

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 32.520, 213.280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 32.520, 213.280)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 32.520, 213.280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0397A7
RGB	3, 151, 167
RGB Percent	1%, 59%, 65%
CMY	0.9890, 0.4080, 0.3453
CMYK	0.98, 0.10, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	186°, 97%, 33%
HSV	186°, 98%, 65%
XYZ	18.0634, 24.9227, 40.3926
YIQ	108.5720, -93.3440, -26.4000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

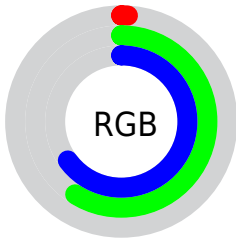
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	3, 81, 167
Decimal	235431
CIE Lab	57.00, -27.19, -17.84
CIE LCh	57, 32.520, 213.280
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2166, 0.2989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278425511 (0xFF0397A7)
YUV	108.5720, 28.8050, -92.5866
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -22.7783, -13.0260

# Details

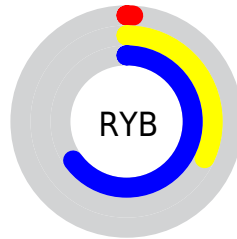
The CIELCh color **57, 32.520, 213.280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **35, 73.561, 40.769**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 32.606, 212.711**, and **38, 24.412, 219.351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 32.585, 213.540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 32.046, 211.769**.

# Distribution



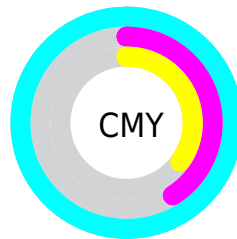
- Red (1%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57, 32.520,  
213.280


 57, 32.520,  
213.280


 100, 32.520,  
213.280


 47, 32.520,  
213.280

 77, 32.520,  
213.280

 37, 32.520,  
213.280

 87, 32.520,  
213.280

 27, 32.520,  
213.280

 97, 32.520,  
213.280

 17, 32.520,  
213.280

 7, 32.520, 213.280

 0, 32.520, 213.280

■ 57, 32.520,  
213.280

■ 57, 32.520,  
213.280

■ 57, 32.585,  
213.540

■ 58, 32.046,  
211.769

■ 58, 30.976,  
210.544

■ 59, 29.179,  
209.612

■ 60, 26.639,  
208.938

■ 61, 23.385,  
208.485

■ 63, 19.479,  
208.220

■ 64, 15.000,  
208.111

■ 65, 10.040,

208.136

■ 67, 4.689, 208.301

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 32.520, 213.280



35, 73.561, 40.769

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 32.520, 213.280



57, 32.520, 263.280



57, 32.520, 33.280



57, 32.520, 83.280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 32.519, 213.279



81, 18.912, 208.117



60, 85.119, 136.897



42, 12.868, 208.151



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 32.519, 213.279



72, 39.526, 213.891



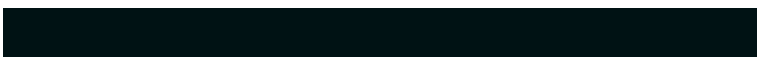
33, 60.135, 290.270



35, 3.203, 208.276



51, 29.833, 213.349



4, 5.821, 212.042



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 77.751, 332.424



50, 94.623, 332.587



48, 59.781, 68.525



33, 6.014, 327.696



34, 71.420, 332.454



2, 10.646, 328.295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

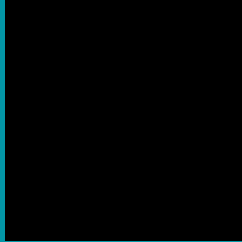
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 32.520, 213.280

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280.

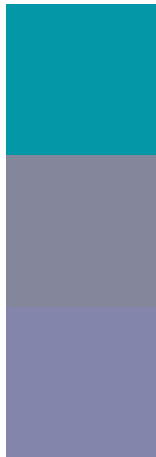


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 32.520, 213.280.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57, 32.520, 213.280

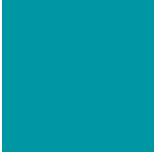
### Protanopia

57, 12.028, 286.344

### Deuteranopia

57, 21.731, 290.864



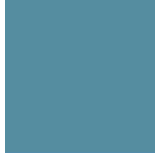


**Tritanopia**  
57, 32.677, 209.978

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 32.520, 213.280



**Protanomaly**  
56, 20.568, 230.249



**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 23.692, 245.263



**Tritanomaly**  
57, 32.613, 211.075

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 32.520, 213.280



**Achromatopsia**  
46, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
49, 18.468, 206.807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 32.520, 213.280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 151, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 151, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 151, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 151, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 32.520, 213.280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 151, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 151, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 151, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 151, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 151, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 151,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 32.520, 213.280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 151, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 151,  
167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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