

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 7.971, 280.776)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 7.971, 280.776) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 8.125, 280.518)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	828694
RGB	130, 134, 148
RGB Percent	51%, 53%, 58%
CMY	0.4904, 0.4747, 0.4198
CMYK	0.12, 0.09, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	227°, 8%, 54%
HSV	227°, 12%, 58%
XYZ	23.0555, 23.9124, 31.3934
YIQ	134.4000, -6.8780, 3.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

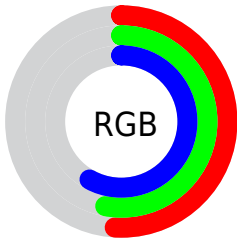
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 133, 148
Decimal	8554132
CIE Lab	56.00, 1.48, -7.99
CIE LCh	56, 8.125, 280.518
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2942, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286744212 (0xFF828694)
YUV	134.4000, 6.7048, -3.8588
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -1.4166, -3.8333

Details

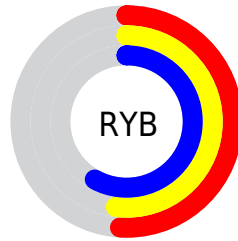
The CIELCh color $56, 8.125, 280.518$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 8.031, 97.642$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 8.179, 280.912$, and $36, 8.143, 283.060$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 14.996, 281.927$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 1.433, 279.365$.

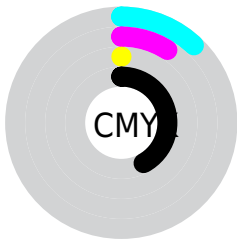
Distribution



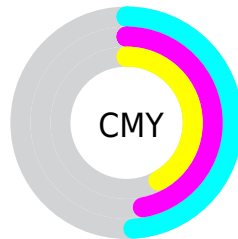
- Red (51%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 8.125, 280.518

■ 56, 8.125, 280.518

■ 100, 8.125,
280.518

■ 46, 8.125, 280.518

■ 76, 8.125, 280.518

■ 36, 8.125, 280.518

■ 86, 8.125, 280.518

■ 26, 8.125, 280.518

■ 96, 8.125, 280.518

■ 16, 8.125, 280.518

■ 6, 8.125, 280.518

■ 0, 8.125, 280.518

■ 56, 8.125, 280.518

■ 56, 8.125, 280.518

■ 52, 14.996,
281.927

■ 60, 1.433, 279.365

■ 65, 5.086, 98.184

47, 22.066,
283.582

69, 11.443, 97.280

43, 29.350,
285.507

73, 17.644, 96.481

78, 23.695, 95.777

39, 36.872,
287.733

82, 29.602, 95.154

34, 44.648,
290.268

86, 35.371, 94.600

90, 41.005, 94.104

30, 52.666,
293.082

94, 45.831, 97.665

27, 60.833,
296.080

23, 68.882,
299.082

21, 74.830,
301.170

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 8.125, 280.518



60, 8.031, 97.642

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 8.125, 280.518



56, 8.125, 330.518



56, 8.125, 100.518



56, 8.125, 150.518

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 8.124, 280.511



75, 3.264, 279.541



60, 7.280, 179.716



40, 2.340, 279.616



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 8.124, 280.511



69, 12.399, 280.931



55, 10.533, 301.300



29, 3.758, 280.135



19, 70.590, 300.980



1, 3.252, 279.030

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 7.563, 2.652



69, 11.583, 2.992



60, 10.285, 119.831



29, 3.486, 2.337



28, 57.283, 26.249



1, 2.984, 1.559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

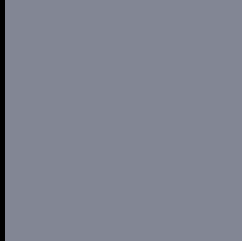
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

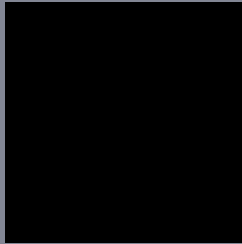
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

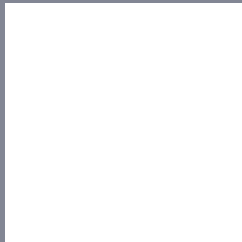
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 8.125, 280.518

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518.

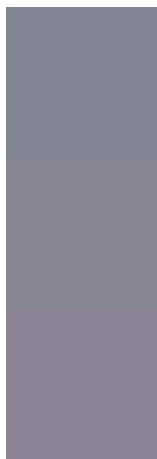


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.125, 280.518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 8.125, 280.518

Protanopia

56, 8.024, 291.136

Deuteranopia

56, 11.596, 310.524



Tritanopia
56, 6.541, 274.180

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 8.125, 280.518

Protanomaly
56, 8.027, 288.449

Deuteranomaly
56, 10.533, 301.700

Tritanomaly
56, 7.089, 275.625

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 8.125, 280.518

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 2.887, 282.837

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 8.125, 280.518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 134, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 134, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 134, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 134, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.125, 280.518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 134, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 134, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 134, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 134, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 134, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 134,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.125, 280.518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 134, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
134, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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