

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 12.764, 144.180)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 12.764, 144.180)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 12.775, 145.098)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B8E7C
RGB	123, 142, 124
RGB Percent	48%, 56%, 49%
CMY	0.5185, 0.4440, 0.5146
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.13, 0.44
HSL	123°, 8%, 52%
HSV	123°, 13%, 56%
XYZ	21.3999, 24.9227, 22.6779
YIQ	134.2670, -5.5460, -9.6260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

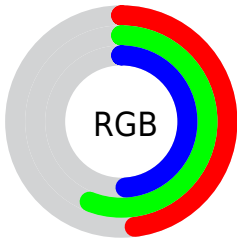
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 141, 142
Decimal	8097404
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -10.48, 7.31
CIE _{LCh}	57, 12.775, 145.098
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3101, 0.3612
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286287484 (0xFF7B8E7C)
YUV	134.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -10.8485, 8.0127

Details

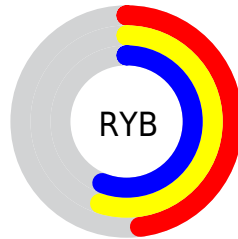
The CIELCh color $57, 12.775, 145.098$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 12.794, 326.597$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 12.673, 145.218$, and $37, 13.076, 144.811$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 22.379, 144.373$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 3.216, 145.761$.

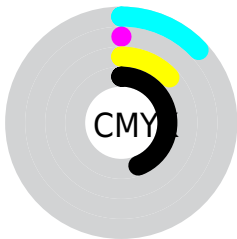
Distribution



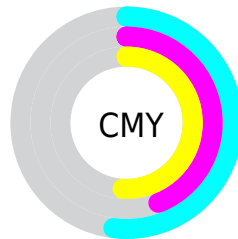
- Red (48%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 12.775,
145.098


 57, 12.775,
145.098

 100, 12.775,
145.098


 47, 12.775,
145.098

 77, 12.775,
145.098

 37, 12.775,
145.098

 87, 12.775,
145.098

 27, 12.775,
145.098

 97, 12.775,
145.098

 17, 12.775,
145.098

 7, 12.775, 145.098

 0, 12.775, 145.098

■ 57, 12.775,
145.098

■ 57, 12.775,
145.098

■ 56, 22.379,
144.373

■ 58, 3.216, 145.761

■ 55, 31.887,
143.536

■ 60, 6.205, 326.186

■ 54, 41.129,
142.576

■ 62, 15.418,
326.655

■ 53, 49.885,
141.496

■ 63, 24.379,
327.043

■ 52, 57.899,
140.322

■ 65, 33.064,
327.374

■ 52, 64.875,
139.109

■ 67, 41.462,
327.660


■ 51, 70.498,
137.954


■ 69, 49.573,
327.907

■ 51, 74.484,

■ 72, 57.402,
328.122

136.984

 74, 64.961,
328.309

 51, 76.285,
136.599

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 12.775, 145.098



54, 12.794, 326.597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 12.775, 145.098



57, 12.775, 195.098



57, 12.775, 325.098



57, 12.775, 15.098

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 12.776, 145.098



74, 4.676, 145.711



58, 10.729, 110.994



38, 3.314, 145.664



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 12.776, 145.098



72, 18.864, 144.896



57, 8.883, 165.328



29, 5.401, 145.376



49, 73.619, 136.633



2, 3.634, 145.886

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 12.794, 326.597



67, 18.888, 326.761



53, 9.070, 347.558



28, 5.411, 326.359



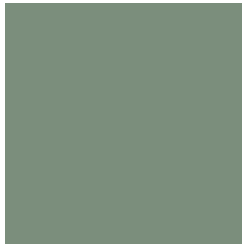
31, 69.259, 330.385



1, 3.634, 325.881

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

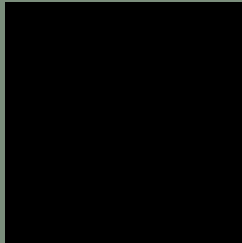
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 12.775, 145.098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 12.775, 145.098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 12.775, 145.098

Protanopia
57, 8.990, 90.443

Deuteranopia
57, 9.696, 40.713



Tritanopia
57, 7.403, 257.411

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 12.775, 145.098

Protanomaly
57, 9.121, 114.216

Deuteranomaly
57, 6.862, 84.842

Tritanomaly
57, 5.346, 205.109

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 12.775, 145.098

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.882, 144.202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 12.775, 145.098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 142, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 142, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 142, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 142, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 12.775, 145.098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 142, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 142, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 142, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 142, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 142, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 142,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 12.775, 145.098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 142, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
142, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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