

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 34.972, 143.018)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 34.972, 143.018)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 35.011, 142.998)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	619563
RGB	97, 149, 99
RGB Percent	38%, 58%, 39%
CMY	0.6197, 0.4158, 0.6119
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.34, 0.42
HSL	122°, 21%, 48%
HSV	122°, 35%, 58%
XYZ	17.9179, 24.9227, 15.6618
YIQ	127.7520, -14.9420, -26.5740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

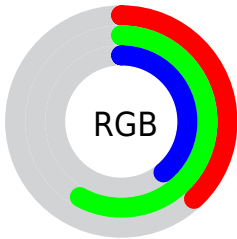
Format	Color
R _Y B	97, 147, 149
Decimal	6395235
CIE Lab	57.00, -27.96, 21.07
CIE LCh	57, 35.011, 142.998
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3063, 0.4260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284585315 (0xFF619563)
YUV	127.7520, -14.1747, -26.9695
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -23.2983, 16.3453

Details

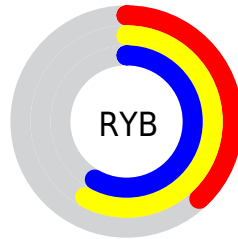
The CIELCh color **57, 35.011, 142.998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **48, 34.990, 327.366**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 34.893, 143.130**, and **37, 35.011, 143.123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 44.652, 142.020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 25.049, 143.855**.

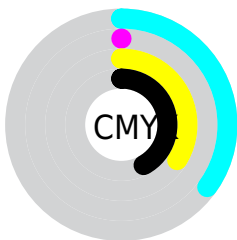
Distribution



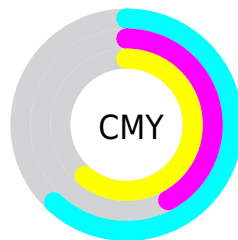
- Red (38%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 35.011,
142.998

 57, 35.011,
142.998

 100, 35.011,
142.998

 47, 35.011,
142.998


 77, 35.011,
142.998

 37, 35.011,
142.998

 87, 35.011,
142.998

 27, 35.011,
142.998

 97, 35.011,
142.998

 17, 35.011,
142.998

 7, 35.011, 142.998

 0, 35.011, 142.998

■ 57, 35.011,
142.998

■ 57, 35.011,
142.998

■ 56, 44.652,
142.020

■ 58, 25.049,
143.855

■ 55, 53.725,
140.928

■ 59, 14.958,
144.597

■ 55, 61.941,
139.757

■ 61, 4.890, 145.255

■ 54, 68.969,
138.578

■ 63, 5.043, 325.705

■ 54, 74.459,
137.501

■ 64, 14.764,
326.189

■ 54, 78.132,
136.666

■ 66, 24.225,
326.585

■ 53, 79.434,
136.420

■ 68, 33.395,
326.921

■ 70, 42.263,
327.208

■ 72, 50.827,
327.456

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 35.011, 142.998



48, 34.990, 327.366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 35.011, 142.998



57, 35.011, 192.998



57, 35.011, 322.998



57, 35.011, 12.998

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 35.012, 142.998



76, 12.402, 144.912



60, 28.767, 108.387



40, 8.443, 144.829



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 35.012, 142.998



72, 51.873, 142.231



58, 24.065, 162.190



31, 5.616, 144.977



50, 74.940, 136.459



2, 4.892, 145.487

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 34.990, 327.366



59, 51.738, 327.774



47, 25.275, 348.868



29, 5.626, 325.961



32, 70.967, 329.784



1, 4.893, 325.482

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

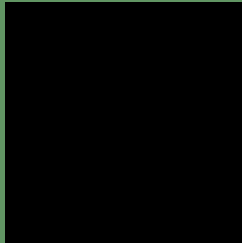
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 35.011, 142.998

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 35.011, 142.998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 35.011, 142.998

Protanopia
57, 24.200, 95.793

Deuteranopia
57, 20.537, 70.164



Tritanopia
57, 13.812, 228.339

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 35.011, 142.998

Protanomaly
57, 25.766, 118.649

Deuteranomaly
57, 20.320, 108.941

Tritanomaly
57, 16.911, 175.934

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 35.011, 142.998

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 13.351, 143.634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 35.011, 142.998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 149, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 149, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 149, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 149, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 35.011, 142.998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 149, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 149, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 149, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 149, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 149, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 149,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 35.011, 142.998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 149, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 149,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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