

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 10.872, 187.452)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 10.872, 187.452)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 10.646, 189.103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	728E8B
RGB	114, 142, 139
RGB Percent	45%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.5516, 0.4418, 0.4536
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.02, 0.44
HSL	174°, 11%, 50%
HSV	174°, 20%, 56%
XYZ	21.3926, 24.9227, 28.2406
YIQ	133.2860, -15.7250, -6.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

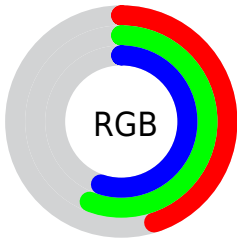
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 129, 142
Decimal	7507595
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -10.51, -1.68
CIE _{LCh}	57, 10.646, 189.103
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2869, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285697675 (0xFF728E8B)
YUV	133.2860, 2.8170, -16.9138
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -10.8747, 1.4062

Details

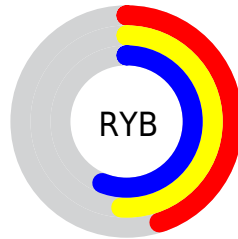
The CIELCh color $57, 10.646, 189.103$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $51, 11.757, 12.303$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 10.948, 187.251$, and $37, 10.872, 188.103$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 15.636, 188.302$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 5.346, 189.905$.

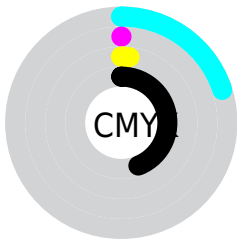
Distribution



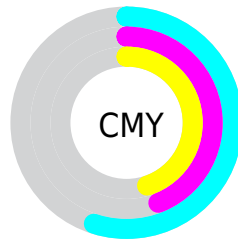
- Red (45%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 10.646,
189.103


 57, 10.646,
189.103


 100, 10.646,
189.103


 47, 10.646,
189.103


 77, 10.646,
189.103

 37, 10.646,
189.103

 87, 10.646,
189.103

 27, 10.646,
189.103

 97, 10.646,
189.103

 17, 10.646,
189.103

 7, 10.646, 189.103

 0, 10.646, 189.103

■ 57, 10.646,
189.103

■ 57, 10.646,
189.103

■ 56, 15.636,
188.302

■ 58, 5.346, 189.905

■ 55, 20.227,
187.493

■ 59, 0.183, 8.307

■ 60, 5.867, 11.260

■ 55, 24.332,
186.659

■ 62, 11.645, 12.031

■ 54, 27.872,
185.789

■ 63, 17.466, 12.768

■ 65, 23.291, 13.488

■ 54, 30.789,
184.867

■ 66, 29.088, 14.192

■ 53, 33.052,
183.878

■ 68, 34.836, 14.880

■ 70, 40.519, 15.552

■ 53, 34.670,
182.803

■ 53, 35.830,

181.668

■ 53, 35.867,
181.633

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 10.646, 189.103



51, 11.757, 12.303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 10.646, 189.103



57, 10.646, 239.103



57, 10.646, 9.103



57, 10.646, 59.103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 10.647, 189.097



75, 4.150, 190.219



57, 18.835, 140.211



39, 2.772, 190.166



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 10.647, 189.097



72, 15.968, 188.713



54, 8.756, 244.155



30, 3.130, 189.947



50, 34.520, 181.696



2, 2.151, 190.575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 11.757, 12.303



63, 18.108, 12.859



54, 9.552, 60.007



28, 3.273, 11.235



27, 60.723, 34.184



0, 2.151, 10.559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

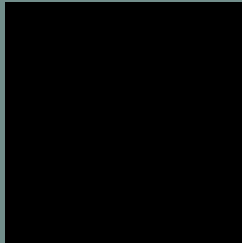
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 10.646, 189.103

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 10.646, 189.103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

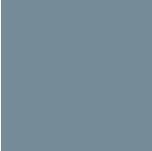
Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 10.646, 189.103

Protanopia
57, 1.182, 19.175

Deuteranopia
57, 7.841, 339.346



Tritanopia
57, 10.584, 239.329

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 10.646, 189.103

Protanomaly
57, 3.159, 188.804

Deuteranomaly
57, 2.315, 280.849

Tritanomaly
57, 9.669, 219.464

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 10.646, 189.103

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 3.916, 190.709

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 10.646, 189.103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 142, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 142, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 142, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 142, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 10.646, 189.103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 142, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 142, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 142, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 142, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 142, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 142,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 10.646, 189.103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 142, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
142, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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