

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 24.895, 223.287)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 24.895, 223.287)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 24.919, 223.609)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4693A6
RGB	70, 147, 166
RGB Percent	27%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.7255, 0.4235, 0.3490
CMYK	0.58, 0.11, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	192°, 41%, 46%
HSV	192°, 58%, 65%
XYZ	19.8425, 24.9227, 39.8409
YIQ	126.1430, -51.9910, -10.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

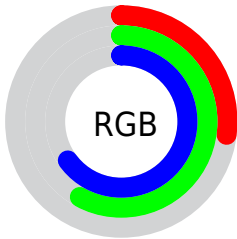
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	70, 113, 166
Decimal	4625318
CIELab	57.00, -18.04, -17.19
CIELCh	57, 24.919, 223.609
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2345, 0.2946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282815398 (0xFF4693A6)
YUV	126.1430, 19.6495, -49.2374
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -16.4172, -12.3708

# Details

The CIELCh color **57, 24.919, 223.609** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **47, 38.807, 40.106**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 24.790, 223.836**, and **37, 24.059, 224.935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 27.490, 225.411**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 21.732, 222.221**.

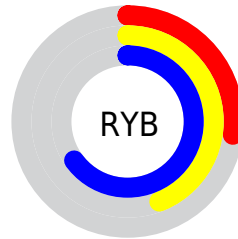
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (58%)

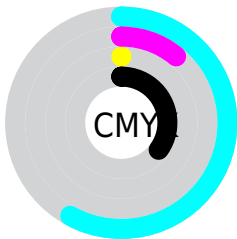
Blue (65%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (65%)

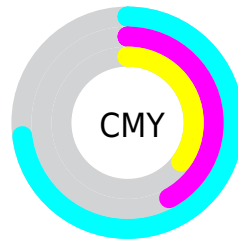


Cyan (58%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 57, 24.919,  
223.609

 57, 24.919,  
223.609

 100, 24.919,  
223.609


 47, 24.919,  
223.609

 77, 24.919,  
223.609

 37, 24.919,  
223.609

 87, 24.919,  
223.609

 27, 24.919,  
223.609

 97, 24.919,  
223.609

 17, 24.919,  
223.609

 7, 24.919, 223.609

 0, 24.919, 223.609

57, 24.919,  
223.609

57, 24.919,  
223.609

55, 27.490,  
225.411

59, 21.732,  
222.221

54, 29.429,  
227.712

60, 17.983,  
221.177

53, 30.763,  
230.584

62, 13.743,  
220.410

52, 31.626,  
234.013

64, 9.089, 219.872

51, 31.806,  
234.769

66, 4.098, 219.552

69, 1.160, 38.780

71, 6.623, 38.973

73, 12.239, 38.944

76, 17.965, 38.956



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 24.919, 223.609



47, 38.807, 40.106

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 24.919, 223.609



57, 24.919, 273.609



57, 24.919, 43.609



57, 24.919, 93.609

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 24.918, 223.608



82, 10.785, 219.850



61, 55.622, 144.620



43, 7.231, 219.935



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 24.918, 223.608



71, 34.184, 225.927



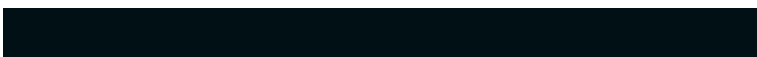
43, 39.806, 283.368



35, 2.985, 219.581



46, 29.198, 234.364



4, 5.434, 226.492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 54.556, 334.282



54, 76.940, 335.226



58, 39.256, 84.878



33, 5.604, 330.992



33, 66.201, 337.823



2, 9.729, 332.666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

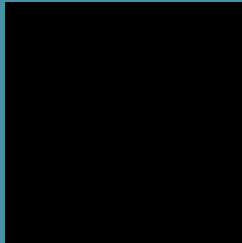
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 57, 24.919, 223.609**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609.

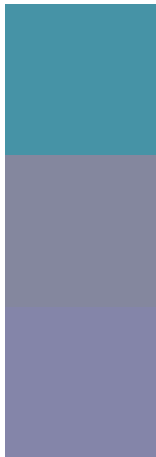


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 24.919, 223.609.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57, 24.919, 223.609

### Protanopia

57, 13.164, 286.958

### Deuteranopia

57, 20.590, 291.592





**Tritanopia**  
57, 24.904, 213.461

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 24.919, 223.609

**Protanomaly**  
56, 15.929, 251.319

**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 19.345, 262.015

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 24.812, 216.370

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 24.919, 223.609

**Achromatopsia**  
53, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
54, 10.840, 220.475

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 24.919, 223.609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 147, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 147, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 147, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 147, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 24.919, 223.609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 147, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 147, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 147, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 147, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 147, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 147,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 24.919, 223.609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 147, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 147,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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