

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 24.833, 321.549)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 24.833, 321.549)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 24.961, 321.879)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F7EA4
RGB	159, 126, 164
RGB Percent	62%, 49%, 64%
CMY	0.3770, 0.5064, 0.3574
CMYK	0.03, 0.23, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	292°, 17%, 57%
HSV	292°, 23%, 64%
XYZ	28.4058, 24.9227, 38.3734
YIQ	140.1990, 7.4700, 18.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

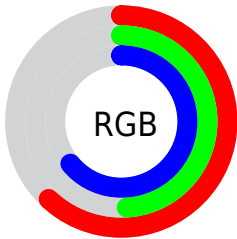
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 126, 164
Decimal	10452644
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 19.64, -15.41
CIE _{LCh}	57, 24.961, 321.879
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3098, 0.2718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288642724 (0xFF9F7EA4)
YUV	140.1990, 11.7339, 16.4885
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 14.2014, -10.6279

Details

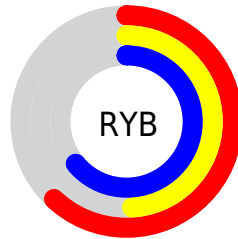
The CIELCh color $57, 24.961, 321.879$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $64, 24.792, 139.573$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 24.896, 321.862$, and $37, 24.594, 321.859$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 35.751, 322.331$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 14.121, 321.410$.

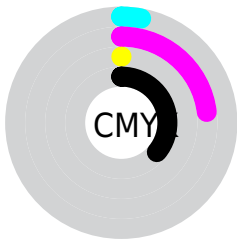
Distribution



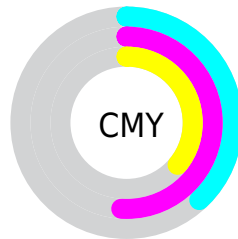
- Red (62%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 24.961,
321.879

■ 57, 24.961,
321.879

■ 100, 24.961,
321.879

■ 47, 24.961,
321.879

■ 77, 24.961,
321.879

■ 37, 24.961,
321.879

■ 87, 24.961,
321.879

■ 27, 24.961,
321.879

■ 97, 24.961,
321.879

■ 17, 24.961,
321.879

■ 7, 24.961, 321.879

■ 0, 24.961, 321.879

57, 24.961,
321.879

57, 24.961,
321.879

53, 35.751,
322.331

61, 14.121,
321.410

49, 46.276,
322.750

66, 3.387, 320.904

70, 7.149, 140.539

45, 56.227,
323.113

75, 17.431,
140.091

42, 65.211,
323.389

80, 27.430,
139.678

39, 72.781,
323.547

84, 37.136,
139.293

37, 78.515,
323.556


89, 46.549,
138.935

36, 82.149,
323.392

93, 54.542,
138.571

35, 83.833,

323.217

 93, 54.139,
137.957

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 24.961, 321.879



64, 24.792, 139.573

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 24.961, 321.879



57, 24.961, 11.879



57, 24.961, 141.879



57, 24.961, 191.879

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 24.959, 321.879



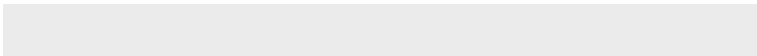
82, 9.283, 321.118



55, 18.943, 287.019



43, 6.024, 321.145



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 24.959, 321.879



70, 37.526, 322.124



57, 20.098, 338.845



32, 6.022, 321.222



31, 76.764, 323.265



1, 9.208, 319.761

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 15.760, 10.839



70, 24.020, 11.524



64, 19.823, 155.282



32, 3.678, 9.322



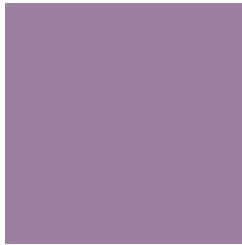
30, 63.279, 33.081



1, 5.558, 9.591

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

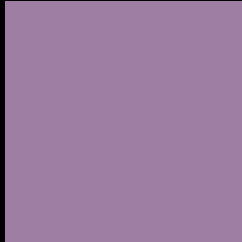
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

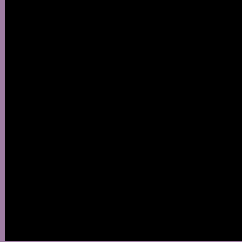
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 24.961, 321.879

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 24.961, 321.879.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 24.961, 321.879

Protanopia

57, 20.042, 285.518

Deuteranopia

57, 16.092, 297.208



Tritanopia
57, 11.437, 350.870

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 24.961, 321.879

Protanomaly
57, 20.841, 300.417

Deuteranomaly
57, 19.183, 308.900

Tritanomaly
57, 15.495, 333.802

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 24.961, 321.879

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 9.256, 320.896

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 24.961, 321.879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 126, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 126, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 126, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 126, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 24.961, 321.879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 126, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 126, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 126, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 126, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 126, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 126,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 24.961, 321.879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 126, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
126, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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