

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 19.863, 356.450)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 19.863, 356.450)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 19.838, 356.432)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 19.838, 356.432)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA7D8C
RGB	170, 125, 140
RGB Percent	67%, 49%, 55%
CMY	0.3352, 0.5116, 0.4528
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.18, 0.34
HSL	340°, 21%, 58%
HSV	340°, 27%, 66%
XYZ	28.4473, 24.9227, 27.9430
YIQ	140.1650, 22.0050, 14.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

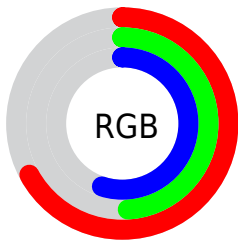
Format	Color
R _Y B	170, 125, 140
Decimal	11173260
CIE Lab	57.00, 19.80, -1.23
CIE LCh	57, 19.838, 356.432
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3498, 0.3065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289363340 (0xFFAA7D8C)
YUV	140.1650, -0.0813, 26.1653
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 14.3496, 1.7597

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 19.838, 356.432$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $66, 18.540, 171.156$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 19.736, 357.272$, and $37, 19.573, 356.864$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 27.603, 357.806$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 12.171, 355.258$.

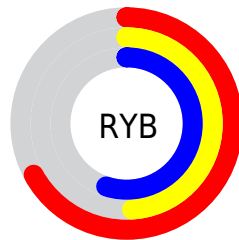
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (49%)

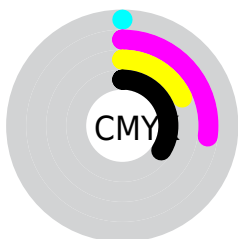
Blue (55%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (55%)

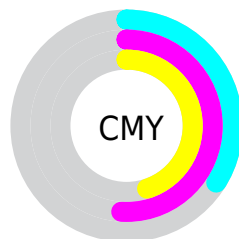


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)


Magenta (51%)

Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 19.838,
356.432


 57, 19.838,
356.432


 100, 19.838,
356.432


 47, 19.838,
356.432


 77, 19.838,
356.432

 37, 19.838,
356.432

 87, 19.838,
356.432

 27, 19.838,
356.432

 97, 19.838,
356.432

 17, 19.838,
356.432

 7, 19.838, 356.432

 0, 19.838, 356.432

57, 19.838,
356.432

57, 19.838,
356.432

53, 27.603,
357.806

62, 12.171,
355.258

49, 35.289,
359.445

66, 4.721, 354.196

71, 2.453, 173.562

45, 42.625, 1.449

76, 9.330, 172.646

42, 49.276, 3.949

81, 15.906,
171.914

39, 54.895, 7.105

37, 59.254, 11.082

86, 22.194,
171.259

36, 62.447, 15.933

91, 28.213,
170.663

36, 63.547, 17.645

94, 31.308,
173.041

■ 94, 28.715,
183.254

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 19.838, 356.432



66, 18.540, 171.156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 19.838, 356.432



57, 19.838, 46.432



57, 19.838, 176.432



57, 19.838, 226.432

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 19.836, 356.435



83, 7.156, 354.367



56, 27.926, 315.249



43, 5.092, 354.520



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 19.836, 356.435



69, 29.714, 357.235



58, 16.501, 34.210



33, 4.090, 354.486



31, 57.334, 16.956



2, 7.155, 356.868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 19.836, 356.435



69, 29.714, 357.235



64, 13.756, 214.283



33, 4.090, 354.486



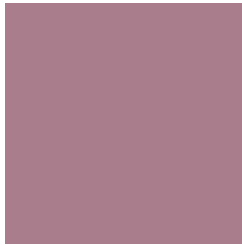
31, 57.334, 16.956



2, 7.155, 356.868

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

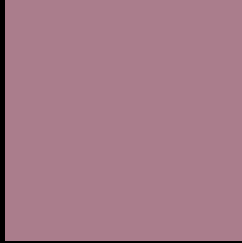
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

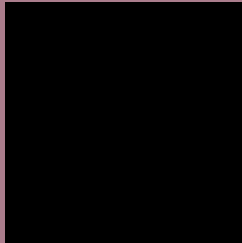
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 19.838, 356.432

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 19.838, 356.432.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 19.838, 356.432

Protanopia
57, 6.298, 294.380

Deuteranopia
57, 7.335, 357.380



Tritanopia
57, 18.654, 3.944

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 19.838, 356.432

Protanomaly
57, 9.565, 334.779

Deuteranomaly
57, 11.907, 355.324

Tritanomaly
57, 18.933, 0.624

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 19.838, 356.432

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 7.552, 353.384

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 19.838, 356.432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 125, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 125, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 125, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 125, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 19.838, 356.432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 125, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 125, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 125, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 125, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 19.838, 356.432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 125, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
125, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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