

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 20.944, 270.787)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 20.944, 270.787)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 21.109, 271.117)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 21.109, 271.117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	738AAD
RGB	115, 138, 173
RGB Percent	45%, 54%, 68%
CMY	0.5482, 0.4580, 0.3207
CMYK	0.33, 0.20, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	216°, 26%, 57%
HSV	216°, 33%, 68%
XYZ	23.7813, 24.9227, 43.2046
YIQ	135.1130, -24.9430, 6.0090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

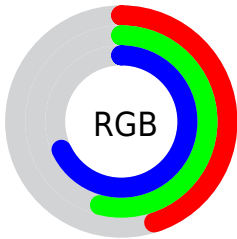
Format	Color
RYB	115, 131, 173
Decimal	7572141
CIELab	57.00, 0.41, -21.10
CIElCh	57, 21.109, 271.117
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2587, 0.2712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285762221 (0xFF738AAD)
YUV	135.1130, 18.6783, -17.6391
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -2.3337, -16.3656

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 21.109, 271.117$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $63, 21.879, 81.398$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 21.511, 271.578$, and $37, 21.522, 271.648$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 27.497, 273.348$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 14.759, 269.214$.

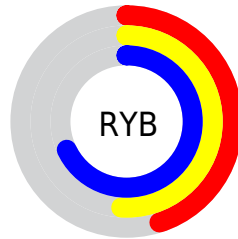
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (54%)

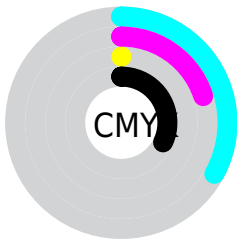
Blue (68%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (68%)

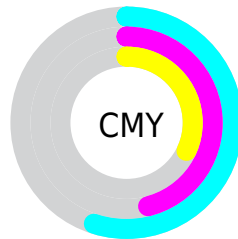


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 21.109,
271.117


 57, 21.109,
271.117


 100, 21.109,
271.117


 47, 21.109,
271.117


 77, 21.109,
271.117

 37, 21.109,
271.117

 87, 21.109,
271.117

 27, 21.109,
271.117

 97, 21.109,
271.117

 17, 21.109,
271.117

 7, 21.109, 271.117

 0, 21.109, 271.117

■ 57, 21.109,
271.117

■ 57, 21.109,
271.117

■ 53, 27.497,
273.348

■ 61, 14.759,
269.214

■ 49, 33.937,
275.953

■ 65, 8.449, 267.599

■ 69, 2.181, 266.293

■ 45, 40.455,
278.959

■ 74, 4.035, 84.912

■ 41, 47.091,
282.362

■ 78, 10.194, 83.912

■ 38, 53.886,
286.096

■ 82, 16.286, 83.017

■ 86, 22.307, 82.228

■ 34, 60.854,
290.020

■ 90, 28.252, 81.529

■ 32, 65.478,
292.465

■ 93, 31.597, 91.282

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 21.109, 271.117



63, 21.879, 81.398

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 21.109, 271.117



57, 21.109, 321.117



57, 21.109, 91.117



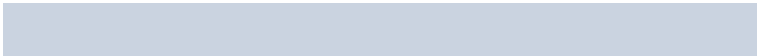
57, 21.109, 141.117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 21.108, 271.116



84, 7.725, 267.123



66, 24.799, 166.141



44, 5.265, 267.314



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 21.108, 271.116



69, 31.191, 272.689



51, 33.944, 297.543



35, 3.545, 267.004



28, 58.317, 291.988



2, 8.050, 271.914

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 26.426, 353.138



67, 39.052, 354.150



69, 31.332, 111.417



34, 4.346, 350.410



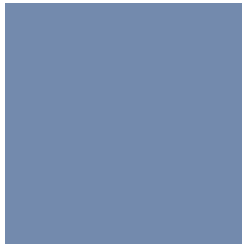
31, 57.155, 11.083



2, 8.666, 354.355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

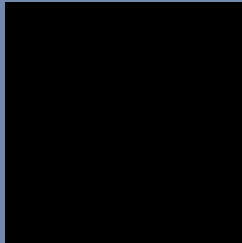
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

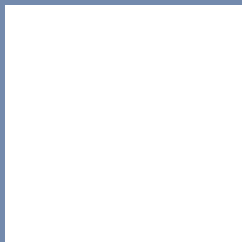
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 21.109, 271.117

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 21.109, 271.117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 21.109, 271.117

Protanopia

57, 20.632, 285.815

Deuteranopia

57, 22.856, 289.365



Tritanopia
57, 12.467, 228.917

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 21.109, 271.117

Protanomaly
57, 20.881, 280.287

Deuteranomaly
57, 21.884, 282.821

Tritanomaly
57, 14.296, 248.382

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 21.109, 271.117

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 7.939, 269.044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 21.109, 271.117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 138, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 138, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 138, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 138, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 21.109, 271.117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 138, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 138, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 138, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 138, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 138, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 138,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 21.109, 271.117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 138, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
138, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor