

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 21.652, 230.035)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 21.652, 230.035)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 21.652, 230.035)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5591A5
RGB	85, 145, 165
RGB Percent	33%, 57%, 65%
CMY	0.6664, 0.4311, 0.3527
CMYK	0.48, 0.12, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	195°, 32%, 49%
HSV	195°, 48%, 65%
XYZ	20.6840, 24.9227, 39.3479
YIQ	129.3400, -42.1800, -6.5000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

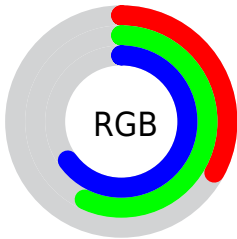
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	85, 119, 165
Decimal	5607845
CIE Lab	57.00, -13.91, -16.59
CIE LCh	57, 21.652, 230.035
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2435, 0.2934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283797925 (0xFF5591A5)
YUV	129.3400, 17.5804, -38.8862
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -13.4081, -11.7852

# Details

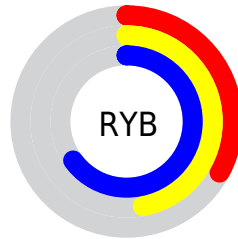
The CIELCh color **57, 21.652, 230.035** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **50, 30.371, 44.300**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 21.716, 229.754**, and **37, 21.683, 230.650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 24.892, 231.928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 17.911, 228.556**.

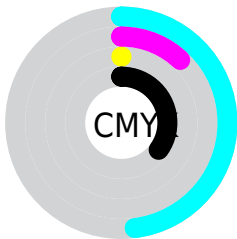
# Distribution



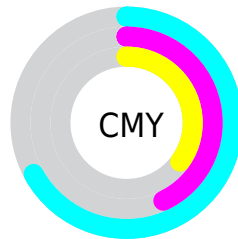
- Red (33%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57, 21.652,  
230.035


 57, 21.652,  
230.035


 100, 21.652,  
230.035


 47, 21.652,  
230.035


 77, 21.652,  
230.035

 37, 21.652,  
230.035

 87, 21.652,  
230.035

 27, 21.652,  
230.035

 97, 21.652,  
230.035

 17, 21.652,  
230.035

 7, 21.652, 230.035

 0, 21.652, 230.035

■ 57, 21.652,  
230.035

■ 57, 21.652,  
230.035

■ 55, 24.892,  
231.928

■ 59, 17.911,  
228.556

■ 53, 27.592,  
234.326

■ 61, 13.729,  
227.419

■ 52, 29.752,  
237.315

■ 63, 9.173, 226.559

■ 50, 31.419,  
240.959

■ 66, 4.311, 225.951

■ 68, 0.795, 44.772

■ 49, 32.753,  
245.173

■ 71, 6.088, 44.906

■ 48, 32.963,  
245.815

■ 73, 11.522, 44.678

■ 76, 17.058, 44.506

■ 78, 22.663, 44.390

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 21.652, 230.035



50, 30.371, 44.300

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 21.652, 230.035



57, 21.652, 280.035



57, 21.652, 50.035



57, 21.652, 100.035

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 21.651, 230.033



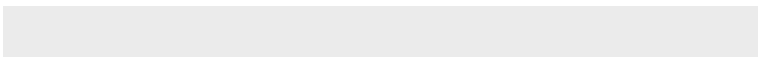
81, 9.289, 226.336



62, 44.838, 148.041



42, 6.294, 226.472



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 21.651, 230.033



70, 30.434, 232.056



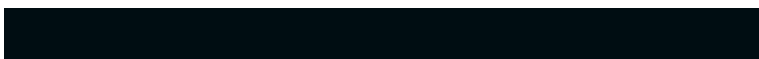
45, 35.945, 285.333



33, 2.849, 225.988



43, 29.943, 245.272



3, 4.478, 232.031





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 44.989, 335.746



57, 64.806, 336.629



61, 34.434, 91.288



32, 5.264, 332.898



32, 62.996, 341.046



1, 7.828, 334.434



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

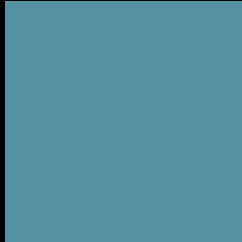
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

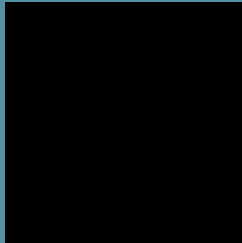
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 21.652, 230.035

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035.

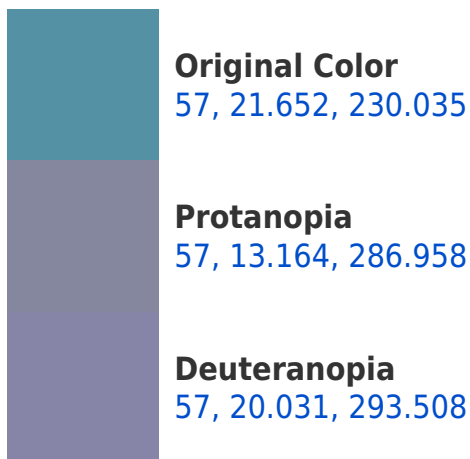


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 21.652, 230.035.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
57, 21.134, 216.763



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 21.652, 230.035

**Protanomaly**  
57, 14.828, 257.283

**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 18.334, 269.116

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 21.231, 221.756

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 21.652, 230.035

**Achromatopsia**  
54, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
55, 8.950, 225.558

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 21.652, 230.035 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 145, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 145, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 145, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 145, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 21.652, 230.035 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 145, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 145, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 145, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 145, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 145, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 145,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 21.652, 230.035 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 145, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 145,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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