

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 14.324, 272.968)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 14.324, 272.968)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 14.324, 272.968)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C89A1
RGB	124, 137, 161
RGB Percent	49%, 54%, 63%
CMY	0.5120, 0.4610, 0.3669
CMYK	0.23, 0.15, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	219°, 17%, 56%
HSV	219°, 23%, 63%
XYZ	23.8562, 24.9227, 37.4806
YIQ	135.8490, -15.4520, 4.7080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

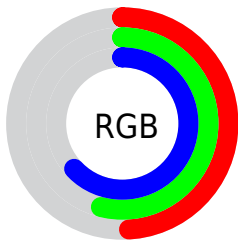
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 134, 161
Decimal	8161697
CIELab	57.00, 0.74, -14.30
CIElCh	57, 14.324, 272.968
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2766, 0.2889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286351777 (0xFF7C89A1)
YUV	135.8490, 12.3994, -10.3916
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -2.0661, -9.5675

# Details

The CIELCh color  $57, 14.324, 272.968$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $62, 14.467, 86.776$ , and the grayscale version is  $57, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77, 14.549, 273.669$ , and  $37, 14.263, 272.744$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53, 20.705, 274.799$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $61, 8.025, 271.401$ .

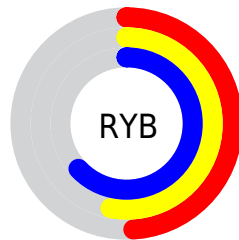
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (54%)

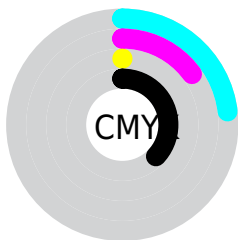
Blue (63%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (63%)

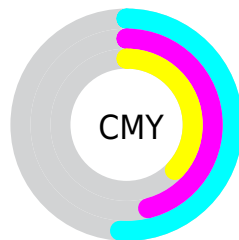


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57, 14.324,  
272.968

 57, 14.324,  
272.968


 100, 14.324,  
272.968

 47, 14.324,  
272.968

 77, 14.324,  
272.968

 37, 14.324,  
272.968

 87, 14.324,  
272.968

 27, 14.324,  
272.968

 97, 14.324,  
272.968

 17, 14.324,  
272.968

 7, 14.324, 272.968

 0, 14.324, 272.968

■ 57, 14.324,  
272.968

■ 57, 14.324,  
272.968

■ 53, 20.705,  
274.799

■ 61, 8.025, 271.401

■ 49, 27.179,  
276.942

■ 65, 1.810, 270.141

■ 69, 4.320, 88.802

■ 45, 33.761,  
279.434

■ 73, 10.364, 87.817

■ 41, 40.475,  
282.298

■ 77, 16.317, 86.938

■ 82, 22.178, 86.161

■ 37, 47.355,  
285.524

■ 86, 27.945, 85.472

■ 34, 54.420,  
289.045

■ 90, 33.618, 84.857

■ 92, 37.137, 92.736

■ 30, 61.635,  
292.718

■ 28, 66.782,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 14.324, 272.968



62, 14.467, 86.776

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 14.324, 272.968



57, 14.324, 322.968



57, 14.324, 92.968



57, 14.324, 142.968

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 14.323, 272.965



80, 5.347, 270.615



63, 15.835, 169.381



42, 3.468, 270.683



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 14.323, 272.965



70, 21.671, 273.955



54, 21.510, 297.423



32, 3.535, 270.894



25, 61.252, 294.828



2, 5.668, 272.318



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 16.531, 354.777



68, 25.097, 355.461



65, 20.442, 113.681



32, 4.026, 353.295



30, 56.271, 15.193



1, 6.051, 354.707



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

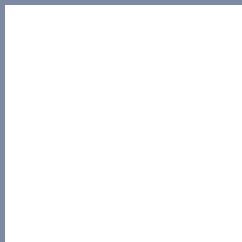
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 57, 14.324, 272.968**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 14.324, 272.968.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57, 14.324, 272.968

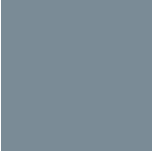
### Protanopia

57, 14.300, 287.494

### Deuteranopia

57, 16.682, 297.088





**Tritanopia**  
57, 8.720, 245.244

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 14.324, 272.968

**Protanomaly**  
57, 14.428, 281.822

**Deuteranomaly**  
57, 15.436, 287.970

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 10.492, 259.998

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 14.324, 272.968

**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
57, 4.911, 268.001

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 14.324, 272.968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 137, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 137, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 137, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 137, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 14.324, 272.968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 137, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 137, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 137, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 137, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 137, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 137,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 14.324, 272.968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 137, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
137, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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