

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 79.525, 8.888)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 79.525, 8.888) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 79.637, 8.926)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE2A75
RGB	254, 42, 117
RGB Percent	100%, 16%, 46%
CMY	0.0052, 0.8370, 0.5421
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.54, 0.01
HSL	339°, 99%, 58%
HSV	339°, 84%, 99%
XYZ	44.7647, 23.9124, 19.0099
YIQ	113.9380, 102.2770, 68.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

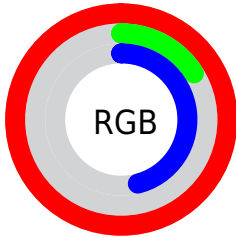
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 42, 117
Decimal	16657013
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 78.67, 12.36
CIE _{LCh}	56, 79.637, 8.926
Yxy	23.9124, 0.5105, 0.2727
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294847093 (0xFFFE2A75)
YUV	113.9380, 1.5096, 122.8344
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 77.8281, 11.1813

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 79.637, 8.926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **89, 68.997, 160.942**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 59.496, 357.161**, and **40, 68.595, 15.340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 83.754, 13.768**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 73.662, 5.043**.

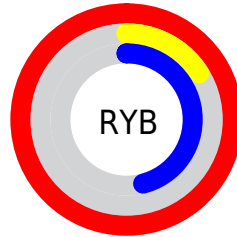
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (16%)

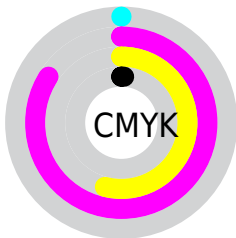
Blue (46%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (46%)

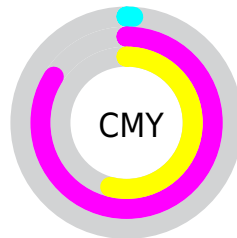


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (84%)


Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 79.637, 8.926  56, 79.637, 8.926

 100, 79.637, 8.926  46, 79.637, 8.926

 76, 79.637, 8.926  36, 79.637, 8.926

 86, 79.637, 8.926  26, 79.637, 8.926

 96, 79.637, 8.926  16, 79.637, 8.926

 6, 79.637, 8.926

 0, 79.637, 8.926

 56, 79.637, 8.926  56, 79.637, 8.926

 54, 83.754, 13.768  59, 73.662, 5.043

 54, 85.813, 17.241  62, 65.830, 1.988

67, 56.516,
359.577

72, 46.244,
357.645

78, 35.506,
356.060

84, 24.677,
354.728

91, 14.012,
353.576

97, 3.660, 352.477

100, 0.458,
200.823

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 79.637, 8.926



89, 68.997, 160.942

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 79.637, 8.926



56, 79.637, 58.926



56, 79.637, 188.926



56, 79.637, 238.926

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 79.633, 8.928



84, 26.277, 354.900



49, 112.877, 316.106



42, 18.003, 355.354



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 79.633, 8.928



54, 86.157, 17.258



58, 87.995, 39.749



50, 5.832, 353.137



40, 69.126, 16.194



10, 31.302, 8.632

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 79.633, 8.928



54, 86.157, 17.258



83, 42.538, 217.805



50, 5.832, 353.137



40, 69.126, 16.194



10, 31.302, 8.632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

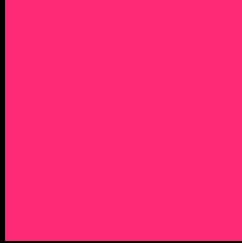
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

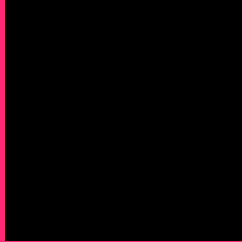
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 79.637, 8.926

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 79.637, 8.926.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 79.637, 8.926

Protanopia

56, 17.229, 286.286

Deuteranopia

56, 17.593, 65.155



Tritanopia
56, 84.052, 32.656

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 79.637, 8.926



Protanomaly
52, 38.220, 341.199



Deuteranomaly
53, 40.622, 14.032

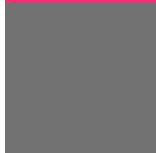


Tritanomaly
56, 80.765, 24.426

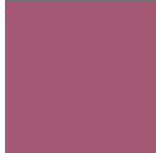
Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 79.637, 8.926



Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
47, 34.821, 358.229

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 79.637, 8.926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 42, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 42, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 42, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 42, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 79.637, 8.926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 42, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 42, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 42, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 42, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 42, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 42,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 79.637, 8.926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 42, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 42,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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