

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 15.083, 230.598)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 15.083, 230.598)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 15.075, 230.573)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	698F9D
RGB	105, 143, 157
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.5898, 0.4408, 0.3859
CMYK	0.33, 0.09, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	196°, 21%, 51%
HSV	196°, 33%, 61%
XYZ	21.5911, 24.9227, 35.3867
YIQ	133.2340, -27.1420, -3.7020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

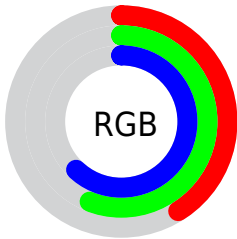
Format	Color
RYB	105, 127, 157
Decimal	6918045
CIELab	57.00, -9.57, -11.64
CIElCh	57, 15.075, 230.573
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2636, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285108125 (0xFF698F9D)
YUV	133.2340, 11.7166, -24.7612
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -10.1649, -7.0808

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 15.075, 230.573** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **53, 18.593, 46.354**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 15.127, 230.929**, and **37, 15.108, 230.375** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 18.921, 231.979**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 10.860, 229.477**.

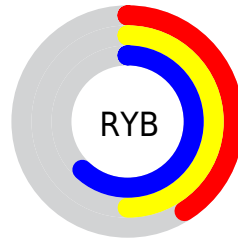
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (56%)

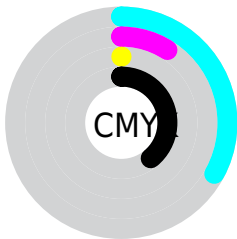
Blue (62%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (62%)

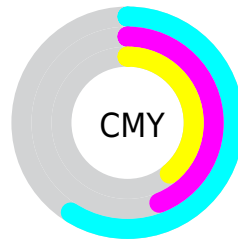


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 15.075,
230.573


 57, 15.075,
230.573


 100, 15.075,
230.573


 47, 15.075,
230.573


 77, 15.075,
230.573

 37, 15.075,
230.573

 87, 15.075,
230.573

 27, 15.075,
230.573

 97, 15.075,
230.573

 17, 15.075,
230.573

 7, 15.075, 230.573

 0, 15.075, 230.573

■ 57, 15.075,
230.573

■ 57, 15.075,
230.573

■ 55, 18.921,
231.979

■ 59, 10.860,
229.477

■ 53, 22.341,
233.778

■ 61, 6.340, 228.650

■ 64, 1.572, 228.199

■ 51, 25.291,
236.050

■ 66, 3.390, 47.291

■ 49, 27.752,
238.884

■ 69, 8.500, 46.986

■ 48, 29.749,
242.352

■ 71, 13.718, 46.718

■ 74, 19.013, 46.515

■ 46, 31.359,
246.489

■ 76, 24.358, 46.365

■ 45, 32.386,
249.466

■ 79, 29.732, 46.259

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 15.075, 230.573



53, 18.593, 46.354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 15.075, 230.573



57, 15.075, 280.573



57, 15.075, 50.573



57, 15.075, 100.573

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 15.075, 230.569



79, 5.999, 228.453



60, 29.444, 150.349



41, 4.071, 228.535



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 15.075, 230.569



71, 21.934, 231.605



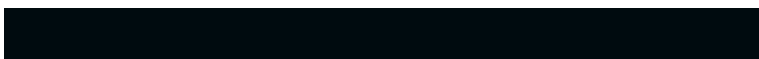
50, 23.577, 283.133



32, 2.762, 228.398



41, 30.194, 249.044



3, 3.666, 232.130

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 29.639, 335.346



62, 44.055, 335.933



60, 22.905, 94.407



31, 5.057, 333.633



31, 61.401, 342.291



1, 6.405, 334.466

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

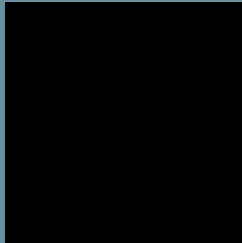
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 15.075, 230.573

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 15.075, 230.573.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 15.075, 230.573

Protanopia
57, 9.716, 289.126

Deuteranopia
57, 15.074, 300.305



Tritanopia
57, 14.717, 223.697

Trichromacy



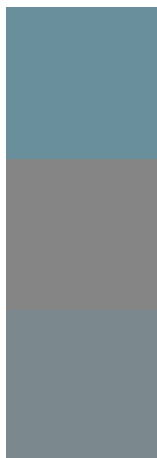
Original Color
57, 15.075, 230.573

Protanomaly
57, 10.492, 259.998

Deuteranomaly
57, 12.979, 275.549

Tritanomaly
57, 14.904, 225.833

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 15.075, 230.573

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 5.914, 234.690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 15.075, 230.573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 143, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 143, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 143, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 143, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 15.075, 230.573 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 143, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 143, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 143, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 143, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 143, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 143,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 15.075, 230.573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 143, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
143, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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