

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 55.084, 0.625)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(56, 55.084, 0.625) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(56, 55.085, 0.823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB5987
RGB	219, 89, 135
RGB Percent	86%, 35%, 53%
CMY	0.1417, 0.6514, 0.4710
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.38, 0.14
HSL	339°, 64%, 60%
HSV	339°, 59%, 86%
XYZ	37.1039, 23.9124, 25.5419
YIQ	133.1140, 62.7140, 41.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

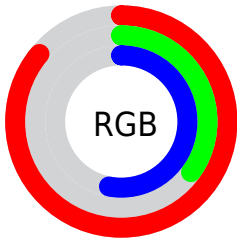
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 89, 135
Decimal	14375303
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.00, 55.08, 0.79
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 55.085, 0.823
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4287, 0.2763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292565383 (0xFFDB5987)
YUV	133.1140, 0.9298, 75.3220
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 49.8643, 3.2616

# Details

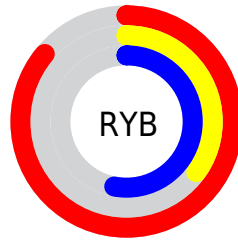
The CIELCh color **56, 55.085, 0.823** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **79, 48.118, 165.469**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 47.113, 354.760**, and **36, 55.038, 0.641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 62.714, 3.530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 46.361, 358.673**.

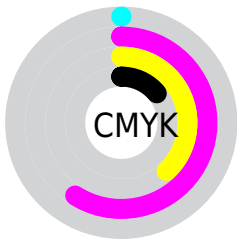
# Distribution



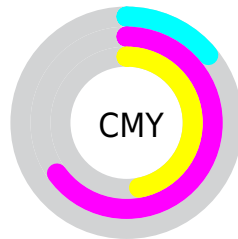
- Red (86%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 56, 55.085, 0.823       56, 55.085, 0.823

 100, 55.085, 0.823       46, 55.085, 0.823

 76, 55.085, 0.823       36, 55.085, 0.823



 86, 55.085, 0.823       26, 55.085, 0.823

 96, 55.085, 0.823       16, 55.085, 0.823

 6, 55.085, 0.823

 0, 55.085, 0.823

 56, 55.085, 0.823       56, 55.085, 0.823

 52, 62.714, 3.530       60, 46.361,  
358.673

 49, 68.842, 6.965

48, 73.283, 11.294

65, 37.009,  
356.927

46, 76.435, 16.466

71, 27.413,  
355.478

46, 76.634, 16.785

76, 17.850,  
354.244

82, 8.500, 353.155

88, 0.539, 173.195

94, 9.219, 171.510

97, 12.896,  
182.548

98, 12.167,  
198.693

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 55.085, 0.823



79, 48.118, 165.469

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 55.085, 0.823



56, 55.085, 50.823



56, 55.085, 180.823



56, 55.085, 230.823

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 55.082, 0.825



88, 18.725, 354.103



53, 76.724, 316.050



45, 13.069, 354.442



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 55.082, 0.825



60, 72.072, 4.224



58, 52.439, 35.526



43, 5.149, 353.160



37, 64.193, 15.821



6, 24.074, 3.978





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 55.082, 0.825



60, 72.072, 4.224



76, 32.478, 214.175



43, 5.149, 353.160



37, 64.193, 15.821



6, 24.074, 3.978



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

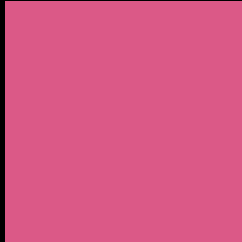
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

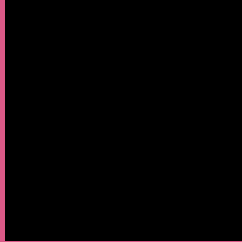
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 56, 55.085, 0.823**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 55.085, 0.823.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56, 55.085, 0.823

### Protanopia

56, 16.074, 285.679

### Deuteranopia

56, 8.153, 24.199



**Tritanopia**  
56, 51.700, 22.842



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
56, 55.085, 0.823

**Protanomaly**  
55, 25.697, 333.249

**Deuteranomaly**  
55, 25.933, 2.232

**Tritanomaly**  
56, 52.089, 14.324

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
56, 55.085, 0.823

**Achromatopsia**  
56, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
54, 21.184, 354.785

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 55.085, 0.823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 89, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 89, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 89, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 89, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 55.085, 0.823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 89, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 89, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 89, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 89, 135); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 89, 135); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 89, 135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 55.085, 0.823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 89, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 89,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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