

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 28.393, 215.777)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 28.393, 215.777)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 28.365, 216.126)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 28.365, 216.126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3295A5
RGB	50, 149, 165
RGB Percent	20%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.8034, 0.4153, 0.3526
CMYK	0.70, 0.10, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	188°, 53%, 42%
HSV	188°, 70%, 65%
XYZ	18.8814, 24.9227, 39.4541
YIQ	121.2230, -64.1400, -16.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

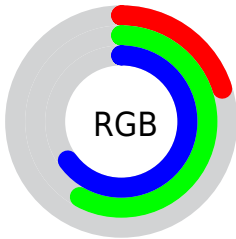
Format	Color
RYB	50, 103, 165
Decimal	3315109
CIELab	57.00, -22.91, -16.72
CIELCh	57, 28.365, 216.126
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2268, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281505189 (0xFF3295A5)
YUV	121.2230, 21.5821, -62.4626
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -19.8534, -11.9113

Details

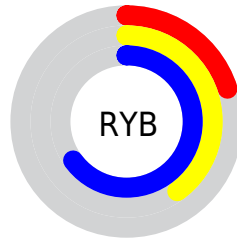
The CIELCh color **57, 28.365, 216.126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **41, 50.060, 37.250**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 28.248, 216.643**, and **38, 24.086, 219.765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 30.044, 217.677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 25.981, 214.941**.

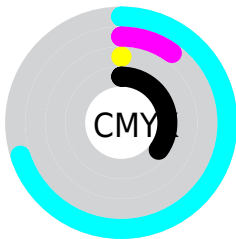
Distribution



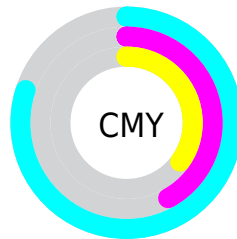
- Red (20%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 28.365,
216.126


 57, 28.365,
216.126


 100, 28.365,
216.126


 47, 28.365,
216.126


 77, 28.365,
216.126

 37, 28.365,
216.126

 87, 28.365,
216.126

 27, 28.365,
216.126

 97, 28.365,
216.126

 17, 28.365,
216.126

 7, 28.365, 216.126

 0, 28.365, 216.126

■ 57, 28.365,
216.126

■ 57, 28.365,
216.126

■ 56, 30.044,
217.677

■ 58, 25.981,
214.941

■ 55, 31.048,
219.653

■ 59, 22.917,
214.069

■ 54, 31.555,
222.002

■ 61, 19.226,
213.455

■ 54, 31.572,
222.088

■ 63, 14.985,
213.054

■ 64, 10.278,
212.830

■ 66, 5.191, 212.770

■ 68, 0.198, 30.255

■ 70, 5.819, 32.677

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 28.365, 216.126



41, 50.060, 37.250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 28.365, 216.126



57, 28.365, 266.126



57, 28.365, 36.126



57, 28.365, 86.126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 28.364, 216.125



81, 13.510, 212.857



60, 67.014, 141.517



42, 9.049, 212.907



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 28.364, 216.125



71, 37.284, 218.788



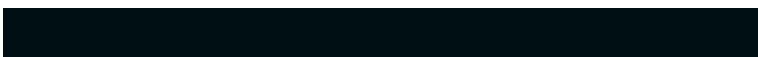
40, 44.832, 283.308



34, 3.021, 212.772



48, 28.771, 221.778



4, 4.694, 216.853

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 64.938, 332.688



51, 87.780, 333.666



54, 45.647, 78.866



32, 5.694, 329.004



33, 68.314, 334.536



1, 8.579, 329.733

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

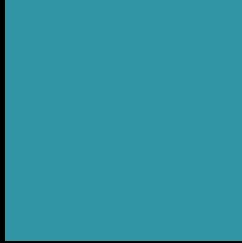
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

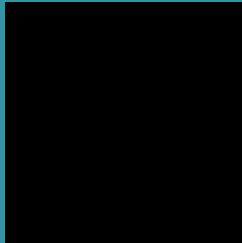
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 28.365, 216.126

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 28.365, 216.126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


57, 28.365, 216.126

Protanopia

57, 12.028, 286.344

Deuteranopia

57, 20.590, 291.592



Tritanopia
57, 28.748, 210.936

Trichromacy



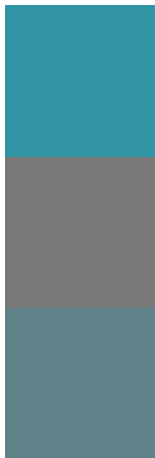
Original Color
57, 28.365, 216.126

Protanomaly
56, 16.508, 239.971

Deuteranomaly
56, 20.106, 254.835

Tritanomaly
57, 28.609, 212.231

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 28.365, 216.126

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 13.248, 213.524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 28.365, 216.126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 149, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 149, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 149, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 149, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 28.365, 216.126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 149, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 149, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 149, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 149, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 149, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 149,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 28.365, 216.126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 149, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 149,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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