

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 58.684, 129.291)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 58.684, 129.291)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 58.731, 129.122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A9530
RGB	90, 149, 48
RGB Percent	35%, 58%, 19%
CMY	0.6467, 0.4154, 0.8114
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.68, 0.42
HSL	95°, 51%, 39%
HSV	95°, 68%, 58%
XYZ	15.5198, 23.9124, 6.6025
YIQ	119.8450, -2.7430, -43.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

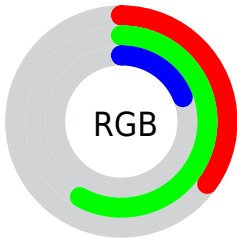
Format	Color
RYB	48, 149, 107
Decimal	5936432
CIELab	56.00, -37.06, 45.56
CIELCh	56, 58.731, 129.122
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3371, 0.5194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284126512 (0xFF5A9530)
YUV	119.8450, -35.4196, -26.1741
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -28.9240, 26.2249

Details

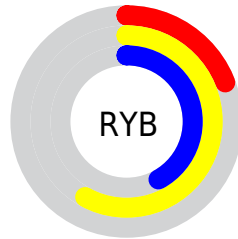
The CIELCh color **56, 58.731, 129.122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **33, 63.315, 314.739**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 59.117, 129.159**, and **36, 55.884, 131.095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 65.271, 129.101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 51.157, 129.387**.

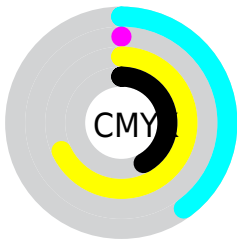
Distribution



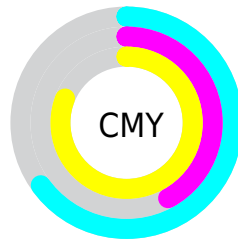
- Red (35%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 58.731,
129.122

 56, 58.731,
129.122


 100, 58.731,
129.122


 46, 58.731,
129.122


 76, 58.731,
129.122

 36, 58.731,
129.122

 86, 58.731,
129.122

 26, 58.731,
129.122

 96, 58.731,
129.122

 16, 58.731,
129.122

 6, 58.731, 129.122

 0, 58.731, 129.122

■ 56, 58.731,
129.122

■ 56, 58.731,
129.122

■ 55, 65.271,
129.101

■ 57, 51.157,
129.387

■ 55, 70.405,
129.442

■ 57, 42.886,
129.788

■ 55, 74.047,
130.153

■ 58, 34.176,
130.253

■ 55, 74.814,
130.294

■ 59, 25.215,
130.735

■ 60, 16.133,
131.205

■ 61, 7.025, 131.654

■ 62, 2.044, 311.985

■ 63, 11.025,
312.397

■ 64, 19.886,
312.729

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 58.731, 129.122



33, 63.315, 314.739

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 58.731, 129.122



56, 58.731, 179.122



56, 58.731, 309.122



56, 58.731, 359.122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 58.732, 129.123



76, 22.520, 131.082



48, 40.139, 74.784



39, 15.320, 130.963



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 58.732, 129.123



70, 82.519, 129.215



54, 62.403, 140.523



31, 5.092, 131.590



51, 70.521, 130.182



2, 4.453, 131.955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 63.315, 314.739



38, 89.972, 314.810



39, 61.052, 330.434



29, 5.147, 312.317



22, 77.346, 314.244



1, 4.453, 311.952

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 58.731, 129.122

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 58.731, 129.122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 58.731, 129.122

Protanopia
56, 48.655, 95.390

Deuteranopia
56, 43.940, 80.443



Tritanopia
56, 13.057, 227.481

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 58.731, 129.122

Protanomaly
55, 49.929, 110.021

Deuteranomaly
55, 44.443, 102.943

Tritanomaly
56, 24.129, 152.028

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 58.731, 129.122

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 23.155, 131.075

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 58.731, 129.122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 149, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 149, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 149, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 149, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 58.731, 129.122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 149, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 149, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 149, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 149, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 149, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 149,  
48) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 58.731, 129.122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 149, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 149,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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