

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 116.106, 325.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 116.106, 325.234)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 116.135, 325.116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB01FF
RGB	235, 1, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 0%, 100%
CMY	0.0779, 0.9976, 0.0000
CMYK	0.08, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	295°, 100%, 50%
HSV	295°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.3760, 24.9227, 96.7572
YIQ	99.9220, 57.9300, 128.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

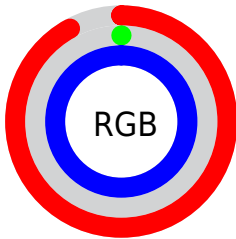
Format	Color
R_{YB}	235, 1, 255
Decimal	15401471
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 95.27, -66.42
CIE _{LCh}	57, 116.135, 325.116
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3009, 0.1432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293591551 (0xFFEB01FF)
YUV	99.9220, 76.4535, 118.4634
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 99.9076, -79.9668

Details

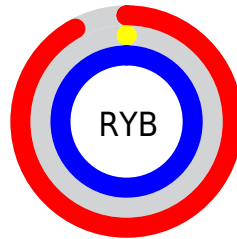
The CIELCh color **57, 116.135, 325.116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **88, 119.315, 135.770**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 90.426, 327.467**, and **43, 95.969, 323.707** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 116.132, 325.128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 113.665, 325.313**.

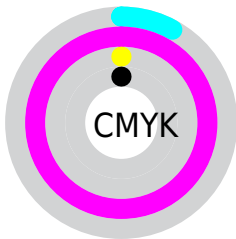
Distribution



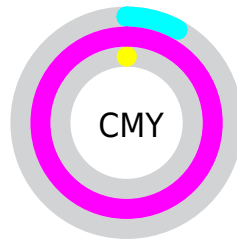
- Red (92%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 116.135,
325.116


 57, 116.135,
325.116


 100, 116.135,
325.116


 47, 116.135,
325.116


 77, 116.135,
325.116


 37, 116.135,
325.116


 87, 116.135,
325.116

 27, 116.135,
325.116

 97, 116.135,
325.116

 17, 116.135,
325.116

 7, 116.135,
325.116

 0, 116.135,
325.116

■ 57, 116.135,
325.116

■ 57, 116.135,
325.116

■ 57, 116.132,
325.128

■ 58, 113.665,
325.313

■ 60, 108.473,
325.356

■ 63, 100.231,
325.254

■ 66, 89.301,
325.022

■ 71, 76.288,
324.685

■ 76, 61.848,
324.272

■ 82, 46.566,
323.806

■ 88, 30.902,

323.310

94, 15.188,
322.797

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 116.135, 325.116



88, 119.315, 135.770

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 116.135, 325.116



57, 116.135, 15.116



57, 116.135, 145.116



57, 116.135, 195.116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 116.088, 325.133



82, 46.933, 323.818



34, 129.904, 305.475



41, 31.968, 324.018



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 116.088, 325.133



57, 116.132, 325.128



56, 86.493, 354.999



50, 8.842, 322.783



43, 93.527, 325.180



11, 42.994, 325.541

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 101.237, 37.587



53, 101.375, 37.656



88, 97.407, 144.909



50, 5.272, 13.632



40, 80.979, 36.991



10, 32.755, 24.019

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

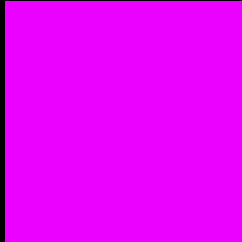
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 116.135, 325.116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 116.135, 325.116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 116.064, 325.112

Protanopia

58, 68.970, 286.756

Deuteranopia

58, 58.680, 279.258



Tritanopia
57, 50.060, 21.724

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 116.064, 325.112



Protanomaly
50, 97.163, 306.495



Deuteranomaly
49, 90.022, 304.510



Tritanomaly
54, 71.455, 345.985

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 116.064, 325.112



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
42, 59.587, 325.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 116.135, 325.116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 1, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 1, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 1, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 1, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 116.135, 325.116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 1, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 1, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 1, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 1, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 1, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 1,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 116.135, 325.116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 1, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235, 1,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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