

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 2.956, 287.026)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 2.956, 287.026) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 3.429, 290.596)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	88888E
RGB	136, 136, 142
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 56%
CMY	0.4654, 0.4654, 0.4419
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	240°, 3%, 55%
HSV	240°, 4%, 56%
XYZ	23.9617, 24.9227, 29.2661
YIQ	136.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

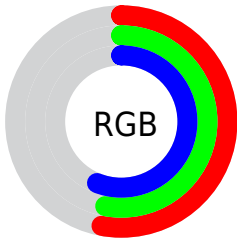
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	136, 136, 142
Decimal	8947854
CIELab	57.00, 1.21, -3.21
CIELCh	57, 3.429, 290.596
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3066, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137934 (0xFF88888E)
YUV	136.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -1.6886, 0.1883

# Details

The CIELCh color  $57, 3.429, 290.596$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $59, 3.384, 109.759$ , and the grayscale version is  $57, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77, 3.767, 290.542$ , and  $37, 3.716, 290.791$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $52, 11.766, 291.642$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $62, 4.594, 109.643$ .

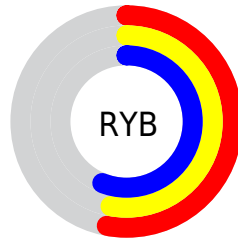
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (53%)

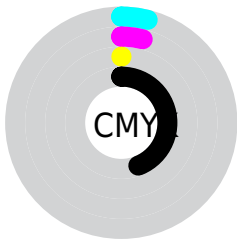
Blue (56%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (56%)

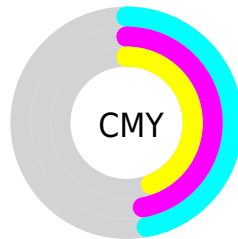


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57, 3.429, 290.596

■ 57, 3.429, 290.596

■ 100, 3.429,  
290.596

■ 47, 3.429, 290.596

■ 77, 3.429, 290.596

■ 37, 3.429, 290.596

■ 87, 3.429, 290.596

■ 27, 3.429, 290.596

■ 97, 3.429, 290.596

■ 17, 3.429, 290.596

■ 7, 3.429, 290.596

■ 0, 3.429, 290.596

■ 57, 3.429, 290.596

■ 57, 3.429, 290.596

■ 52, 11.766,  
291.642

■ 62, 4.594, 109.643

■ 67, 12.324,

47, 20.446,  
292.899

108.871

42, 29.493,  
294.370

72, 19.781,  
108.205

37, 38.916,  
296.076

77, 26.984,  
107.632

32, 48.683,  
298.011

82, 33.951,  
107.136

27, 58.648,  
300.122

87, 40.696,  
106.705

23, 68.404,  
302.266

92, 47.234,  
106.330

19, 77.098,  
304.194

96, 53.577,  
106.001

16, 83.468,  
305.590

98, 55.699,  
105.915

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 3.429, 290.596



59, 3.384, 109.759

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 3.429, 290.596



57, 3.429, 340.596



57, 3.429, 110.596



57, 3.429, 160.596

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 3.428, 290.581



75, 1.013, 290.319



59, 2.314, 197.958



40, 0.581, 290.317



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 3.428, 290.581



72, 5.066, 290.667



57, 3.621, 308.641



29, 2.766, 290.707



14, 83.471, 306.281



0, 3.084, 290.164





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 2.373, 19.443



73, 3.514, 19.529



59, 3.588, 128.329



29, 1.920, 19.565



27, 64.120, 38.785



0, 2.121, 19.376



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

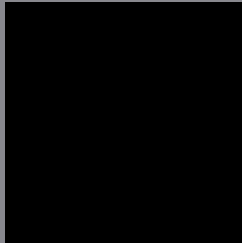
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

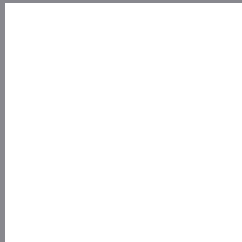
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 3.429, 290.596

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596.

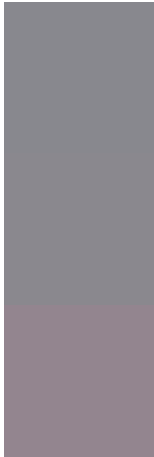


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 3.429, 290.596.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


57, 3.429, 290.596

### Protanopia

57, 3.525, 303.257

### Deuteranopia

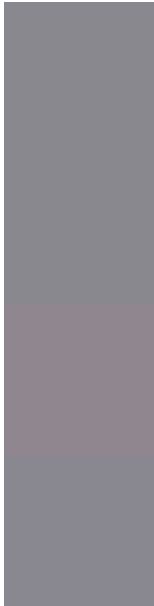
57, 7.933, 334.305



**Tritanopia**  
57, 5.729, 294.671



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57, 3.429, 290.596

## Protanomaly

57, 3.456, 297.004

## Deuteranomaly

57, 6.249, 324.744

## Tritanomaly

57, 5.160, 295.040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57, 3.429, 290.596

## Achromatopsia

57, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

57, 1.146, 290.355

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 3.429, 290.596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 136, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 136, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 136, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 136, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 3.429, 290.596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 136, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 136, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 136, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 136, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 3.429, 290.596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 136, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
136, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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