

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 8.086, 17.696)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 8.086, 17.696) contains.

CIELCh(56, 8.110, 20.216)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 8.110, 20.216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	968282
RGB	150, 130, 130
RGB Percent	59%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.4133, 0.4917, 0.4917
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.13, 0.41
HSL	0°, 9%, 55%
HSV	0°, 13%, 59%
XYZ	24.4414, 23.9124, 24.3127
YIQ	135.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

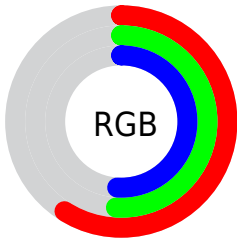
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 130, 130
Decimal	9863810
CIE Lab	56.00, 7.61, 2.80
CIE LCh	56, 8.110, 20.216
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3364, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288053890 (0xFF968282)
YUV	135.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 3.6425, 4.7519

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 8.110, 20.216$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 7.462, 198.774$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 7.958, 19.996$, and $36, 7.987, 20.555$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 14.729, 21.112$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 1.963, 19.385$.

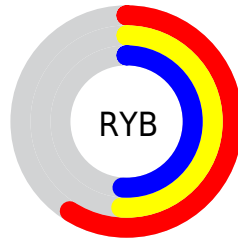
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (51%)

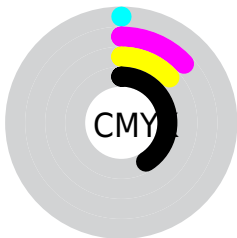
Blue (51%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (51%)

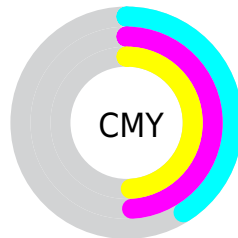


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 8.110, 20.216  56, 8.110, 20.216


 100, 8.110, 20.216  46, 8.110, 20.216

 76, 8.110, 20.216  36, 8.110, 20.216

 86, 8.110, 20.216  26, 8.110, 20.216


 96, 8.110, 20.216  16, 8.110, 20.216

 6, 8.110, 20.216

 0, 8.110, 20.216

 56, 8.110, 20.216  56, 8.110, 20.216

 52, 14.729, 21.112  60, 1.963, 19.385

 48, 21.819, 22.236  65, 3.730, 199.204

44, 29.330, 23.690

69, 9.007, 198.716

40, 37.152, 25.575

74, 13.910,
198.363

37, 45.102, 27.991

79, 18.482,
198.083

34, 52.924, 30.985

32, 60.250, 34.423

83, 22.762,
197.856

31, 66.351, 37.724

88, 26.786,
197.669

31, 69.666, 39.420

92, 30.587,
197.513

94, 31.985,
197.450

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 8.110, 20.216



60, 7.462, 198.774

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 8.110, 20.216



56, 8.110, 70.216



56, 8.110, 200.216



56, 8.110, 250.216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 8.109, 20.227



76, 2.893, 19.468



57, 13.816, 325.140



40, 2.056, 19.538



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 8.109, 20.227



70, 12.129, 20.470



59, 6.947, 73.788



29, 3.342, 19.901



28, 65.124, 38.931



1, 2.828, 19.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 7.462, 198.774



76, 10.945, 198.618



58, 6.726, 257.208



31, 3.159, 199.012



52, 31.689, 196.403



2, 2.828, 199.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 8.110, 20.216

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 8.110, 20.216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 8.110, 20.216

Protanopia

56, 1.638, 63.334

Deuteranopia

56, 7.696, 20.169



Tritanopia
56, 10.779, 348.646

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 8.110, 20.216

Protanomaly
56, 4.045, 27.809

Deuteranomaly
56, 7.696, 20.169

Tritanomaly
56, 9.074, 358.255

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 8.110, 20.216

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 2.780, 19.544

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 8.110, 20.216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 130, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 130, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 130, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 130, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.110, 20.216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 130, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 130, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 130, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 130, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 130, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 130,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 8.110, 20.216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 130, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
130, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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