

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 12.003, 288.646)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 12.003, 288.646)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 11.997, 289.827)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86879C
RGB	134, 135, 156
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 61%
CMY	0.4733, 0.4693, 0.3870
CMYK	0.14, 0.13, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	237°, 10%, 57%
HSV	237°, 14%, 61%
XYZ	24.6192, 24.9227, 35.1105
YIQ	137.0950, -7.3370, 6.3190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

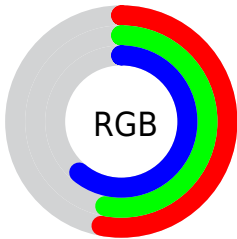
Format	Color
RYB	134, 135, 156
Decimal	8816540
CIELab	57.00, 4.07, -11.29
CIELCh	57, 11.997, 289.827
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2908, 0.2944
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287006620 (0xFF86879C)
YUV	137.0950, 9.3202, -2.7143
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 0.6622, -6.7528

Details

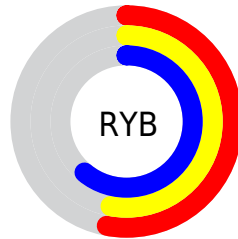
The CIELCh color $57, 11.997, 289.827$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 11.658, 106.921$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 11.831, 289.569$, and $37, 12.389, 290.378$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 20.913, 291.125$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 3.416, 288.726$.

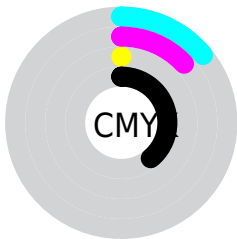
Distribution



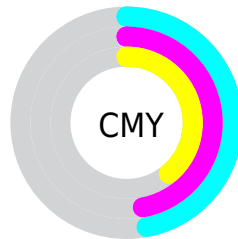
- Red (53%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 11.997,
289.827

■ 57, 11.997,
289.827

■ 100, 11.997,
289.827

■ 47, 11.997,
289.827

■ 77, 11.997,
289.827

■ 37, 11.997,
289.827

■ 87, 11.997,
289.827

■ 27, 11.997,
289.827

■ 97, 11.997,
289.827

■ 17, 11.997,
289.827

■ 7, 11.997, 289.827

■ 0, 11.997, 289.827

57, 11.997,
289.827

57, 11.997,
289.827

52, 20.913,
291.125

62, 3.416, 288.726

46, 30.195,
292.651

68, 4.853, 107.743

41, 39.859,
294.424

73, 12.832,
106.939

36, 49.895,
296.447

78, 20.542,
106.242

31, 60.198,
298.681

83, 28.001,
105.639

26, 70.454,
301.007

88, 35.223,
105.115

22, 79.944,
303.200


93, 42.225,
104.658

19, 87.467,

98, 48.980,
106.288

304.951

 98, 49.115,
106.421

 18, 90.621,
305.619

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 11.997, 289.827



64, 11.658, 106.921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 11.997, 289.827



57, 11.997, 339.827



57, 11.997, 109.827



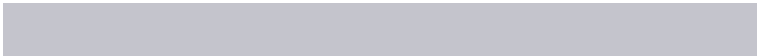
57, 11.997, 159.827

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 11.996, 289.824



79, 4.162, 288.726



63, 8.196, 194.388



41, 2.954, 288.797



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 11.996, 289.824



71, 18.104, 290.225



58, 13.144, 307.962



31, 4.820, 289.268



16, 84.587, 305.544



0, 6.225, 288.402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 8.877, 16.645



72, 13.470, 16.950



63, 12.872, 126.665



31, 3.537, 16.216



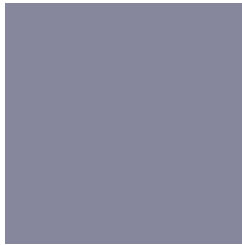
29, 65.551, 37.333



1, 4.485, 15.819

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

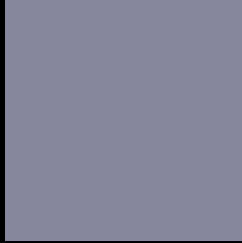
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

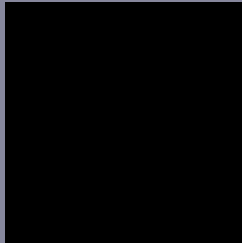
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

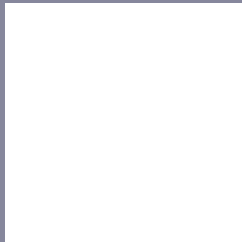
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 11.997, 289.827

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 11.997, 289.827.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 11.997, 289.827

Protanopia

57, 12.012, 286.333

Deuteranopia

57, 14.013, 302.422



Tritanopia
57, 6.425, 277.361

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 11.997, 289.827

Protanomaly
57, 12.012, 286.333

Deuteranomaly
57, 13.257, 298.100

Tritanomaly
57, 8.616, 283.724

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 11.997, 289.827

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 4.570, 290.725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 11.997, 289.827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 135, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 135, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 135, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 135, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 11.997, 289.827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 135, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 135, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 135, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 135, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 135, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 135,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 11.997, 289.827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 135, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
135, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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