

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 17.818, 209.500)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 17.818, 209.500)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 17.634, 209.139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E9197
RGB	94, 145, 151
RGB Percent	37%, 57%, 59%
CMY	0.6308, 0.4308, 0.4073
CMYK	0.38, 0.04, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	186°, 23%, 48%
HSV	186°, 38%, 59%
XYZ	20.3772, 24.9227, 33.0780
YIQ	130.4350, -32.3220, -8.9460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

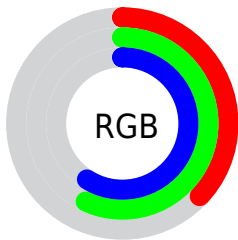
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 121, 151
Decimal	6197655
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -15.40, -8.59
CIE _{LCh}	57, 17.634, 209.139
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2600, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284387735 (0xFF5E9197)
YUV	130.4350, 10.1385, -31.9535
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -14.5054, -4.3388

Details

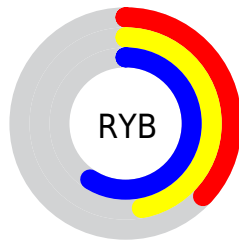
The CIELCh color **57, 17.634, 209.139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **48, 23.095, 30.825**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 17.600, 208.796**, and **37, 17.428, 209.762** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 21.268, 209.439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 13.489, 208.993**.

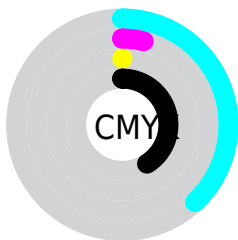
Distribution



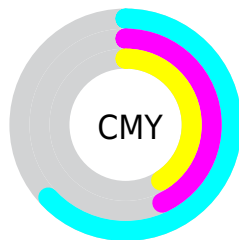
- Red (37%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 17.634,
209.139


 57, 17.634,
209.139


 100, 17.634,
209.139


 47, 17.634,
209.139


 77, 17.634,
209.139

 37, 17.634,
209.139

 87, 17.634,
209.139

 27, 17.634,
209.139

 97, 17.634,
209.139

 17, 17.634,
209.139

 7, 17.634, 209.139

 0, 17.634, 209.139

■ 57, 17.634,
209.139

■ 57, 17.634,
209.139

■ 56, 21.268,
209.439

■ 58, 13.489,
208.993

■ 55, 24.316,
209.935

■ 60, 8.914, 208.987

■ 61, 3.989, 209.129

■ 54, 26.720,
210.660

■ 63, 1.210, 28.803

■ 53, 28.450,
211.652

■ 65, 6.618, 29.331

■ 52, 29.515,
212.951

■ 66, 12.178, 29.633

■ 68, 17.843, 29.950

■ 52, 30.030,
214.549

■ 70, 23.574, 30.286

■ 51, 30.132,
214.923

■ 72, 29.342, 30.636

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 17.634, 209.139



48, 23.095, 30.825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 17.634, 209.139



57, 17.634, 259.139



57, 17.634, 29.139



57, 17.634, 79.139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 17.634, 209.136



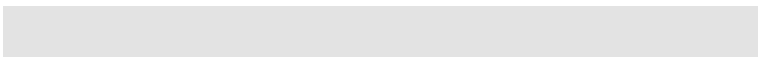
77, 6.980, 209.057



58, 36.621, 144.455



41, 4.711, 209.038



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 17.634, 209.136



71, 25.059, 209.371



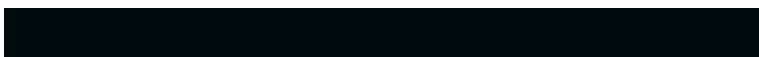
49, 21.201, 271.613



32, 2.942, 209.093



48, 28.544, 214.785



3, 3.228, 210.262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 36.479, 329.586



58, 53.316, 330.053



55, 22.110, 80.561



30, 5.526, 327.927



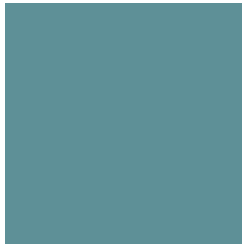
32, 68.324, 332.806



1, 5.894, 327.763

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

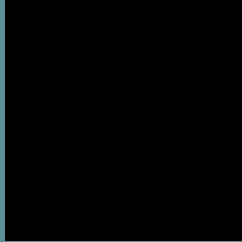
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 17.634, 209.139

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139.

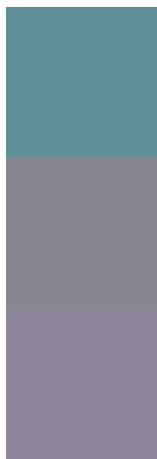


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 17.634, 209.139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


57, 17.634, 209.139

Protanopia

57, 5.737, 294.674

Deuteranopia

57, 12.424, 305.510



Tritanopia
57, 17.599, 221.111

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 17.634, 209.139

Protanomaly
57, 7.963, 234.048

Deuteranomaly
57, 10.177, 263.493

Tritanomaly
57, 17.349, 217.346

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 17.634, 209.139

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 6.868, 208.452

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 17.634, 209.139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 145, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 145, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 145, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 145, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 17.634, 209.139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 145, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 145, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 145, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 145, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 145, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 145,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 17.634, 209.139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 145, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 145,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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