

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 66.454, 138.469)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 66.454, 138.469)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 66.591, 138.614)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	339A33
RGB	51, 154, 51
RGB Percent	20%, 60%, 20%
CMY	0.8019, 0.3976, 0.8014
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 0.67, 0.40
HSL	120°, 50%, 40%
HSV	120°, 67%, 60%
XYZ	13.4236, 23.9124, 6.9980
YIQ	111.4610, -28.3250, -53.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

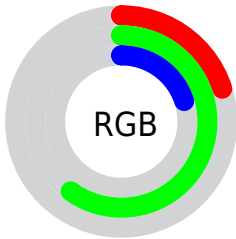
Format	Color
RYB	51, 154, 154
Decimal	3381811
CIELab	56.00, -49.96, 44.03
CIELCh	56, 66.591, 138.614
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3028, 0.5394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281571891 (0xFF339A33)
YUV	111.4610, -29.8073, -53.0243
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -36.5757, 25.7454

Details

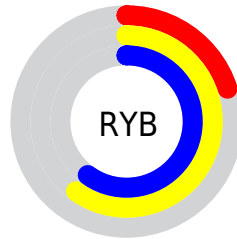
The CIELCh color **56, 66.591, 138.614** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **40, 65.624, 327.670**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 66.401, 138.521**, and **37, 61.120, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 73.369, 137.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 58.360, 139.729**.

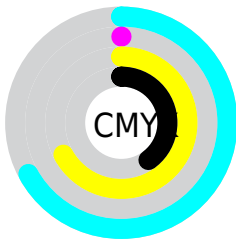
Distribution



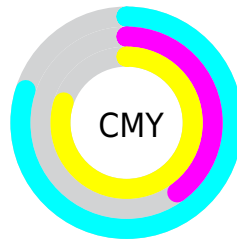
- Red (20%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 66.591,
138.614


 56, 66.591,
138.614


 100, 66.591,
138.614


 46, 66.591,
138.614


 76, 66.591,
138.614

 36, 66.591,
138.614

 86, 66.591,
138.614

 26, 66.591,
138.614

 96, 66.591,
138.614

 16, 66.591,
138.614

 6, 66.591, 138.614

 0, 66.591, 138.614

■ 56, 66.591,
138.614

■ 56, 66.591,
138.614

■ 56, 73.369,
137.566

■ 57, 58.360,
139.729

■ 55, 78.297,
136.718

■ 57, 49.073,
140.810

■ 55, 81.272,
136.169

■ 58, 39.081,
141.799

■ 55, 82.024,
136.027

■ 60, 28.671,
142.675

■ 61, 18.074,
143.435

■ 62, 7.467, 144.098

■ 64, 3.022, 324.549

■ 66, 13.301,
325.069

■ 68, 23.311,
325.471

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 66.591, 138.614



40, 65.624, 327.670

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 66.591, 138.614



56, 66.591, 188.614



56, 66.591, 318.614



56, 66.591, 8.614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 66.591, 138.615



76, 26.103, 143.198



62, 53.463, 104.222



40, 17.769, 143.004



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 66.591, 138.615



70, 92.399, 137.068



57, 45.814, 155.961



32, 5.927, 143.964



50, 76.745, 136.028



3, 6.381, 144.471

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 65.624, 327.670



49, 89.989, 328.061



38, 48.205, 351.758



30, 5.936, 324.941



33, 74.008, 328.274



1, 6.381, 324.471

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 66.591, 138.614

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 66.591, 138.614.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 66.591, 138.614

Protanopia
56, 48.152, 95.923

Deuteranopia
56, 42.334, 80.416



Tritanopia
56, 21.757, 214.560

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 66.591, 138.614

Protanomaly
55, 51.376, 118.395

Deuteranomaly
54, 44.402, 113.058

Tritanomaly
55, 32.926, 164.884

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 66.591, 138.614

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 26.418, 142.504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 66.591, 138.614 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 154, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 154, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 154, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 154, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 66.591, 138.614 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 154, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 154, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 154, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 154, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 154, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 154,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 66.591, 138.614 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 154, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 154,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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