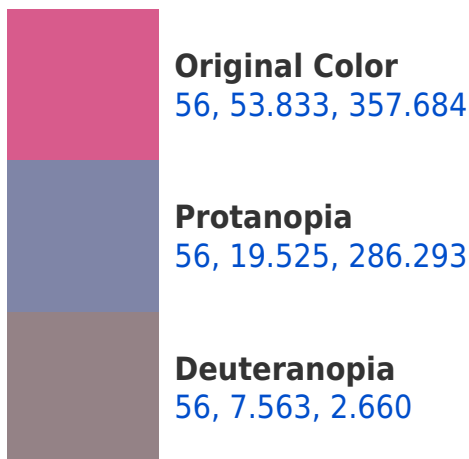


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 53.833, 357.684.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 49.363, 21.651

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 53.833, 357.684

Protanomaly
55, 27.175, 327.183

Deuteranomaly
55, 25.424, 356.098

Tritanomaly
56, 50.000, 12.074

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 53.833, 357.684

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 21.025, 352.767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 53.833, 357.684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 91, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 91, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 91, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 91, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 53.833, 357.684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 91, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 91, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 91, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 91, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 91, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 91,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 53.833, 357.684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 91, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 91,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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