

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 81.663, 23.336)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 81.663, 23.336) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 81.660, 23.446)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE3253
RGB	254, 50, 83
RGB Percent	100%, 20%, 33%
CMY	0.0048, 0.8049, 0.6751
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.67, 0.00
HSL	350°, 99%, 60%
HSV	350°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	43.4809, 23.9124, 10.4766
YIQ	114.7580, 110.9910, 53.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

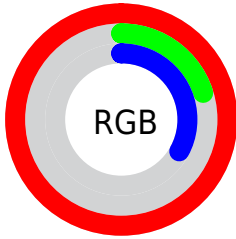
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 50, 83
Decimal	16659027
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 74.92, 32.49
CIE _{LCh}	56, 81.660, 23.446
Yxy	23.9124, 0.5584, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294849107 (0xFFFE3253)
YUV	114.7580, -15.6567, 122.1152
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 73.1422, 21.5277

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 81.660, 23.446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **90, 54.796, 177.628**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 57.018, 17.888**, and **40, 73.948, 29.068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 89.495, 28.346**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 72.645, 19.287**.

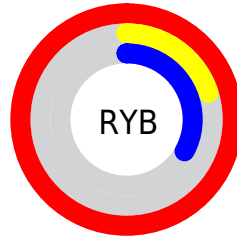
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (20%)

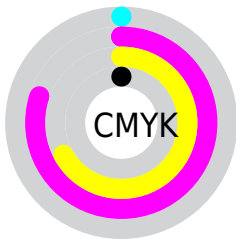
Blue (33%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (33%)

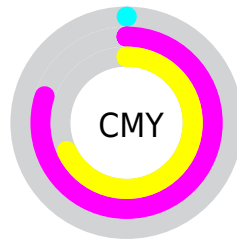


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 56, 81.660, 23.446

 56, 81.660, 23.446

 100, 81.660,
23.446

 46, 81.660, 23.446

 76, 81.660, 23.446

 36, 81.660, 23.446

 86, 81.660, 23.446

 26, 81.660, 23.446

 96, 81.660, 23.446

 16, 81.660, 23.446

 6, 81.660, 23.446

 0, 81.660, 23.446

 56, 81.660, 23.446

 56, 81.660, 23.446

 54, 89.495, 28.346

 59, 72.645, 19.287

 53, 95.984, 33.217

 63, 62.627, 15.939

68, 51.954, 13.302

74, 41.037, 11.223

80, 30.228, 9.565

86, 19.768, 8.215

93, 9.793, 7.079

99, 0.364, 4.501

100, 0.421,
200.953

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 81.660, 23.446



90, 54.796, 177.628

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 81.660, 23.446



56, 81.660, 73.446



56, 81.660, 203.446



56, 81.660, 253.446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 81.656, 23.448



84, 23.581, 8.673



57, 108.731, 322.400



42, 16.348, 9.157



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 81.656, 23.448



54, 93.712, 31.272



65, 76.493, 51.001



50, 5.364, 6.984



40, 76.854, 32.282



10, 32.208, 20.501

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 81.656, 23.448



54, 93.712, 31.272



71, 45.464, 253.488



50, 5.364, 6.984



40, 76.854, 32.282



10, 32.208, 20.501

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

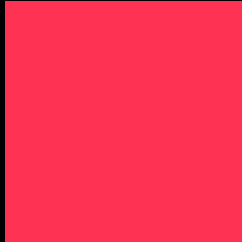
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 81.660, 23.446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 81.660, 23.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 81.660, 23.446

Protanopia

56, 11.203, 93.739

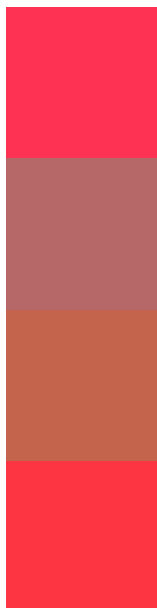
Deuteranopia

56, 36.329, 78.108



Tritanopia
56, 86.545, 33.326

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 81.660, 23.446

Protanomaly
53, 34.532, 23.802

Deuteranomaly
53, 48.115, 40.466

Tritanomaly
56, 84.378, 29.854

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 81.660, 23.446

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 32.287, 11.842

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 81.660, 23.446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 50, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 50, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 50, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 50, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 81.660, 23.446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 50, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 50, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 50, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 50, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 50, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 50,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 81.660, 23.446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 50, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 50,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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