

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 67.015, 45.102)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 67.015, 45.102) contains.

CIELCh(56, 67.015, 45.102)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 67.015, 45.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DE5F35
RGB	222, 95, 53
RGB Percent	87%, 37%, 21%
CMY	0.1301, 0.6280, 0.7927
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.76, 0.13
HSL	15°, 72%, 54%
HSV	15°, 76%, 87%
XYZ	34.7851, 23.9124, 6.1333
YIQ	128.1850, 89.1740, 13.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

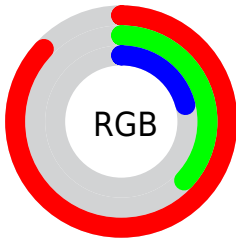
Format	Color
R _{YB}	222, 109, 53
Decimal	14573365
CIE Lab	56.00, 47.30, 47.47
CIE LCh	56, 67.015, 45.102
Yxy	23.9124, 0.5366, 0.3688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292763445 (0xFFDE5F35)
YUV	128.1850, -37.0662, 82.2758
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 41.3997, 26.7938

Details

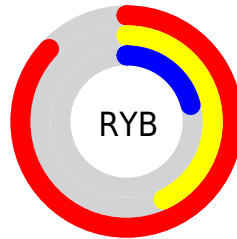
The CIELCh color **56, 67.015, 45.102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **68, 36.880, 236.808**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 54.875, 49.512**, and **36, 67.155, 45.087** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 76.991, 45.405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 56.565, 44.664**.

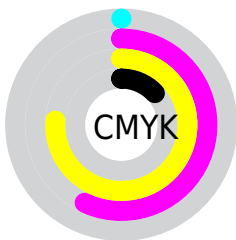
Distribution



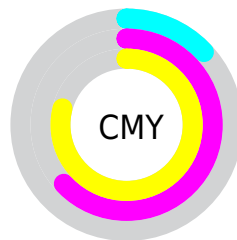
- Red (87%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 67.015, 45.102

 56, 67.015, 45.102

 100, 67.015,
45.102

 46, 67.015, 45.102

 76, 67.015, 45.102

 36, 67.015, 45.102

 86, 67.015, 45.102

 26, 67.015, 45.102

 96, 67.015, 45.102

 16, 67.015, 45.102

 6, 67.015, 45.102

 0, 67.015, 45.102

 56, 67.015, 45.102

 56, 67.015, 45.102

 53, 76.991, 45.405

 59, 56.565, 44.664

 51, 85.085, 45.015

 63, 46.338, 44.322

50, 87.746, 44.850

67, 36.628, 44.149

72, 27.550, 44.149

76, 19.131, 44.296

81, 11.349, 44.554

85, 4.160, 44.840

90, 2.491, 225.648

95, 8.662, 225.975

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 67.015, 45.102



68, 36.880, 236.808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 67.015, 45.102



56, 67.015, 95.102



56, 67.015, 225.102



56, 67.015, 275.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 67.013, 45.105



88, 18.598, 44.364



53, 81.064, 337.563



45, 13.066, 44.283



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 67.013, 45.105



59, 90.918, 45.322



74, 65.546, 85.971



44, 3.842, 44.759



39, 72.576, 45.328



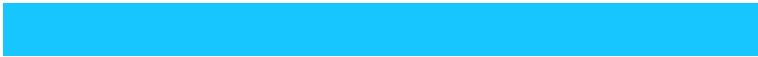
7, 20.330, 34.587

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 36.880, 236.808



74, 44.416, 242.793



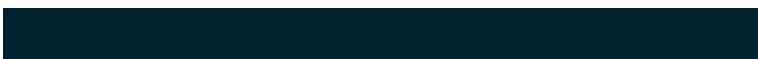
45, 73.271, 292.597



45, 3.635, 225.821



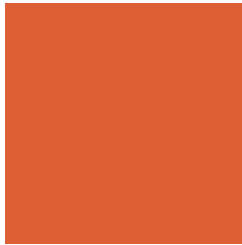
51, 34.166, 245.705



12, 13.249, 236.617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 67.015, 45.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 67.015, 45.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 67.015, 45.102

Protanopia

56, 39.223, 95.996

Deuteranopia

56, 49.975, 81.481



Tritanopia
56, 57.878, 24.383

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 67.015, 45.102

Protanomaly
55, 43.232, 68.929

Deuteranomaly
55, 53.221, 64.832

Tritanomaly
56, 60.211, 33.180

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 67.015, 45.102

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 22.298, 43.877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 67.015, 45.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 95, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 95, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 95, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 95, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 67.015, 45.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 95, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 95, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 95, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 95, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 95, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 95,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 67.015, 45.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 95, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222, 95,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor