

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 16.880, 155.164)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 16.880, 155.164)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 16.715, 154.948)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71907C
RGB	113, 144, 124
RGB Percent	44%, 56%, 49%
CMY	0.5568, 0.4352, 0.5136
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.14, 0.44
HSL	141°, 12%, 50%
HSV	141°, 22%, 56%
XYZ	20.4303, 24.9227, 22.8111
YIQ	132.4510, -12.0560, -12.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

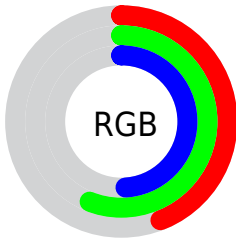
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 136, 144
Decimal	7442556
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -15.14, 7.08
CIE _{LCh}	57, 16.715, 154.948
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2997, 0.3656
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285632636 (0xFF71907C)
YUV	132.4510, -4.1663, -17.0585
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -14.3155, 7.8545

Details

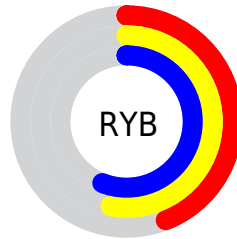
The CIELCh color $57, 16.715, 154.948$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $51, 16.918, 338.145$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 16.663, 155.710$, and $37, 17.260, 154.609$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 24.421, 154.003$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 8.935, 155.787$.

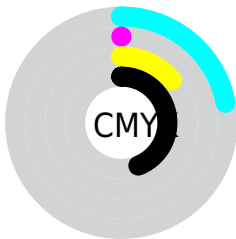
Distribution



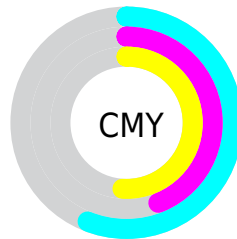
- Red (44%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 16.715,
154.948


 57, 16.715,
154.948


 100, 16.715,
154.948


 47, 16.715,
154.948


 77, 16.715,
154.948


 37, 16.715,
154.948


 87, 16.715,
154.948

 27, 16.715,
154.948

 97, 16.715,
154.948

 17, 16.715,
154.948

 7, 16.715, 154.948

 0, 16.715, 154.948

■ 57, 16.715,
154.948

■ 57, 16.715,
154.948

■ 56, 24.421,
154.003

■ 58, 8.935, 155.787

■ 60, 1.172, 156.724

■ 55, 31.937,
152.928

■ 61, 6.502, 337.093

■ 54, 39.135,
151.701

■ 63, 14.031,
337.699

■ 53, 45.881,
150.301

■ 64, 21.380,
338.232

■ 53, 52.048,
148.717

■ 66, 28.524,
338.714

■ 53, 57.532,
146.949


■ 68, 35.451,
339.153

■ 52, 62.273,
145.018

■ 70, 42.157,
339.558

■ 52, 65.821,

143.409

 72, 48.642,
339.931

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 16.715, 154.948



51, 16.918, 338.145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 16.715, 154.948



57, 16.715, 204.948



57, 16.715, 334.948



57, 16.715, 24.948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 16.716, 154.947



75, 5.719, 156.220



58, 18.022, 122.548



39, 3.825, 156.174



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 16.716, 154.947



72, 24.875, 154.489



57, 11.914, 185.378



30, 4.342, 155.975



49, 62.656, 143.544



2, 2.928, 156.595

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 16.918, 338.145



63, 25.230, 338.551



51, 13.138, 9.190



28, 4.370, 337.193



29, 56.031, 348.404



1, 2.928, 336.587

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

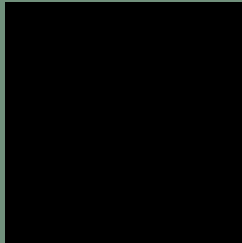
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 16.715, 154.948

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 16.715, 154.948.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

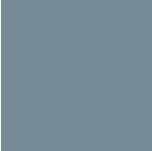
Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 16.715, 154.948

Protanopia
57, 9.533, 91.429

Deuteranopia
57, 9.083, 38.346



Tritanopia
57, 9.995, 237.913

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 16.715, 154.948

Protanomaly
57, 10.621, 124.474

Deuteranomaly
57, 5.738, 101.392

Tritanomaly
57, 9.322, 198.540

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 16.715, 154.948

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 5.935, 156.449

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 16.715, 154.948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 144, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 144, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 144, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 144, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.715, 154.948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 144, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 144, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 144, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 144, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 144, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 144,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 16.715, 154.948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 144, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
144, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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