

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 16.112, 197.913)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 16.112, 197.913)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 16.272, 197.889)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 16.272, 197.889)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	639191
RGB	99, 145, 145
RGB Percent	39%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.6120, 0.4316, 0.4316
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	180°, 19%, 48%
HSV	180°, 32%, 57%
XYZ	20.3602, 24.9227, 30.4996
YIQ	131.2460, -27.4160, -9.7520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

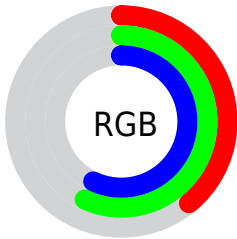
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 122, 145
Decimal	6525329
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -15.49, -5.00
CIE _{LCh}	57, 16.272, 197.889
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2687, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284715409 (0xFF639191)
YUV	131.2460, 6.7807, -28.2797
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -14.5660, -1.2767

Details

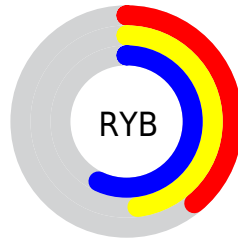
The CIELCh color $57, 16.272, 197.889$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $47, 20.106, 22.012$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 16.427, 198.200$, and $37, 16.081, 199.607$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 20.513, 197.491$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 11.545, 198.337$.

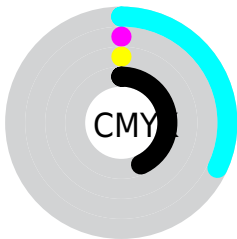
Distribution



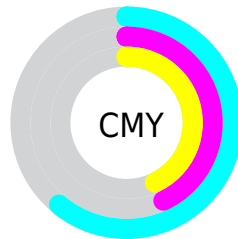
- Red (39%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 16.272,
197.889

■ 57, 16.272,
197.889

■ 100, 16.272,
197.889

■ 47, 16.272,
197.889

■ 77, 16.272,
197.889

■ 37, 16.272,
197.889

■ 87, 16.272,
197.889

■ 27, 16.272,
197.889

■ 97, 16.272,
197.889

■ 17, 16.272,
197.889

■ 7, 16.272, 197.889

■ 0, 16.272, 197.889

■ 57, 16.272,
197.889

■ 57, 16.272,
197.889

■ 56, 20.513,
197.491

■ 58, 11.545,
198.337

■ 56, 24.188,
197.155

■ 59, 6.417, 198.853

■ 55, 27.232,
196.881

■ 60, 0.971, 199.756

■ 61, 4.712, 19.770

■ 55, 29.604,
196.671

■ 62, 10.565, 20.399

■ 55, 31.296,
196.521

■ 64, 16.528, 21.008

■ 65, 22.554, 21.619

■ 54, 32.341,
196.430

■ 67, 28.604, 22.233

■ 54, 32.899,
196.381

■ 69, 34.648, 22.845

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 16.272, 197.889



47, 20.106, 22.012

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 16.272, 197.889



57, 16.272, 247.889



57, 16.272, 17.889



57, 16.272, 67.889

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 16.272, 197.885



75, 6.806, 198.940



56, 31.825, 141.882



39, 4.614, 198.868



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 16.272, 197.885



72, 23.469, 197.601



50, 15.149, 258.422



30, 3.069, 199.002



51, 31.268, 196.381



2, 2.121, 199.419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 20.106, 22.012



57, 30.594, 22.952



53, 16.652, 69.839



28, 3.246, 19.885



27, 64.130, 38.797



0, 2.121, 19.402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

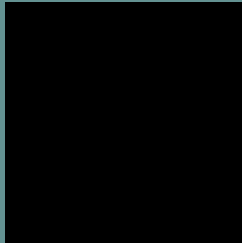
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

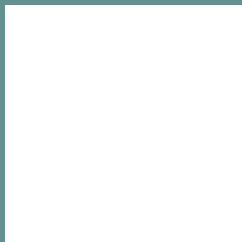
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 16.272, 197.889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889.

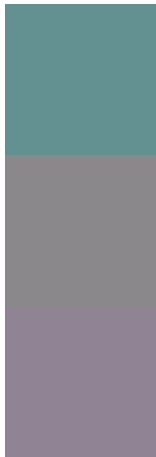


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.272, 197.889.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 16.272, 197.889

Protanopia

57, 1.896, 314.686

Deuteranopia

57, 10.290, 317.729



Tritanopia
57, 15.725, 224.225

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 16.272, 197.889

Protanomaly
57, 5.769, 210.382

Deuteranomaly
57, 6.563, 259.963

Tritanomaly
57, 15.657, 212.948

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 16.272, 197.889

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 6.475, 198.817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 16.272, 197.889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 145, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.272, 197.889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 145, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 145,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.272, 197.889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 145,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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