

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 82.693, 1.298)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(56, 82.693, 1.298) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(56, 82.559, 1.347)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF1D86
RGB	255, 29, 134
RGB Percent	100%, 11%, 53%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8875, 0.4735
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.47, 0.00
HSL	332°, 100%, 56%
HSV	332°, 89%, 100%
XYZ	46.1117, 23.9124, 24.8344
YIQ	108.5440, 100.9910, 80.5670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

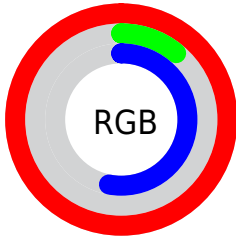
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 29, 134
Decimal	16719238
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.00, 82.54, 1.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 82.559, 1.347
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4861, 0.2521
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294909318 (0xFFFF1D86)
YUV	108.5440, 12.5498, 128.4419
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 82.7453, 4.1194

# Details

The CIELCh color **56, 82.559, 1.347** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **89, 81.030, 152.985**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 65.720, 347.874**, and **41, 68.209, 7.662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 84.240, 5.661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 78.632, 357.757**.

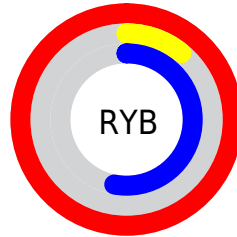
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (11%)

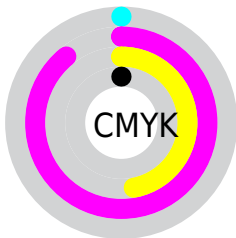
Blue (53%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (53%)

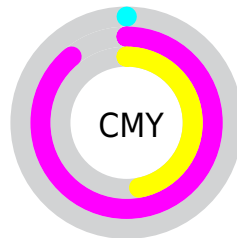


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 56, 82.559, 1.347

 56, 82.559, 1.347

 100, 82.559, 1.347

 46, 82.559, 1.347

 76, 82.559, 1.347

 36, 82.559, 1.347

 86, 82.559, 1.347

 26, 82.559, 1.347

 96, 82.559, 1.347

 16, 82.559, 1.347

 6, 82.559, 1.347

 0, 82.559, 1.347

 56, 82.559, 1.347

 56, 82.559, 1.347

 55, 84.240, 5.661

 58, 78.632,  
357.757

 55, 84.425, 6.237

61, 72.401,  
354.985

65, 64.085,  
352.789

70, 54.234,  
351.014

76, 43.433,  
349.541

82, 32.174,  
348.287

88, 20.815,  
347.193

94, 9.595, 346.205

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 82.559, 1.347



89, 81.030, 152.985

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 82.559, 1.347



56, 82.559, 51.347



56, 82.559, 181.347



56, 82.559, 231.347

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 82.480, 1.282



83, 30.188, 348.086



45, 118.692, 313.192



42, 20.378, 348.484



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 82.480, 1.282



55, 84.425, 6.237



55, 96.927, 37.920



50, 6.243, 346.278



41, 68.018, 5.338



10, 31.593, 359.226





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 82.480, 1.282



55, 84.425, 6.237



89, 47.262, 201.369



50, 6.243, 346.278



41, 68.018, 5.338



10, 31.593, 359.226



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

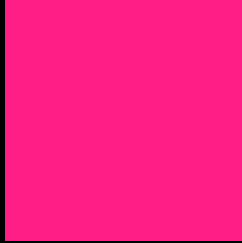
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

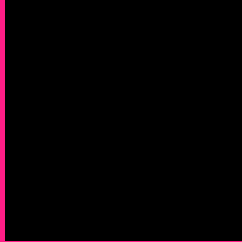
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 56, 82.559, 1.347**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 82.559, 1.347.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56, 82.420, 1.398

### Protanopia

56, 32.781, 285.085

### Deuteranopia

56, 9.728, 40.711



**Tritanopia**  
56, 84.235, 32.488



# Trichromacy



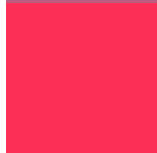
**Original Color**  
56, 82.420, 1.398



**Protanomaly**  
51, 49.563, 325.554



**Deuteranomaly**  
52, 42.440, 358.094



**Tritanomaly**  
55, 80.818, 21.296

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
56, 82.420, 1.398



**Achromatopsia**  
46, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
45, 39.126, 350.541

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 82.559, 1.347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 29, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 29, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 29, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 29, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 82.559, 1.347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 29, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 29, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 29, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 29, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 29, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 29,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 82.559, 1.347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 29, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 29,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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