

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 70.086, 65.010)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 70.086, 65.010) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 70.009, 64.836)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C96F01
RGB	201, 111, 1
RGB Percent	79%, 44%, 0%
CMY	0.2102, 0.5634, 0.9978
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 1.00, 0.21
HSL	33°, 99%, 40%
HSV	33°, 100%, 79%
XYZ	29.9157, 23.9124, 3.0550
YIQ	125.3700, 88.9500, -15.1300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

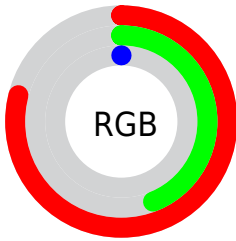
Format	Color
R_{YB}	165, 201, 1
Decimal	13201153
CIE Lab	56.00, 29.77, 63.36
CIE LCh	56, 70.009, 64.836
Yxy	23.9124, 0.5259, 0.4204
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291391233 (0xFFC96F01)
YUV	125.3700, -61.3144, 66.3275
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 23.6253, 30.5262

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 70.009, 64.836** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **41, 67.090, 288.877**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 66.983, 66.756**, and **36, 55.677, 57.049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 70.127, 64.768**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 65.785, 67.493**.

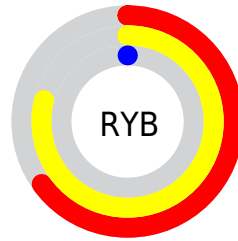
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (44%)

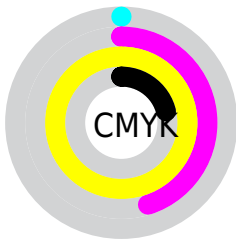
Blue (0%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (0%)

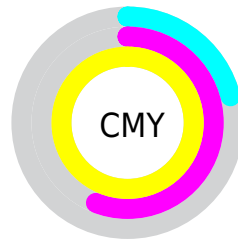


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 70.009, 64.836

■ 56, 70.009, 64.836

■ 100, 70.009,
64.836

■ 46, 70.009, 64.836

■ 76, 70.009, 64.836

■ 36, 70.009, 64.836

■ 86, 70.009, 64.836

■ 26, 70.009, 64.836

■ 96, 70.009, 64.836

■ 16, 70.009, 64.836

■ 6, 70.009, 64.836

■ 0, 70.009, 64.836

■ 56, 70.009, 64.836

■ 56, 70.009, 64.836

■ 56, 70.127, 64.768

■ 58, 65.785, 67.493

■ 60, 59.751, 69.608

63, 52.414, 71.316

65, 44.532, 72.825

68, 36.551, 74.242

70, 28.697, 75.611

73, 21.073, 76.950

76, 13.716, 78.258

78, 6.630, 79.519

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 70.009, 64.836



41, 67.090, 288.877

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 70.009, 64.836



56, 70.009, 114.836



56, 70.009, 244.836



56, 70.009, 294.836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 70.007, 64.838



90, 25.799, 76.857



43, 70.624, 6.997



47, 17.745, 76.288



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 70.007, 64.838



70, 83.932, 64.218



78, 81.230, 105.953



41, 3.827, 79.561



46, 59.874, 65.367



8, 13.059, 63.954

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 67.090, 288.877



51, 81.566, 289.608



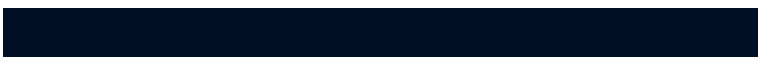
25, 111.640, 306.397



40, 3.773, 262.081



33, 56.658, 288.297



4, 14.855, 274.344

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 70.009, 64.836

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 70.009, 64.836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 69.844, 64.762

Protanopia

56, 58.188, 95.202

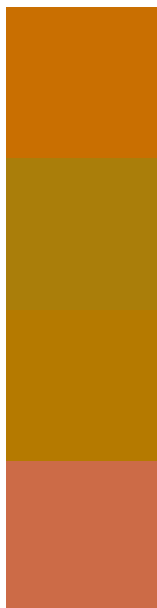
Deuteranopia

56, 61.960, 83.819



Tritanopia
56, 43.148, 19.916

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 69.844, 64.762

Protanomaly
56, 60.028, 82.406

Deuteranomaly
56, 63.843, 76.383

Tritanomaly
56, 51.290, 46.389

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 69.844, 64.762

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 28.037, 75.618

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 70.009, 64.836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 111, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 111, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 111, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 111, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 70.009, 64.836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 111, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 111, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 111, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 111, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 111, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 111,  
1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 70.009, 64.836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 111, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
111, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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