

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 17.332, 198.808)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 17.332, 198.808)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 17.124, 199.744)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	609192
RGB	96, 145, 146
RGB Percent	38%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.6224, 0.4303, 0.4263
CMYK	0.34, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	181°, 21%, 48%
HSV	181°, 34%, 57%
XYZ	20.2314, 24.9227, 31.0529
YIQ	130.4630, -29.5250, -10.0770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

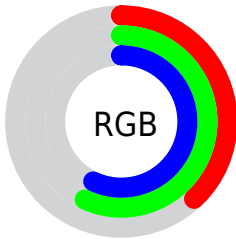
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 121, 146
Decimal	6328722
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -16.12, -5.78
CIE _{LCh}	57, 17.124, 199.744
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2655, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284518802 (0xFF609192)
YUV	130.4630, 7.6597, -30.2241
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -15.0264, -1.9337

Details

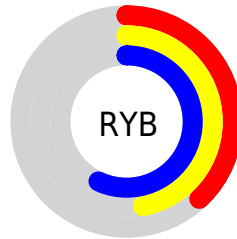
The CIELCh color $57, 17.124, 199.744$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $46, 21.616, 23.761$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 17.002, 199.985$, and $37, 17.067, 201.478$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 21.170, 199.463$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 12.574, 200.091$.

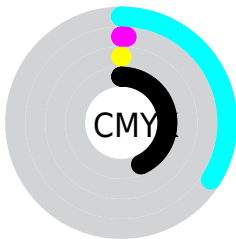
Distribution



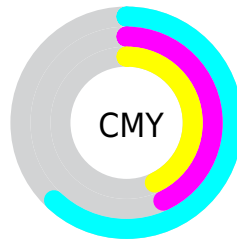
- Red (38%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 17.124,
199.744

 57, 17.124,
199.744

 100, 17.124,
199.744

 47, 17.124,
199.744


 77, 17.124,
199.744

 37, 17.124,
199.744

 87, 17.124,
199.744

 27, 17.124,
199.744

 97, 17.124,
199.744

 17, 17.124,
199.744

 7, 17.124, 199.744

 0, 17.124, 199.744

■ 57, 17.124,
199.744

■ 57, 17.124,
199.744

■ 56, 21.170,
199.463

■ 58, 12.574,
200.091

■ 56, 24.634,
199.263

■ 59, 7.604, 200.513

■ 55, 27.454,
199.150

■ 60, 2.299, 201.093

■ 61, 3.263, 21.254

■ 55, 29.595,
199.128

■ 63, 9.012, 21.856

■ 54, 31.055,
199.202

■ 64, 14.887, 22.414

■ 66, 20.841, 22.975

■ 54, 31.878,
199.369

■ 68, 26.833, 23.541

■ 54, 32.220,
199.486

■ 69, 32.832, 24.109

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 17.124, 199.744



46, 21.616, 23.761

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 17.124, 199.744



57, 17.124, 249.744



57, 17.124, 19.744



57, 17.124, 69.744

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 17.124, 199.741



76, 6.742, 200.707



56, 34.296, 142.487



40, 4.621, 200.642



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 17.124, 199.741



72, 24.715, 199.520



50, 16.979, 262.625



31, 3.096, 200.760



51, 30.837, 199.469



2, 2.772, 201.118

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 34.200, 326.791



59, 50.659, 327.177



53, 18.454, 72.990



29, 5.697, 325.447



32, 71.983, 329.021



1, 4.956, 324.973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

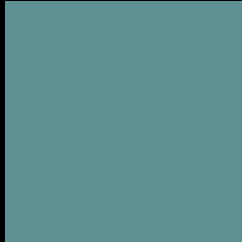
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

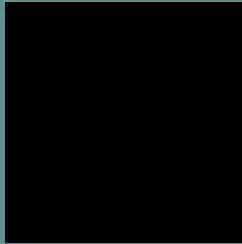
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 17.124, 199.744

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744.

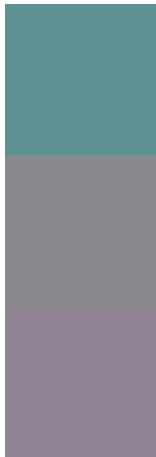


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 17.124, 199.744.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 17.124, 199.744

Protanopia

57, 2.326, 300.071

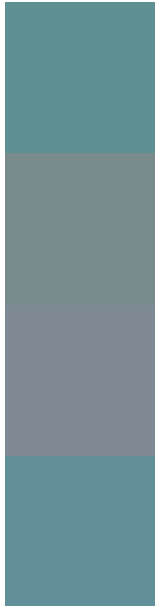
Deuteranopia

57, 10.800, 316.372



Tritanopia
57, 16.378, 220.810

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 17.124, 199.744

Protanomaly
57, 6.579, 214.013

Deuteranomaly
57, 7.226, 259.884

Tritanomaly
57, 16.317, 214.396

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 17.124, 199.744

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 6.831, 203.623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 17.124, 199.744 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 145, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 145, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 145, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 145, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 17.124, 199.744 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 145, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 145, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 145, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 145, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 145, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 145,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 17.124, 199.744 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 145, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 145,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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