

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 16.575, 295.450)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 16.575, 295.450)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 16.628, 295.834)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8986A3
RGB	137, 134, 163
RGB Percent	54%, 53%, 64%
CMY	0.4636, 0.4754, 0.3617
CMYK	0.16, 0.18, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	246°, 14%, 58%
HSV	246°, 18%, 64%
XYZ	25.3627, 24.9227, 38.0137
YIQ	138.2030, -7.5210, 9.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

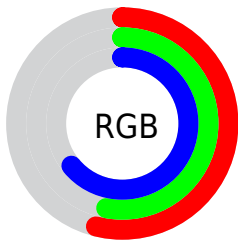
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 134, 163
Decimal	9012899
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 7.25, -14.97
CIE _{LCh}	57, 16.628, 295.834
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2872, 0.2823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287202979 (0xFF8986A3)
YUV	138.2030, 12.2249, -1.0550
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 3.3207, -10.2006

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 16.628, 295.834$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $66, 15.984, 112.826$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 16.755, 296.447$, and $37, 16.790, 296.704$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 26.485, 296.932$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 7.153, 294.887$.

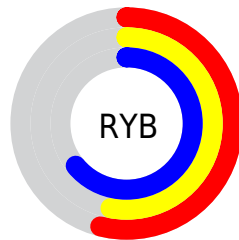
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (53%)

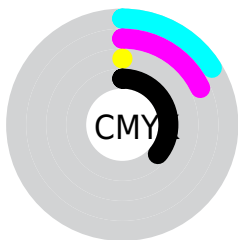
Blue (64%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (64%)

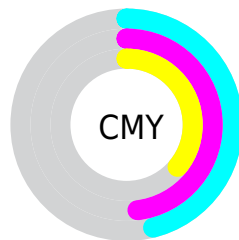


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 16.628,
295.834


 57, 16.628,
295.834


 100, 16.628,
295.834


 47, 16.628,
295.834


 77, 16.628,
295.834

 37, 16.628,
295.834

 87, 16.628,
295.834

 27, 16.628,
295.834

 97, 16.628,
295.834

 17, 16.628,
295.834

 7, 16.628, 295.834

 0, 16.628, 295.834

57, 16.628,
295.834

57, 16.628,
295.834

51, 26.485,
296.932

63, 7.153, 294.887

46, 36.738,
298.199

68, 1.957, 114.060

40, 47.364,
299.637

74, 10.728,
113.373

35, 58.263,
301.220

79, 19.183,
112.776

30, 69.156,
302.875

84, 27.344,
112.263

25, 79.431,
304.450

90, 35.231,
111.821

22, 88.003,
305.708


95, 42.862,
111.439

19, 93.864,

98, 46.037,
107.379

306.483

 98, 46.032,
106.659

 19, 95.047,
306.672

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 16.628, 295.834



66, 15.984, 112.826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 16.628, 295.834



57, 16.628, 345.834



57, 16.628, 115.834



57, 16.628, 165.834

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 16.627, 295.832



81, 5.645, 294.655



64, 9.558, 208.415



43, 3.886, 294.711



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 16.627, 295.832



70, 24.450, 296.208



58, 17.793, 313.227



32, 5.206, 295.016



16, 87.421, 306.715



0, 7.970, 293.857

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 18.415, 328.377



74, 26.911, 328.587



65, 17.467, 131.727



32, 5.838, 327.874



33, 70.209, 332.731



1, 8.849, 328.304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

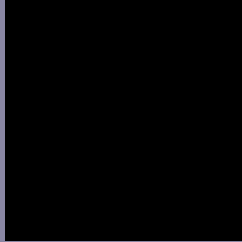
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 16.628, 295.834

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.628, 295.834.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 16.628, 295.834

Protanopia

57, 16.031, 285.647

Deuteranopia

57, 16.628, 295.834



Tritanopia
57, 6.314, 284.042

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 16.628, 295.834

Protanomaly
57, 16.560, 289.624

Deuteranomaly
57, 16.628, 295.834

Tritanomaly
57, 10.286, 291.386

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 16.628, 295.834

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 6.337, 297.819

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 16.628, 295.834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 134, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 134, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 134, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 134, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.628, 295.834 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 134, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 134, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 134, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 134, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.628, 295.834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 134, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
134, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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