

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 13.705, 66.821)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 13.705, 66.821) contains.

CIELCh(57, 13.911, 66.912)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 13.911, 66.912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B8573
RGB	155, 133, 115
RGB Percent	61%, 52%, 45%
CMY	0.3928, 0.4790, 0.5496
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.26, 0.39
HSL	27°, 17%, 53%
HSV	27°, 26%, 61%
XYZ	24.9418, 24.9227, 19.6724
YIQ	137.5260, 18.8900, -0.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

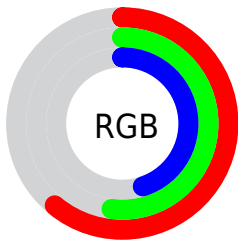
Format	Color
RYB	155, 148, 115
Decimal	10192243
CIELab	57.00, 5.46, 12.80
CIElCh	57, 13.911, 66.912
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3587, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288382323 (0xFF9B8573)
YUV	137.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 1.8156, 11.5821

Details

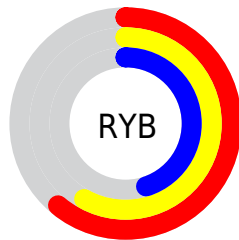
The CIELCh color $57, 13.911, 66.912$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 12.712, 253.456$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 13.905, 66.544$, and $37, 13.866, 68.429$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 19.839, 65.815$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 8.295, 68.024$.

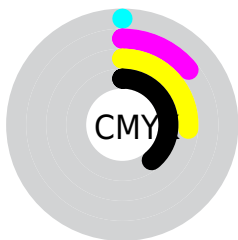
Distribution



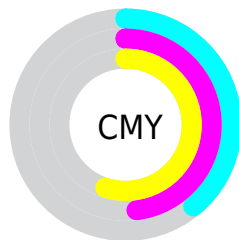
- Red (61%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 13.911, 66.912

■ 57, 13.911, 66.912

■ 100, 13.911,
66.912

■ 47, 13.911, 66.912

■ 77, 13.911, 66.912

■ 37, 13.911, 66.912

■ 87, 13.911, 66.912

■ 27, 13.911, 66.912

■ 97, 13.911, 66.912

■ 17, 13.911, 66.912

■ 7, 13.911, 66.912

■ 0, 13.911, 66.912

■ 57, 13.911, 66.912

■ 57, 13.911, 66.912

■ 54, 19.839, 65.815

■ 60, 8.295, 68.024

■ 52, 26.084, 64.719

■ 62, 2.971, 69.070

49, 32.620, 63.629

65, 2.086, 250.451

47, 39.361, 62.522

68, 6.904, 251.426

45, 46.102, 61.325

71, 11.509,
252.468

43, 52.416, 59.874

73, 15.926,
253.490

41, 57.646, 57.909

76, 20.177,
254.480

40, 59.862, 57.227

79, 24.283,
255.435

82, 28.259,
256.351

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 13.911, 66.912



56, 12.712, 253.456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 13.911, 66.912



57, 13.911, 116.912



57, 13.911, 246.912



57, 13.911, 296.912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 13.911, 66.921



78, 5.089, 68.843



53, 20.242, 343.202



41, 3.660, 68.695



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 13.911, 66.921



71, 21.024, 66.281



62, 21.064, 105.552



31, 2.881, 68.734



36, 55.561, 57.581



2, 3.041, 68.947

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 12.712, 253.456



69, 18.775, 254.512



50, 22.222, 291.185



31, 2.802, 251.001



32, 40.991, 277.548



2, 3.070, 250.896

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

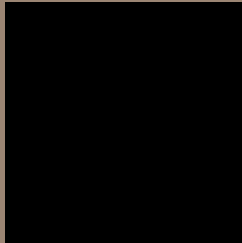
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 13.911, 66.912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 13.911, 66.912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 13.911, 66.912

Protanopia

57, 11.707, 94.402

Deuteranopia

57, 14.772, 60.675



Tritanopia
57, 12.873, 354.682

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 13.911, 66.912

Protanomaly
57, 12.110, 82.114

Deuteranomaly
57, 14.443, 61.779

Tritanomaly
57, 11.022, 20.541

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 13.911, 66.912

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 4.685, 66.207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 13.911, 66.912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 133, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 133, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 133, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 133, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 13.911, 66.912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 133, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 133, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 133, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 133, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 133, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 133,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 13.911, 66.912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 133, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
133, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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