

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 26.922, 234.357)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 26.922, 234.357)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 26.927, 234.545)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 26.927, 234.545)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4392AE
RGB	67, 146, 174
RGB Percent	26%, 57%, 68%
CMY	0.7359, 0.4263, 0.3164
CMYK	0.61, 0.16, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	196°, 44%, 47%
HSV	196°, 61%, 68%
XYZ	20.3328, 24.9227, 43.9398
YIQ	125.5710, -56.0720, -8.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

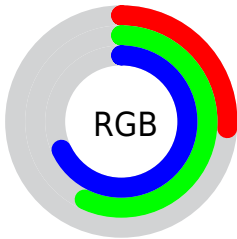
Format	Color
R _Y B	67, 112, 174
Decimal	4428462
CIE Lab	57.00, -15.62, -21.93
CIE LCh	57, 26.927, 234.545
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2280, 0.2794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282618542 (0xFF4392AE)
YUV	125.5710, 23.8755, -51.3668
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -14.6638, -17.2388

Details

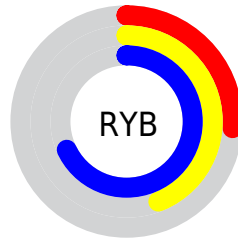
The CIELCh color **57, 26.927, 234.545** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **49, 41.990, 45.566**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 27.004, 235.062**, and **37, 25.663, 238.513** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 29.636, 237.253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 23.666, 232.386**.

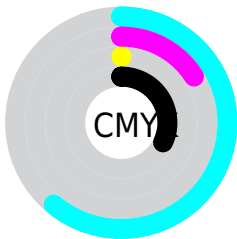
Distribution



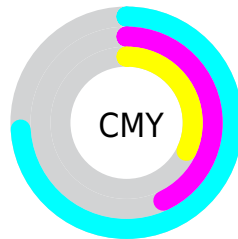
- Red (26%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 26.927,
234.545


 57, 26.927,
234.545


 100, 26.927,
234.545


 47, 26.927,
234.545


 77, 26.927,
234.545

 37, 26.927,
234.545

 87, 26.927,
234.545

 27, 26.927,
234.545

 97, 26.927,
234.545

 17, 26.927,
234.545

 7, 26.927, 234.545

 0, 26.927, 234.545

57, 26.927,
234.545

57, 26.927,
234.545

55, 29.636,
237.253

59, 23.666,
232.386

53, 31.812,
240.595

61, 19.883,
230.689

52, 33.530,
244.614

63, 15.630,
229.369

50, 34.831,
248.453

66, 10.976,
228.356

68, 5.989, 227.605

71, 0.736, 227.568

73, 4.725, 46.374

76, 10.342, 46.091

79, 16.074, 45.860

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 26.927, 234.545



49, 41.990, 45.566

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 26.927, 234.545



57, 26.927, 284.545



57, 26.927, 54.545



57, 26.927, 104.545

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 26.926, 234.544



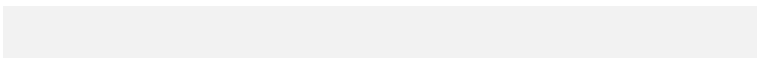
85, 11.558, 228.101



64, 58.004, 146.281



44, 8.033, 228.341



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 26.926, 234.544



70, 37.214, 238.490



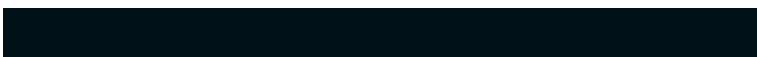
42, 48.510, 288.703



35, 2.986, 227.484



44, 31.139, 247.833



4, 6.397, 237.367

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 57.033, 337.404



55, 79.778, 338.806



62, 45.231, 89.549



34, 5.488, 333.359



33, 64.047, 341.882



2, 10.834, 336.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 26.927, 234.545

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545.

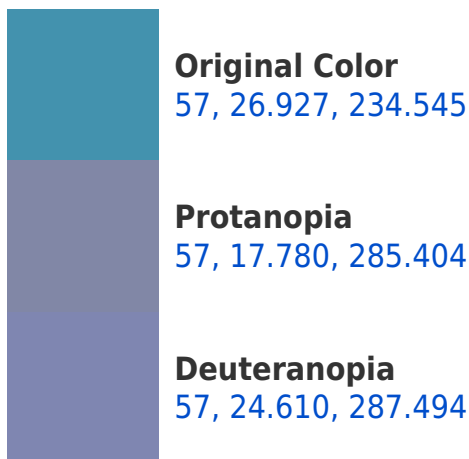



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 26.927, 234.545.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
57, 26.450, 212.362

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 26.927, 234.545

Protanomaly
57, 19.763, 259.596

Deuteranomaly
56, 23.723, 266.064

Tritanomaly
57, 26.265, 220.652

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 26.927, 234.545

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 11.705, 231.605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 26.927, 234.545 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 146, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 146, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 146, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 146, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 26.927, 234.545 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 146, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 146, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 146, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 146, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 146, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 146,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 26.927, 234.545 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 146, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 146,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor