

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 53.699, 282.212)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 53.699, 282.212)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 53.866, 282.206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F85E2
RGB	79, 133, 226
RGB Percent	31%, 52%, 89%
CMY	0.6904, 0.4786, 0.1139
CMYK	0.65, 0.41, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	218°, 72%, 60%
HSV	218°, 65%, 89%
XYZ	25.3231, 23.9124, 75.1996
YIQ	127.4560, -62.0370, 17.4750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

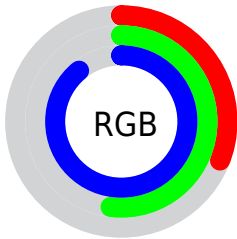
Format	Color
RYB	79, 118, 226
Decimal	5211618
CIELab	56.00, 11.39, -52.65
CIELCh	56, 53.866, 282.206
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2035, 0.1922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283401698 (0xFF4F85E2)
YUV	127.4560, 48.5822, -42.4959
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 6.8610, -56.9467

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 53.866, 282.206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **74, 55.109, 79.301**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 38.823, 274.071**, and **36, 53.600, 284.345** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 62.699, 285.685**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 45.245, 279.104**.

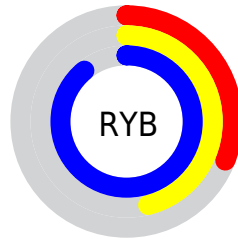
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (52%)

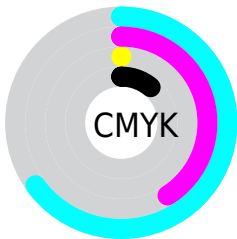
Blue (89%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (89%)

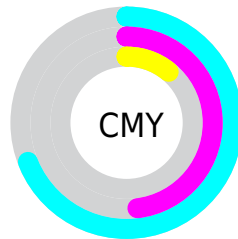


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 53.866,
282.206


 56, 53.866,
282.206


 100, 53.866,
282.206


 46, 53.866,
282.206


 76, 53.866,
282.206

 36, 53.866,
282.206

 86, 53.866,
282.206

 26, 53.866,
282.206

 96, 53.866,
282.206

 16, 53.866,
282.206

 6, 53.866, 282.206

 0, 53.866, 282.206

■ 56, 53.866,
282.206

■ 56, 53.866,
282.206

■ 51, 62.699,
285.685

■ 61, 45.245,
279.104

■ 47, 71.768,
289.440

■ 66, 36.789,
276.401

■ 43, 81.012,
293.289

■ 71, 28.458,
274.081

■ 41, 85.598,
295.093

■ 77, 20.228,
272.103

■ 82, 12.090,
270.422

■ 87, 4.043, 269.026

■ 92, 3.909, 87.639

■ 97, 11.209, 94.843

99, 14.696,
109.067

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 53.866, 282.206



74, 55.109, 79.301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 53.866, 282.206



56, 53.866, 332.206



56, 53.866, 102.206



56, 53.866, 152.206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 53.865, 282.207



88, 17.761, 271.241



81, 54.526, 162.634



45, 12.136, 271.728



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 53.865, 282.207



56, 72.114, 286.962



44, 86.504, 302.926



44, 4.521, 269.598



32, 69.761, 294.443



6, 23.096, 284.848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 61.277, 1.285



58, 76.877, 5.568



86, 71.402, 110.013



44, 5.288, 352.286



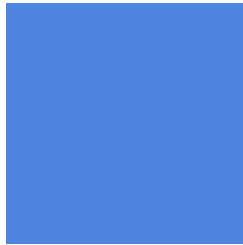
37, 64.646, 14.603



6, 25.544, 3.808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

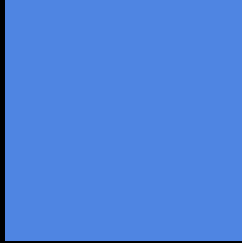
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

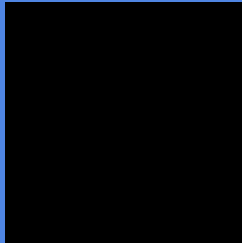
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

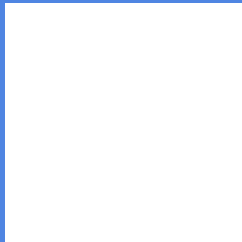
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 53.866, 282.206

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 53.866, 282.206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 53.866, 282.206

Protanopia

56, 53.980, 286.636

Deuteranopia

56, 53.162, 279.164



Tritanopia
56, 29.356, 210.616

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 53.866, 282.206

Protanomaly
56, 54.128, 285.019

Deuteranomaly
56, 53.560, 280.397

Tritanomaly
56, 31.669, 246.444

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 53.866, 282.206

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 20.420, 274.137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 53.866, 282.206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 133, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 133, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 133, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 133, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 53.866, 282.206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 133, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 133, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 133, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 133, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 133, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 133,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 53.866, 282.206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 133, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 133,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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