

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 71.103, 322.400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 71.103, 322.400)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 71.271, 322.259)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C05ED3
RGB	192, 94, 211
RGB Percent	75%, 37%, 83%
CMY	0.2471, 0.6314, 0.1726
CMYK	0.09, 0.55, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	290°, 57%, 60%
HSV	290°, 55%, 83%
XYZ	37.4955, 23.9124, 64.2620
YIQ	136.6400, 20.8510, 57.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

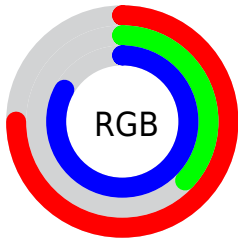
Format	Color
R_{YB}	192, 94, 211
Decimal	12607187
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 56.36, -43.62
CIE _{LCh}	56, 71.271, 322.259
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2984, 0.1903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290797267 (0xFFC05ED3)
YUV	136.6400, 36.6595, 48.5507
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 51.2934, -43.6853

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 71.271, 322.259** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **77, 70.327, 136.424**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 65.670, 325.585**, and **36, 71.524, 322.342** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 81.898, 322.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 59.314, 321.926**.

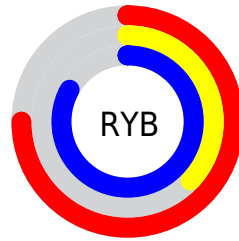
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (37%)

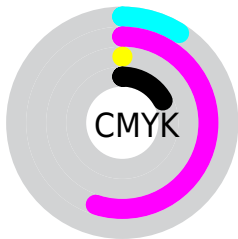
Blue (83%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (83%)

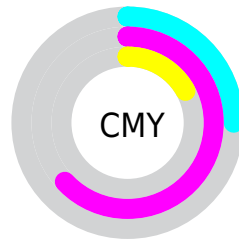


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (63%)


Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 71.271,
322.259


 56, 71.271,
322.259


 100, 71.271,
322.259


 46, 71.271,
322.259


 76, 71.271,
322.259

 36, 71.271,
322.259

 86, 71.271,
322.259

 26, 71.271,
322.259

 96, 71.271,
322.259

 16, 71.271,
322.259

 6, 71.271, 322.259

 0, 71.271, 322.259

56, 71.271,
322.259

56, 71.271,
322.259

52, 81.898,
322.488

60, 59.314,
321.926

49, 90.613,
322.573

65, 46.560,
321.524

46, 96.897,
322.476

71, 33.418,
321.081

45, 100.497,
322.174

76, 20.188,
320.619


44, 101.580,
321.994

81, 7.067, 320.139

87, 5.819, 139.763

93, 18.395,
139.308

97, 25.917,
138.227

 97, 25.309,
135.916

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 71.271, 322.259



77, 70.327, 136.424

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 71.271, 322.259



56, 71.271, 12.259



56, 71.271, 142.259



56, 71.271, 192.259

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 71.269, 322.259



89, 25.933, 320.700



51, 56.710, 291.816



46, 17.366, 320.794



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 71.269, 322.259



62, 96.987, 322.521



57, 58.473, 340.364



41, 7.326, 320.333



35, 85.816, 322.087



5, 29.684, 321.674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 49.399, 14.388



61, 69.607, 18.053



76, 57.954, 150.090



41, 4.555, 6.947



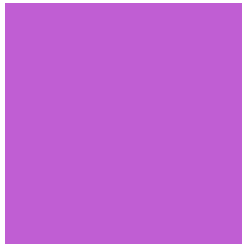
35, 69.530, 31.744



4, 20.140, 11.930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

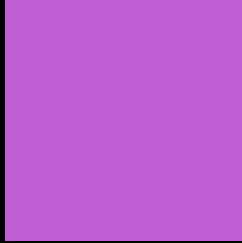
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

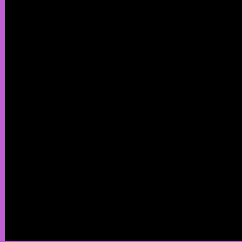
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 71.271, 322.259

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259.

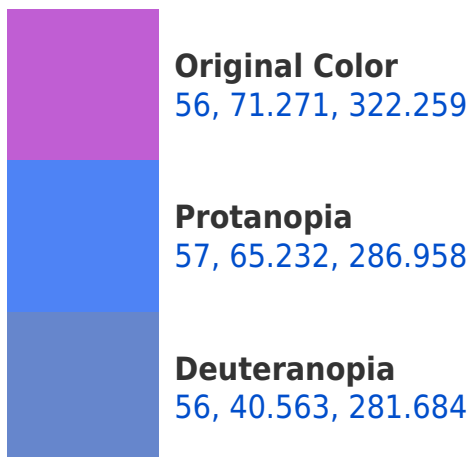


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 71.271, 322.259.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 26.979, 11.897

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 71.271, 322.259



Protanomaly
55, 65.834, 297.622



Deuteranomaly
55, 50.877, 301.291



Tritanomaly
55, 39.137, 340.594

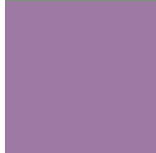
Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 71.271, 322.259



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 28.044, 321.083

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 71.271, 322.259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 94, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 94, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 94, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 94, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 71.271, 322.259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 94, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 94, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 94, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 94, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 94, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 94,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 71.271, 322.259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 94, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 94,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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