

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 23.305, 120.915)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 23.305, 120.915)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 23.151, 121.212)	3
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Color

CIELCh(57, 23.151, 121.212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	818E66
RGB	129, 142, 102
RGB Percent	51%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.4946, 0.4436, 0.6005
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.28, 0.44
HSL	80°, 16%, 48%
HSV	80°, 28%, 56%
XYZ	21.0807, 24.9227, 16.2387
YIQ	133.5530, 5.0920, -15.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

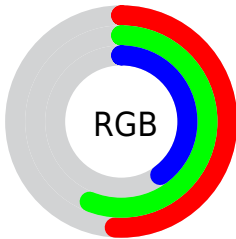
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 142, 115
Decimal	8490598
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -12.00, 19.80
CIE _{LCh}	57, 23.151, 121.212
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3387, 0.4004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286680678 (0xFF818E66)
YUV	133.5530, -15.5556, -3.9930
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -11.9897, 15.6602

Details

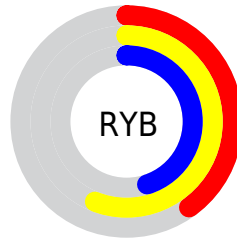
The CIELCh color $57, 23.151, 121.212$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $46, 24.399, 304.486$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 23.503, 121.548$, and $37, 23.109, 121.717$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 31.170, 120.675$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 14.987, 121.767$.

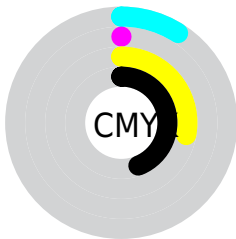
Distribution



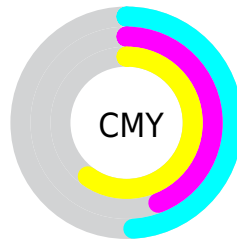
- Red (51%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 23.151,
121.212


 57, 23.151,
121.212


 100, 23.151,
121.212


 47, 23.151,
121.212


 77, 23.151,
121.212


 37, 23.151,
121.212

 87, 23.151,
121.212

 27, 23.151,
121.212

 97, 23.151,
121.212

 17, 23.151,
121.212

 7, 23.151, 121.212

 0, 23.151, 121.212

■ 57, 23.151,
121.212

■ 57, 23.151,
121.212

■ 56, 31.170,
120.675

■ 58, 14.987,
121.767

■ 56, 38.924,
120.181

■ 58, 6.752, 122.315

■ 55, 46.248,
119.778

■ 59, 1.500, 302.805

■ 60, 9.729, 303.328

■ 55, 52.902,
119.535

■ 61, 17.908,
303.799

■ 55, 58.567,
119.544

■ 62, 26.017,
304.235

■ 54, 62.898,
119.910

■ 63, 34.041,
304.639

■ 54, 65.908,
120.628

■ 64, 41.968,
305.010

■ 54, 66.436,

120.752

■ 65, 49.791,
305.351

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 23.151, 121.212



46, 24.399, 304.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 23.151, 121.212



57, 23.151, 171.212



57, 23.151, 301.212



57, 23.151, 351.212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 23.152, 121.214



74, 8.139, 122.317



51, 14.080, 51.757



38, 5.764, 122.242



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 23.152, 121.214



72, 34.335, 120.860



56, 26.362, 137.860



30, 4.679, 122.261



51, 64.104, 120.685



2, 3.170, 122.740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 24.399, 304.486



55, 36.692, 304.972



48, 26.662, 320.531



28, 4.761, 303.241



17, 80.411, 308.916



0, 3.170, 302.739

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

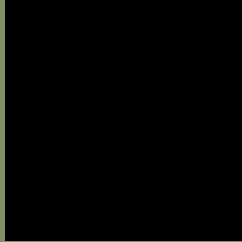
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 23.151, 121.212

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 23.151, 121.212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 23.151, 121.212

Protanopia
57, 20.928, 94.531

Deuteranopia
57, 20.369, 68.353



Tritanopia
57, 6.287, 287.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 23.151, 121.212

Protanomaly
57, 20.883, 105.314

Deuteranomaly
57, 19.156, 89.560

Tritanomaly
57, 4.464, 136.009

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 23.151, 121.212

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 8.243, 123.419

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 23.151, 121.212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 142, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 142, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 142, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 142, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 23.151, 121.212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 142, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 142, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 142, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 142, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 142, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 142,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 23.151, 121.212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 142, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
142, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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