

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 26.706, 141.800)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 26.706, 141.800)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 26.676, 141.438)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D926B
RGB	109, 146, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 57%, 42%
CMY	0.5720, 0.4269, 0.5799
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.27, 0.43
HSL	117°, 15%, 50%
HSV	117°, 27%, 57%
XYZ	19.2827, 24.9227, 17.7392
YIQ	130.4910, -9.5330, -19.9730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

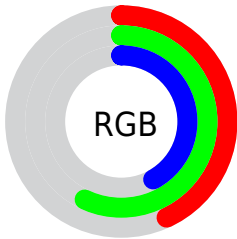
Format	Color
RYB	107, 146, 144
Decimal	7180907
CIELab	57.00, -20.86, 16.63
CIELCh	57, 26.676, 141.438
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3113, 0.4023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285370987 (0xFF6D926B)
YUV	130.4910, -11.5811, -18.8476
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -18.4187, 13.8780

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 26.676, 141.438$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $50, 26.752, 324.385$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 26.472, 141.910$, and $37, 26.704, 141.240$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 36.550, 140.648$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 16.657, 142.132$.

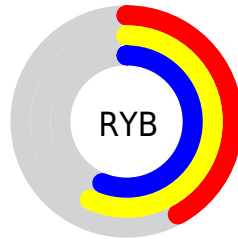
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (57%)

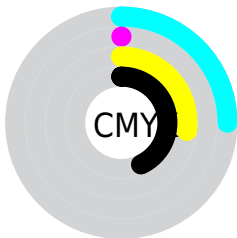
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (56%)

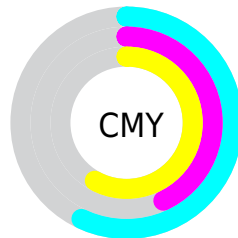


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 26.676,
141.438

 57, 26.676,
141.438


 100, 26.676,
141.438

 47, 26.676,
141.438

 77, 26.676,
141.438

 37, 26.676,
141.438

 87, 26.676,
141.438

 27, 26.676,
141.438

 97, 26.676,
141.438

 17, 26.676,
141.438

 7, 26.676, 141.438

 0, 26.676, 141.438

■ 57, 26.676,
141.438

■ 57, 26.676,
141.438

■ 56, 36.550,
140.648

■ 58, 16.657,
142.132

■ 55, 46.076,
139.765

■ 60, 6.640, 142.744

■ 54, 55.001,
138.815

■ 61, 3.264, 323.162

■ 63, 12.979,
323.640

■ 54, 63.008,
137.853

■ 65, 22.452,
324.014

■ 53, 69.721,
136.976

■ 66, 31.656,
324.329

■ 53, 74.749,
136.310


■ 68, 40.573,
324.596

■ 53, 77.923,
135.910

■ 70, 49.202,
324.824

■ 53, 78.796,

135.734

 72, 57.545,
325.018

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 26.676, 141.438



50, 26.752, 324.385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 26.676, 141.438



57, 26.676, 191.438



57, 26.676, 321.438



57, 26.676, 11.438

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 26.677, 141.438



76, 9.895, 142.656



59, 20.429, 104.697



40, 7.095, 142.573



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 26.677, 141.438



72, 39.774, 140.977



57, 19.725, 157.981



31, 5.670, 142.595



50, 75.436, 135.713



2, 4.941, 143.065

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 26.752, 324.385



62, 39.883, 324.674



50, 20.178, 342.403



29, 5.684, 323.502



31, 73.281, 326.267



1, 4.941, 323.060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

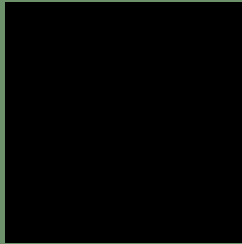
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 26.676, 141.438

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 26.676, 141.438.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 26.676, 141.438

Protanopia
57, 19.183, 94.940

Deuteranopia
57, 16.788, 65.038



Tritanopia
57, 10.584, 239.329

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 26.676, 141.438

Protanomaly
57, 19.957, 116.336

Deuteranomaly
57, 15.906, 103.701

Tritanomaly
57, 11.178, 180.441

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 26.676, 141.438

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 10.283, 142.085

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 26.676, 141.438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 146, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 146, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 146, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 146, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 26.676, 141.438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 146, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 146, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 146, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 146, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 146, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 146,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 26.676, 141.438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 146, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
146, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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