

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 12.736, 171.735)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 12.736, 171.735)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 12.850, 171.774)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718F85
RGB	113, 143, 133
RGB Percent	44%, 56%, 52%
CMY	0.5561, 0.4385, 0.4777
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.07, 0.44
HSL	160°, 12%, 50%
HSV	160°, 21%, 56%
XYZ	20.9305, 24.9227, 25.9646
YIQ	132.8900, -14.6700, -9.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

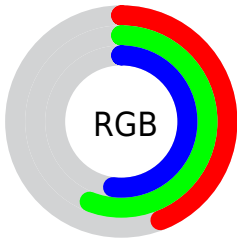
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 131, 143
Decimal	7442309
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -12.72, 1.84
CIE _{LCh}	57, 12.850, 171.774
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2914, 0.3470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285632389 (0xFF718F85)
YUV	132.8900, 0.0542, -17.4435
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -12.5270, 4.1092

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 12.850, 171.774$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $51, 13.538, 355.724$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 13.061, 171.519$, and $37, 13.048, 172.410$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 18.742, 170.716$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 6.773, 172.760$.

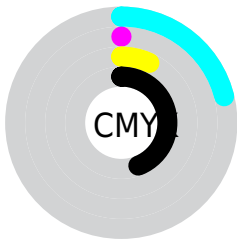
Distribution



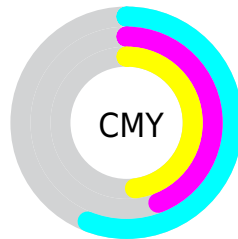
- Red (44%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 12.850,
171.774


 57, 12.850,
171.774


 100, 12.850,
171.774


 47, 12.850,
171.774


 77, 12.850,
171.774

 37, 12.850,
171.774

 87, 12.850,
171.774

 27, 12.850,
171.774

 97, 12.850,
171.774

 17, 12.850,
171.774

 7, 12.850, 171.774

 0, 12.850, 171.774

■ 57, 12.850,
171.774

■ 57, 12.850,
171.774

■ 56, 18.742,
170.716

■ 58, 6.773, 172.760

■ 59, 0.590, 174.219

■ 55, 24.351,
169.566

■ 61, 5.627, 354.376

■ 54, 29.582,
168.299

■ 62, 11.823,
355.199

■ 54, 34.338,
166.892

■ 64, 17.955,
355.957

■ 53, 38.543,
165.322

■ 65, 23.992,
356.673

■ 53, 42.148,
163.569


■ 67, 29.913,
357.355

■ 53, 45.149,
161.621

■ 69, 35.703,
358.006

■ 52, 47.523,

159.799

 71, 41.354,
358.630

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 12.850, 171.774



51, 13.538, 355.724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 12.850, 171.774



57, 12.850, 221.774



57, 12.850, 351.774



57, 12.850, 41.774

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 12.851, 171.771



75, 4.604, 173.243



57, 18.775, 133.229



39, 3.077, 173.184



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 12.851, 171.771



72, 18.891, 171.299



56, 9.658, 214.124



30, 3.485, 172.935



50, 45.471, 159.928



2, 2.369, 173.696

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 13.538, 355.724



63, 20.138, 356.264



52, 11.086, 34.032



28, 3.567, 354.461



28, 53.594, 16.451



0, 2.370, 353.683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

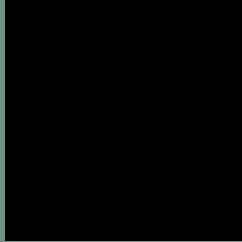
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 12.850, 171.774

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 12.850, 171.774.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

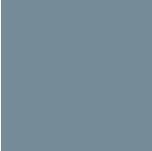
Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 12.850, 171.774

Protanopia
57, 4.446, 82.779

Deuteranopia
57, 7.406, 6.859



Tritanopia
57, 10.584, 239.329

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 12.850, 171.774

Protanomaly
57, 5.568, 144.160

Deuteranomaly
57, 1.195, 90.714

Tritanomaly
57, 9.419, 212.687

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 12.850, 171.774

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.886, 171.074

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 12.850, 171.774 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 143, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 143, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 143, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 143, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 12.850, 171.774 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 143, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 143, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 143, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 143, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 143, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 143,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 12.850, 171.774 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 143, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
143, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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