

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 15.033, 185.679)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 15.033, 185.679)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 14.643, 186.714)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69908B
RGB	105, 144, 139
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.5872, 0.4342, 0.4538
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.03, 0.43
HSL	172°, 16%, 49%
HSV	172°, 27%, 57%
XYZ	20.5533, 24.9227, 28.2590
YIQ	131.7690, -21.6390, -9.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

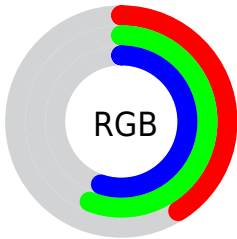
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 126, 144
Decimal	6918283
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -14.54, -1.71
CIE _{LCh}	57, 14.643, 186.714
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2787, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285108363 (0xFF69908B)
YUV	131.7690, 3.5649, -23.4764
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -13.8756, 1.3844

Details

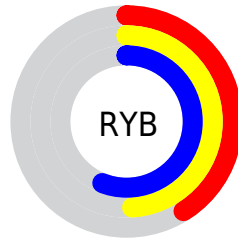
The CIELCh color $57, 14.643, 186.714$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $49, 16.723, 11.544$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 14.842, 185.705$, and $37, 14.896, 185.425$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 19.473, 185.850$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 9.448, 187.551$.

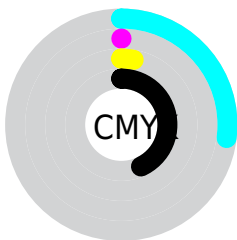
Distribution



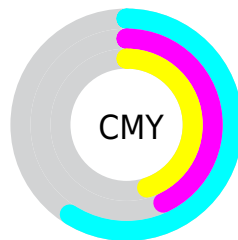
- Red (41%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 14.643,
186.714


 57, 14.643,
186.714


 100, 14.643,
186.714


 47, 14.643,
186.714


 77, 14.643,
186.714

 37, 14.643,
186.714

 87, 14.643,
186.714

 27, 14.643,
186.714

 97, 14.643,
186.714

 17, 14.643,
186.714

 7, 14.643, 186.714

 0, 14.643, 186.714

■ 57, 14.643,
186.714

■ 57, 14.643,
186.714

■ 56, 19.473,
185.850

■ 58, 9.448, 187.551

■ 55, 23.845,
184.955

■ 59, 3.973, 188.414

■ 60, 1.699, 8.849

■ 55, 27.676,
184.012

■ 62, 7.499, 9.806

■ 54, 30.896,
183.006

■ 63, 13.367, 10.583

■ 65, 19.255, 11.330

■ 54, 33.466,
181.918

■ 66, 25.129, 12.058

■ 54, 35.381,
180.730

■ 68, 30.959, 12.767

■ 70, 36.727, 13.459

■ 54, 36.732,
179.442

■ 54, 37.106,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 14.643, 186.714



49, 16.723, 11.544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 14.643, 186.714



57, 14.643, 236.714



57, 14.643, 6.714



57, 14.643, 56.714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 14.644, 186.710



75, 5.612, 188.310



56, 26.044, 139.296



39, 3.967, 188.187



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 14.644, 186.710



72, 21.232, 186.228



53, 11.910, 243.044



30, 3.150, 188.221



50, 35.352, 179.156



2, 2.163, 188.878

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 16.723, 11.544



60, 25.004, 12.314



52, 13.579, 57.470



28, 3.288, 9.564



27, 59.923, 32.928



0, 2.163, 8.862

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

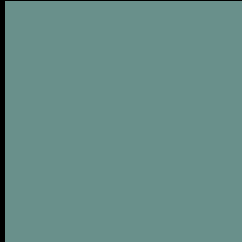
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

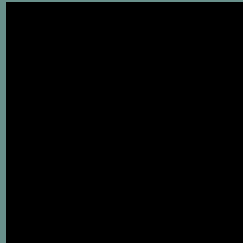
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 14.643, 186.714

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 14.643, 186.714.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 14.643, 186.714

Protanopia
57, 1.633, 63.336

Deuteranopia
57, 8.220, 336.333



Tritanopia
57, 13.536, 229.032

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 14.643, 186.714

Protanomaly
57, 4.971, 178.831

Deuteranomaly
57, 3.222, 262.067

Tritanomaly
57, 13.155, 213.453

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 14.643, 186.714

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 5.421, 192.847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 14.643, 186.714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 144, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 144, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 144, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 144, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 14.643, 186.714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 144, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 144, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 144, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 144, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 144, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 144, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 14.643, 186.714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 144, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
144, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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