

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 7.980, 50.686)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 7.980, 50.686) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 8.062, 49.535)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94837C
RGB	148, 131, 124
RGB Percent	58%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.4203, 0.4870, 0.5144
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.16, 0.42
HSL	18°, 10%, 53%
HSV	18°, 16%, 58%
XYZ	23.8970, 23.9124, 22.3647
YIQ	135.2850, 12.3790, 1.4270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

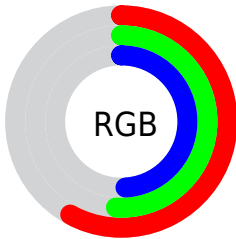
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 134, 124
Decimal	9732988
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 5.23, 6.13
CIE _{LCh}	56, 8.062, 49.535
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3405, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287923068 (0xFF94837C)
YUV	135.2850, -5.5635, 11.1511
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 1.6554, 7.1137

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 8.062, 49.535$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be $57, 7.366, 231.825$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 8.129, 51.585$, and $36, 8.094, 52.303$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 13.531, 49.070$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 2.982, 50.029$.

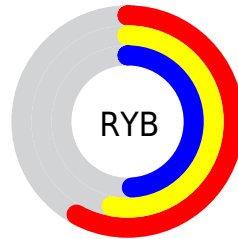
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (51%)

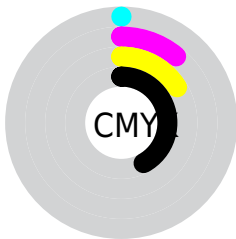
Blue (49%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (49%)

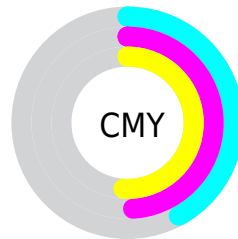


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 8.062, 49.535  56, 8.062, 49.535

 100, 8.062, 49.535  46, 8.062, 49.535

 76, 8.062, 49.535  36, 8.062, 49.535

 86, 8.062, 49.535  26, 8.062, 49.535

 96, 8.062, 49.535  16, 8.062, 49.535

 6, 8.062, 49.535

 0, 8.062, 49.535

 56, 8.062, 49.535  56, 8.062, 49.535

 53, 13.531, 49.070  59, 2.982, 50.029

 50, 19.420, 48.669  62, 1.745, 231.013

47, 25.748, 48.372

66, 6.157, 231.492

44, 32.503, 48.197

69, 10.289,
232.130

41, 39.625, 48.137

72, 14.176,
232.792

39, 46.944, 48.136

37, 54.069, 48.017

76, 17.847,
233.459

35, 60.343, 47.515

79, 21.329,
234.121

34, 62.783, 47.588

82, 24.644,
234.773

86, 27.373,
233.541

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 8.062, 49.535



57, 7.366, 231.825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 8.062, 49.535



56, 8.062, 99.535



56, 8.062, 229.535



56, 8.062, 279.535

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 8.062, 49.549



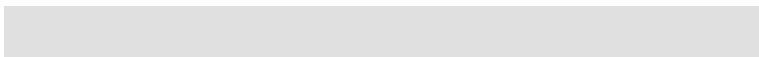
75, 2.939, 50.065



55, 13.664, 334.681



40, 2.026, 50.046



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 8.062, 49.549



70, 11.781, 49.392



59, 10.793, 97.541



30, 2.734, 49.900



32, 59.318, 47.659



1, 2.321, 50.535

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 7.366, 231.825



72, 10.559, 232.116



54, 10.959, 281.406



30, 2.605, 231.272



39, 30.267, 253.250



2, 2.321, 230.554

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

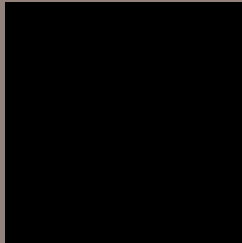
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 8.062, 49.535

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.062, 49.535.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 8.062, 49.535

Protanopia

56, 5.505, 87.918

Deuteranopia

56, 9.332, 41.587



Tritanopia
56, 10.097, 346.112

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 8.062, 49.535

Protanomaly
56, 5.844, 70.749

Deuteranomaly
56, 8.941, 42.542

Tritanomaly
56, 7.825, 7.615

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 8.062, 49.535

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 3.013, 41.759

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 56, 8.062, 49.535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 131, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 131, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 131, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 131, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.062, 49.535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

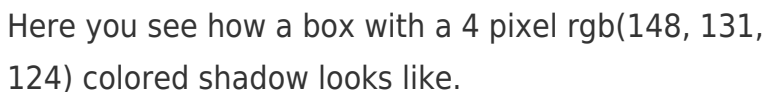
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 131, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 131, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 131, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 131, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 131, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 131,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.062, 49.535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 131, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
131, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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